

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.8482, 9.5980,  
-0.9223)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(73.8482, 9.5980, -0.9223)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(73.6731, 9.6444,  
-0.9158)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9BACD
RGB	217, 186, 205
RGB Percent	85%, 73%, 80%
CMY	0.1490, 0.2706, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.06, 0.15
HSL	323°, 29%, 79%
HSV	323°, 14%, 85%
XYZ	57.1936, 54.2773, 65.2197
YIQ	197.4350, 12.3770, 12.4810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

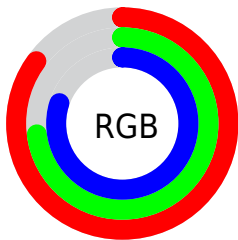
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 186, 205
Decimal	14269133
CIE Lab	78.62, 14.26, -5.45
CIE LCh	79, 15.268, 339.098
Yxy	54.2796, 0.3237, 0.3072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292459213 (0xFFD9BACD)
YUV	197.4350, 3.7295, 17.1585
Hunter-Lab	73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158

# Details

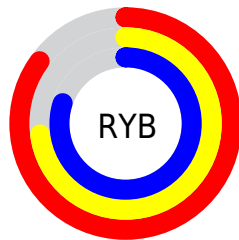
The HunterLab color  $73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $80.0896, -17.0011, 9.4999$ , and the grayscale version is  $74.8894, -3.9959, 4.0689$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.9084, 1.6033, 0.6405$ , and  $51.6631, 9.3504, -1.6021$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67.3981, 19.7141, -4.3821$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $80.3396, -0.2620, 2.8453$ .

# Distribution



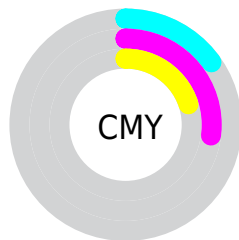
- Red (85%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.6731, 9.6444,  
-0.9158

73.6731, 9.6444,  
-0.9158

200.7923, 7.9230,  
4.1607

62.3099, 9.5644,  
-1.2838

98.2266, 9.6072,  
-0.0424

51.5983, 9.4135,  
-1.6036

111.3572, 9.5047,  
0.4545

41.5823, 9.1805,  
-1.8691

125.0257, 9.3513,  
0.9888

32.3143, 8.8532,  
-2.0740

139.2117, 9.1503,  
1.5585

23.8602, 8.4153,  
-2.2098

153.8971, 8.9046,  
2.1620

16.3075, 7.8437,  
-2.2650

169.0654, 8.6167,

9.7806, 7.1064,

2.7977

-2.2230

184.7017, 8.2888,  
3.4643

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.6731, 9.6444,  
-0.9158

■ 73.6731, 9.6444,  
-0.9158

■ 67.3981, 19.7141,  
-4.3821

■ 80.3396, -0.2620,  
2.8453

■ 61.5774, 29.8666,  
-7.4515

■ 87.3375, -9.9679,  
6.8221

■ 56.2943, 39.9205,  
-9.9772

■ 94.6238, -19.4750,  
10.9635

■ 51.6428, 49.5603,  
-11.7718

■ 96.1668, -19.9906,  
8.7490

■ 47.7229, 58.3018,

■ 96.4301, -18.5096,

-12.6195

4.9886

■ 44.6254, 65.5152,  
-12.3195

■ 96.6912, -17.0451,  
1.2698

■ 42.4067, 70.5611,  
-10.7656

■ 41.0533, 73.0519,  
-8.0370

■ 40.5525, 73.6227,  
-6.1615

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.6747, 5.1282, -7.1235



73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158



73.6747, 10.4441, 6.0908

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.6747, 9.6423, -0.9144



73.6747, -6.1416, 16.0146



73.6747, -14.5154, -4.9177

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158



80.0896, -17.0011, 9.4999

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.6747, -17.2896, 1.8674



73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158



73.6747, -12.5803, 13.6388

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.6747, 9.6423, -0.9144



73.6747, 1.1401, 15.4260



73.6747, -16.5953, 8.6170



73.6747, -8.8764, -9.5865



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158



73.6747, 8.7360, 10.2130



73.6747, -16.5953, 8.6170



73.6747, -15.8037, -2.7835

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.6747, 9.6423, -0.9144



96.6499, -0.6056, 3.5310



72.1943, 5.5512, -9.3295



44.4265, 0.1334, 1.4702

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.6747, 9.6423, -0.9144



86.2311, 15.0297, -2.3338



73.1936, 7.0868, 5.9397



36.3111, 2.2772, 0.4138



31.5850, 57.4026, -5.2671



8.1424, 14.9814, -2.7797



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.6747, 9.6423, -0.9144



86.2311, 15.0297, -2.3338



80.5541, -14.3903, 2.8629



36.3111, 2.2772, 0.4138



31.5850, 57.4026, -5.2671



8.1424, 14.9814, -2.7797



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

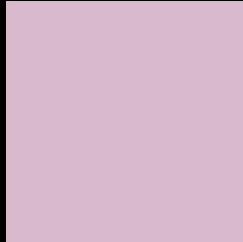
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

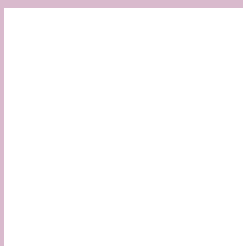
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158.

-0.9158.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158

### Protanopia

73.6630, -0.5997, -3.6955

### Deuteranopia

73.6954, 5.1978, -0.4583



## Tritanopia

73.7269, 8.0890, 1.1340

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158

## Protanomaly

73.4422, 3.1008, -2.8663

## Deuteranomaly

73.7042, 6.7224, -0.4207

## Tritanomaly

73.7590, 8.2591, 0.6786

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158

## Achromatopsia

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598

## Achromatomaly

74.2613, 0.7957, 2.1461

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 186, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 186, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 186, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 186, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 186, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 186, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 186, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 186, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 186, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 186,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.6731, 9.6444, -0.9158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 186, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
186, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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