

Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.7964, 5.9431,
-8.0498)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(73.7964, 5.9431, -8.0498)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(73.7204, 6.3056,
-8.3628)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCBDDB
RGB	204, 189, 219
RGB Percent	80%, 74%, 86%
CMY	0.2000, 0.2588, 0.1412
CMYK	0.07, 0.14, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	270°, 29%, 80%
HSV	270°, 14%, 86%
XYZ	55.8856, 54.3470, 74.5623
YIQ	196.9050, -0.6900, 12.5100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

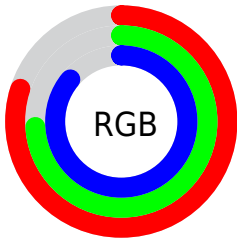
Format	Color
R_{YB}	204, 189, 219
Decimal	13417947
CIE _{Lab}	78.66, 10.85, -13.07
CIE _{LCh}	79, 16.985, 309.686
Yxy	54.3493, 0.3024, 0.2941
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291608027 (0xFFCCBDD5)
YUV	196.9050, 10.8928, 6.2223
Hunter-Lab	73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628

Details

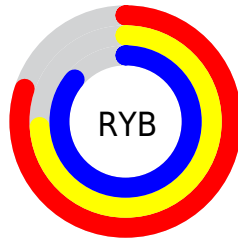
The HunterLab color $73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $81.9609, -14.0214, 15.4294$, and the grayscale version is $74.6386, -3.9825, 4.0553$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96.8426, -0.0064, 1.7520$, and $51.7423, 6.3302, -8.2510$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.4337, 14.4029, -18.6237$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81.2992, -1.6078, 1.1926$.

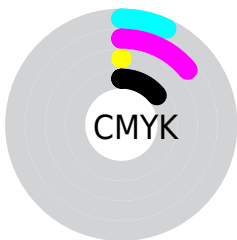
Distribution



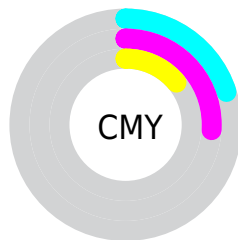
- Red (80%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

73.7204, 6.3056,
-8.3628

73.7204, 6.3056,
-8.3628

200.8583, 3.3932,
-5.7012

62.3546, 6.3852,
-8.4164

98.2786, 5.9707,
-8.0849

51.6402, 6.4017,
-8.4097

111.4114, 5.7278,
-7.8711

41.6214, 6.3454,
-8.3359

125.0820, 5.4390,
-7.6111

32.3502, 6.2057,
-8.1887

139.2702, 5.1070,
-7.3077

23.8926, 5.9682,
-7.9620

153.9575, 4.7344,
-6.9630

16.3361, 5.6118,
-7.6535

169.1277, 4.3233,

9.8047, 5.1045,

-6.5792

-7.2805

184.7658, 3.8757,
-6.1580

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.7204, 6.3056,
-8.3628

■ 73.7204, 6.3056,
-8.3628

■ 66.4337, 14.4029,
-18.6237

■ 81.2992, -1.6078,
1.1926

■ 59.4854, 22.7057,
-29.7464

■ 89.1263, -9.3604,
10.1722

■ 52.9440, 31.1965,
-41.8815

■ 97.1730, -16.9836,
18.6889

■ 46.8984, 39.7846,
-55.1314

■ 98.2626, -13.5760,
19.8734

■ 41.4636, 48.2293,

■ 98.9417, -11.1650,

-69.4378

20.6116

■ 36.7824, 56.0295,
-84.3822

■ 33.0106, 62.3405,
-98.9390

■ 30.2712, 66.1136,
-111.4542

■ 28.9776, 67.2744,
-118.0905

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.7220, -1.2913, -12.1872



73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628



73.7220, 11.2894, -1.3340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.7220, 6.3039, -8.3614



73.7220, 1.5636, 16.6312



73.7220, -18.7110, 1.4691

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628



81.9609, -14.0214, 15.4294

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.7220, -18.0209, 8.9870



73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628



73.7220, -6.5471, 17.2081

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.7220, 6.3039, -8.3614



73.7220, 8.4714, 12.8844



73.7220, -13.6488, 14.5558



73.7220, -15.5765, -6.1196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628



73.7220, 12.3405, 3.9314



73.7220, -13.6488, 14.5558



73.7220, -18.9154, 4.0943

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.7220, 6.3039, -8.3614



96.2857, -1.5965, 1.0461



77.0448, -6.2760, -4.2095



44.2255, -0.4117, 0.0966

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.7220, 6.3039, -8.3614



85.4449, 9.8164, -12.8255



75.1628, 11.0708, -6.3569



35.9658, 1.3605, -1.9685



22.4592, 51.9645, -90.1566



6.1483, 13.7246, -20.7974

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.7109, 8.5752, 0.8493



86.8502, 12.9986, 0.2941



80.7597, -18.3745, 14.0951



36.2761, 2.0896, 0.9113



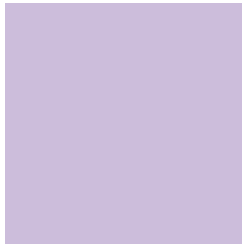
31.0052, 55.3013, 2.9508



8.0012, 14.4730, -0.8043

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

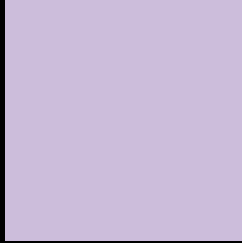
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

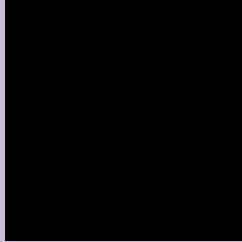
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628.

-8.3628.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628

Protanopia

73.7299, 0.4718, -10.1324

Deuteranopia

73.8227, 5.1440, -8.2455



Tritanopia

73.6712, 2.2250, -1.5591

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628

Protanomaly

73.8389, 2.3055, -9.3885

Deuteranomaly

73.9175, 5.4616, -8.1125

Tritanomaly

73.6387, 3.9672, -4.1744

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628

Achromatopsia

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598

Achromatomaly

74.3443, -0.1352, -0.2538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 189, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 189, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 189, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 189, 219) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 189, 219) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 189, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 189, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 189, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 189, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 189,  
219) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.7204, 6.3056, -8.3628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 189, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
189, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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