

Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.7857, 1.5584,
-14.3664)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(73.7857, 1.5584,
-14.3664) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(73.8542, 1.4912,
-14.5650)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCC1E6
RGB	188, 193, 230
RGB Percent	74%, 76%, 90%
CMY	0.2627, 0.2431, 0.0980
CMYK	0.18, 0.16, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	233°, 46%, 82%
HSV	233°, 18%, 90%
XYZ	54.0919, 54.5444, 82.5400
YIQ	195.7230, -14.8570, 10.4470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

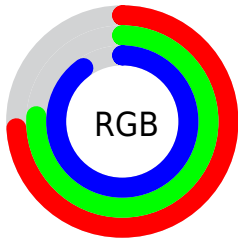
Format	Color
R _Y B	188, 192, 230
Decimal	12370406
CIE Lab	78.78, 5.82, -18.95
CIE LCh	79, 19.823, 287.082
Yxy	54.5467, 0.2829, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290560486 (0xFFBCC1E6)
YUV	195.7230, 16.8986, -6.7731
Hunter-Lab	73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650

Details

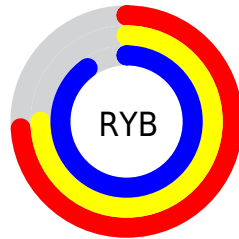
The HunterLab color $73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $86.1999, -8.7208, 20.2380$, and the grayscale version is $74.1164, -3.9547, 4.0269$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97.1513, -5.4226, 2.0316$, and $51.8464, 1.7082, -13.8162$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.9557, 5.5383, -26.5592$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82.0271, -2.0812, -3.6039$.

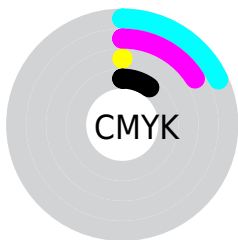
Distribution



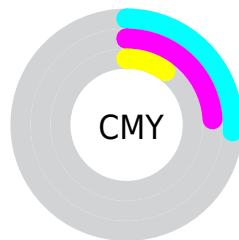
- Red (74%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73.8542, 1.4912,
-14.5650

■ 73.8542, 1.4912,
-14.5650

201.0451, -3.2021,
-13.6200

■ 62.4811, 1.8114,
-14.4072

■ 98.4258, 0.7088,
-14.6983

■ 51.7590, 2.0812,
-14.1865

111.5649, 0.2557,
-14.6835

■ 41.7319, 2.2936,
-13.8985

125.2415, -0.2358,
-14.6182

■ 32.4518, 2.4413,
-13.5420

139.4355, -0.7634,
-14.5051

■ 23.9845, 2.5140,
-13.1220

154.1285, -1.3253,
-14.3465

■ 16.4171, 2.4965,
-12.6631

169.3041, -1.9200,

■ 9.8730, 2.3643,

-14.1449

-12.2609

184.9475, -2.5460,
-13.9021

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.8542, 1.4912,
-14.5650

■ 73.8542, 1.4912,
-14.5650

■ 65.9557, 5.5383,
-26.5592

■ 82.0271, -2.0812,
-3.6039

■ 58.3760, 10.2011,
-39.8863

■ 90.4336, -5.2799,
6.5502

■ 51.1839, 15.6523,
-54.9068

■ 98.8543, -8.8629,
15.8573

■ 44.4744, 22.0949,
-72.0112

■ 99.2438, -9.4947,
16.2624

■ 38.3823, 29.7117,

-91.4723

■ 33.0965, 38.5123,
-113.0447

■ 28.8608, 47.9982,
-135.1719

■ 25.9127, 56.7475,
-154.3328

■ 25.5248, 58.0200,
-157.1523

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.8557, -7.9784, -14.9708



73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650



73.8557, 9.8935, -8.7983

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8557, 1.4899, -14.5636



73.8557, 8.8910, 15.6318



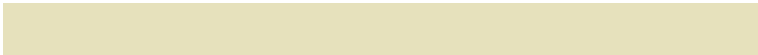
73.8557, -20.8959, 7.7950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650



86.1999, -8.7208, 20.2380

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.8557, -16.8336, 14.8866



73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650



73.8557, 0.1774, 19.0117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.8557, 1.4899, -14.5636



73.8557, 14.3122, 8.9376



73.8557, -9.2266, 18.7573



73.8557, -20.5842, -1.2605

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650



73.8557, 13.6179, -3.0610



73.8557, -9.2266, 18.7573



73.8557, -20.0056, 10.4629

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8557, 1.4899, -14.5636



95.2384, -3.5428, -0.2739



85.2582, -18.2533, 2.9759



43.7544, -1.5190, -0.5053

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8557, 1.4899, -14.5636



79.5548, 3.3625, -21.4285



73.7792, 8.8032, -14.5450



37.6327, -0.7784, -2.2598



19.4431, 42.7167, -116.5153



6.0899, 8.7895, -26.5859

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.2603, 11.1777, 6.8227



81.5455, 16.4988, 8.2746



86.3782, -16.2572, 20.2835



37.9418, 1.5664, 2.6733



30.9505, 53.1817, 18.6194



8.4683, 14.6594, 4.2536

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

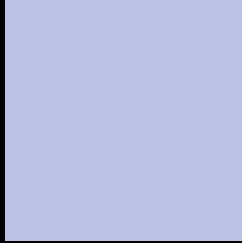
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650.

-14.5650.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650

Protanopia

73.7685, 1.1991, -14.6928

Deuteranopia

73.7104, 5.6554, -15.2920



Tritanopia

73.8564, -4.4636, -4.5709

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650

Protanomaly

73.7685, 1.1991, -14.6928

Deuteranomaly

73.7351, 4.2229, -15.2815

Tritanomaly

73.8808, -2.3255, -8.2981

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650

Achromatopsia

74.2975, -3.9643, 4.0367

Achromatomaly

74.1092, -2.2936, -2.1161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 193, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 193, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 193, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 193, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 193, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 193, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 193, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 193, 230); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 193, 230); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 193, 230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.8542, 1.4912, -14.5650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 193, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
193, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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