

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.5993, -9.4509,  
2.1466)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(73.5993, -9.4509, 2.1466)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(73.5994, -9.4514,  
2.1473)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4C6C6
RGB	180, 198, 198
RGB Percent	71%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2235, 0.2235
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	180°, 14%, 74%
HSV	180°, 9%, 78%
XYZ	49.2096, 54.1687, 61.2881
YIQ	192.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

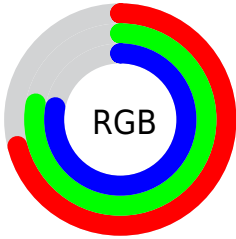
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	180, 189, 198
Decimal	11847366
CIE Lab	78.56, -6.10, -2.10
CIE LCh	79, 6.449, 198.982
Yxy	54.1710, 0.2988, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290037446 (0xFFB4C6C6)
YUV	192.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660
Hunter-Lab	73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473

# Details

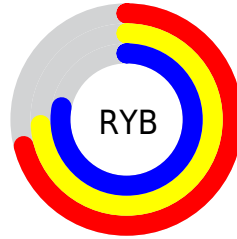
The HunterLab color  $73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $69.2424, 2.1788, 5.7291$ , and the grayscale version is  $72.8579, -3.8875, 3.9585$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.2715, -11.4019, 3.2753$ , and  $51.4511, -7.6096, 1.1651$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72.0845, -14.9007, 0.2148$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $75.3125, -3.4421, 4.2849$ .

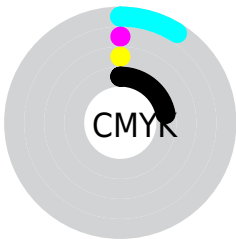
# Distribution



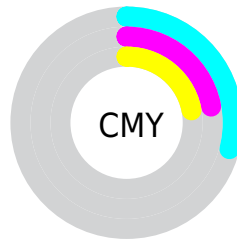
- Red (71%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.5994, -9.4514,  
2.1473

■ 73.5994, -9.4514,  
2.1473

200.6892,  
-18.4899, 8.3447

■ 62.2402, -8.5367,  
1.6284

■ 98.1454, -11.3357,  
3.3020

■ 51.5328, -7.6358,  
1.1497

111.2725,  
-12.3036, 3.9312

■ 41.5214, -6.7484,  
0.7159

124.9377,  
-13.2894, 4.5929

■ 32.2582, -5.8712,  
0.3314

139.1205,  
-14.2934, 5.2858

■ 23.8095, -4.9986,  
0.0022

153.8028,  
-15.3155, 6.0085

■ 16.2629, -4.1205,  
-0.2631

168.9681,

■ 9.7430, -3.2734,

-16.3557, 6.7599

-0.4515

184.6014,  
-17.4139, 7.5389

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.5994, -9.4514,  
2.1473

■ 73.5994, -9.4514,  
2.1473

■ 72.0845, -14.9007,  
0.2148

■ 75.3125, -3.4421,  
4.2849

■ 70.7655, -19.7383,  
-1.5000

■ 77.2150, 3.0785,  
6.6061

■ 69.6442, -23.9276,  
-2.9831

■ 79.3025, 10.0536,  
9.0931

■ 68.7183, -27.4429,  
-4.2263


■ 81.0729, 15.8316,  
11.1560


■ 67.9824, -30.2744,


■ 81.0730, 15.8321,


-5.2265


11.1546


 67.4277, -32.4312,  
-5.9875


 81.0730, 15.8326,  
11.1532


 67.0418, -33.9437,  
-6.5203

 81.0731, 15.8330,  
11.1519

 66.8074, -34.8673,  
-6.8449

 81.0732, 15.8335,  
11.1505

 66.6916, -35.3250,  
-7.0048

 81.0733, 15.8340,  
11.1492

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.6009, -9.6595, 5.0758



73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473



73.6009, -7.7810, -0.3764

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.6009, -9.4529, 2.1485



73.6009, 0.5949, 0.2088



73.6009, -2.7949, 9.3290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473



69.2424, 2.1788, 5.7291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.6009, -0.0004, 8.1350



73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473



73.6009, 1.9780, 2.9205

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.6009, -9.4529, 2.1485



73.6009, -1.9931, -1.5277



73.6009, 1.7584, 5.8169



73.6009, -5.8493, 9.1414



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473



73.6009, -6.0450, -1.4540



73.6009, 1.7584, 5.8169



73.6009, -1.7931, 9.0779

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.6009, -9.4529, 2.1485



99.2863, -7.8273, 4.5473



73.0925, -12.3359, 9.7964



45.8480, -3.9243, 1.9961

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.6009, -9.4529, 2.1485



97.5000, -14.1454, 2.3026



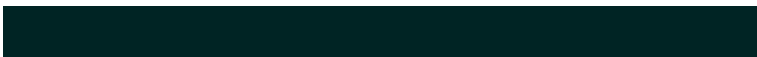
70.9272, -5.1366, -1.0475



34.7384, -4.5437, 0.9865



53.7736, -28.5141, -5.6586



11.7012, -6.2044, -1.2319



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.2424, 2.1788, 5.7291



90.3960, 4.8224, 8.1419



71.8118, -2.2274, 8.5595



32.6144, 1.1251, 2.7316



27.9423, 47.8523, 18.0540



6.0803, 10.4130, 3.9273



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

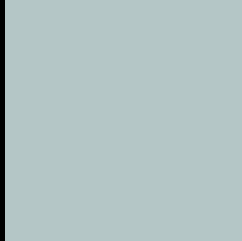
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

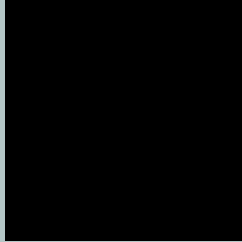
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

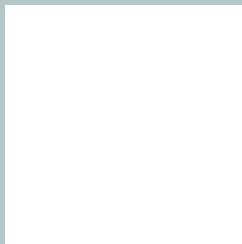
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473.



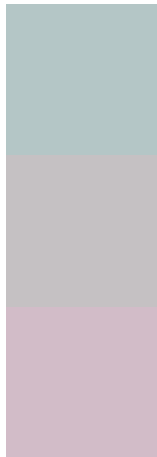
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.5994, -9.4514,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473

### Protanopia

73.4509, -2.2996, 3.5440

### Deuteranopia

73.3745, 5.3625, 1.1524



## Tritanopia

73.5718, -5.5258, -4.4269

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473

## Protanomaly

73.5473, -5.0159, 3.1310

## Deuteranomaly

73.4608, -0.4742, 1.6482

## Tritanomaly

73.6291, -7.2405, -1.7775

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473

## Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676

## Achromatomaly

73.2542, -6.1041, 3.2442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 198, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 198, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 198, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 198, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 198, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 198, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 198, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 198, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 198, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 198,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.5994, -9.4514, 2.1473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 198, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
198, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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