

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.8302, 8.8700,  
-2.2356)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(73.8302, 8.8700, -2.2356)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(73.8524, 8.9609,  
-2.2433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7BBD0
RGB	215, 187, 208
RGB Percent	84%, 73%, 82%
CMY	0.1569, 0.2666, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.03, 0.16
HSL	315°, 26%, 79%
HSV	315°, 13%, 84%
XYZ	57.1798, 54.5418, 67.1883
YIQ	197.7660, 9.9470, 12.4670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

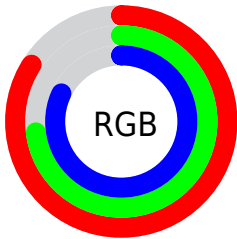
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 187, 208
Decimal	14138320
CIE Lab	78.78, 13.57, -6.86
CIE LCh	79, 15.204, 333.172
Yxy	54.5441, 0.3196, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292328400 (0xFFD7BBD0)
YUV	197.7660, 5.0454, 15.1142
Hunter-Lab	73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433

# Details

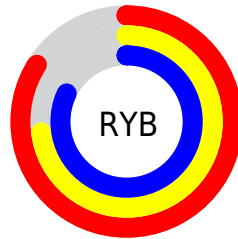
The HunterLab color  $73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $79.4117, -16.3908, 10.5375$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.0254, -4.0032, 4.0763$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $96.2191, 1.0662, 1.0114$ , and  $51.8236, 8.6963, -2.8907$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67.7008, 19.4336, -7.2187$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $80.3922, -1.3315, 2.9019$ .

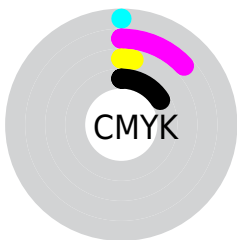
# Distribution



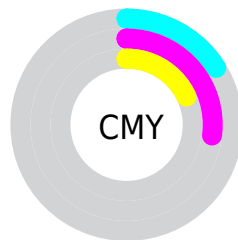
- Red (84%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.8524, 8.9609,  
-2.2433

73.8524, 8.9609,  
-2.2433

201.0427, 6.9923,  
2.3750

62.4795, 8.9141,  
-2.5505

98.4240, 8.8618,  
-1.4840

51.7575, 8.7980,  
-2.8067

111.5629, 8.7302,  
-1.0411

41.7305, 8.6018,  
-3.0053

125.2395, 8.5487,  
-0.5589

32.4505, 8.3137,  
-3.1396

139.4334, 8.3205,  
-0.0396

23.9833, 7.9175,  
-3.2007

154.1263, 8.0484,  
0.5150

16.4161, 7.3908,  
-3.1770

169.3019, 7.7350,

9.8721, 6.7013,

1.1032

-3.0533

184.9452, 7.3823,  
1.7236

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.8524, 8.9609,  
-2.2433

■ 73.8524, 8.9609,  
-2.2433

■ 67.7008, 19.4336,  
-7.2187

■ 80.3922, -1.3315,  
2.9019

■ 61.9983, 30.0036,  
-11.9309

■ 87.2613, -11.4053,  
8.1506

■ 56.8249, 40.4878,  
-16.2318

■ 94.4175, -21.2622,  
13.4658

■ 52.2703, 50.5705,  
-19.9142

■ 95.7354, -22.1083,  
12.4668

■ 48.4288, 59.7716,

■ 95.8950, -21.2063,

-22.7127

10.1797

■ 45.3854, 67.4698,  
-24.3387

■ 96.0592, -20.2798,  
7.8303

■ 43.1927, 73.0299,  
-24.5623

■ 96.2281, -19.3288,  
5.4187

■ 41.8395, 76.0444,  
-23.3279

■ 96.4017, -18.3534,  
2.9450

■ 41.2663, 76.9259,  
-21.8318

■ 96.5335, -17.6133,  
1.0680

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.8540, 3.8671, -8.0096



73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433



73.8540, 10.5496, 4.7527

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8540, 8.9589, -2.2419



73.8540, -4.7172, 16.1118



73.8540, -15.2938, -3.6387

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433



79.4117, -16.3908, 10.5375

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.8540, -17.4007, 3.2799



73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433



73.8540, -11.4446, 14.3146

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.8540, 8.9589, -2.2419



73.8540, 2.4760, 14.9373



73.8540, -16.0189, 9.7777



73.8540, -10.1531, -8.8692



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433



73.8540, 9.3620, 9.0675



73.8540, -16.0189, 9.7777



73.8540, -16.3711, -1.4108

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8540, 8.9589, -2.2419



96.6958, -0.3569, 2.8786



72.0548, 3.4322, -8.4415



44.4518, 0.2703, 1.1106

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8540, 8.9589, -2.2419



87.1979, 14.8291, -4.6379



73.4066, 6.5788, 4.1222



35.4643, 2.4341, -0.1882



31.9422, 59.5919, -17.2648



7.9264, 14.9251, -5.3505



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.8540, 8.9589, -2.2419



87.1979, 14.8291, -4.6379



79.8255, -14.0669, 4.6178



35.4643, 2.4341, -0.1882



31.9422, 59.5919, -17.2648

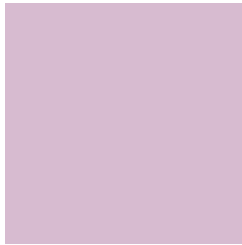


7.9264, 14.9251, -5.3505



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

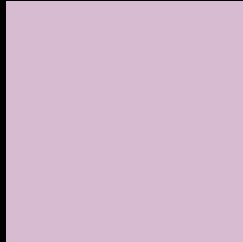
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

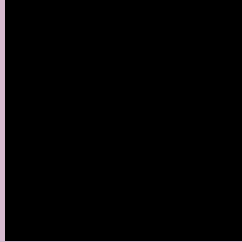
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433.

-2.2433.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433

### Protanopia

74.0313, -0.7430, -4.2798

### Deuteranopia

73.7287, 5.5730, -2.4593



## Tritanopia

73.8745, 7.2246, 0.3020

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433

## Protanomaly

73.8385, 3.1270, -3.9316

## Deuteranomaly

73.7356, 7.0906, -2.4240

## Tritanomaly

73.9394, 7.5703, -0.6206

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433

## Achromatopsia

75.1473, -4.0097, 4.0829

## Achromatomaly

74.6225, 0.6242, 1.5968

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 187, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 187, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 187, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 187, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

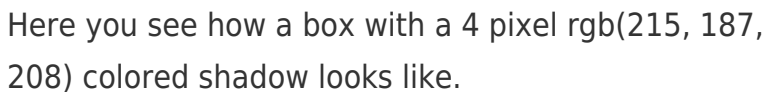
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 187, 208) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 187, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 187, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 187, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 187, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 187,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.8524, 8.9609, -2.2433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 187, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
187, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor