

Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.8556, -5.8160,
5.4027)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(73.8556, -5.8160, 5.4027)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(73.8188, -5.8785,
5.3298)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0C4C0
RGB	192, 196, 192
RGB Percent	75%, 77%, 75%
CMY	0.2471, 0.2314, 0.2471
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.23
HSL	120°, 3%, 76%
HSV	120°, 2%, 77%
XYZ	50.9926, 54.4922, 57.6996
YIQ	194.3480, -1.1000, -2.0920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

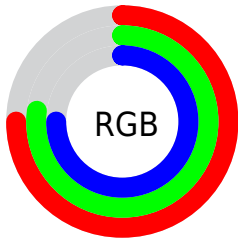
Format	Color
RYB	192, 196, 196
Decimal	12633280
CIELab	78.75, -2.12, 1.51
CIElCh	79, 2.602, 144.428
Yxy	54.4945, 0.3125, 0.3339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290823360 (0xFFC0C4C0)
YUV	194.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592
Hunter-Lab	73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298

Details

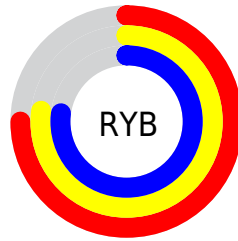
The HunterLab color $73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $73.0903, -1.9392, 2.6378$, and the grayscale version is $73.6033, -3.9273, 3.9990$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98.4806, -7.7988, 7.0808$, and $51.6711, -4.1277, 3.7395$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $71.6185, -14.8520, 11.3922$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.2583, 3.7407, -1.1674$.

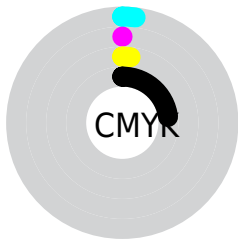
Distribution



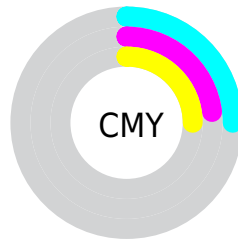
- Red (75%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73.8188, -5.8785,
5.3298

■ 73.8188, -5.8785,
5.3298

200.9957,
-13.4476, 12.7821

■ 62.4477, -5.1666,
4.6393

■ 98.3869, -7.3890,
6.8024

■ 51.7277, -4.4812,
3.9787

111.5243, -8.1824,
7.5802

■ 41.7027, -3.8251,
3.3505

125.1994, -9.0010,
8.3847

■ 32.4250, -3.1990,
2.7561

139.3918, -9.8440,
9.2152

■ 23.9602, -2.6035,
2.1970

154.0833,
-10.7107, 10.0708

■ 16.3957, -2.0385,
1.6747

169.2575,

■ 9.8550, -1.5021,

-11.6006, 10.9510

1.1903

184.8995,
-12.5130, 11.8549

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.8188, -5.8785,
5.3298

■ 73.8188, -5.8785,
5.3298

■ 71.6185, -14.8520,
11.3922

■ 76.2583, 3.7407,
-1.1674

■ 69.6622, -23.0692,
16.9448

■ 78.9212, 13.9082,
-8.0335

■ 67.9587, -30.4297,
21.9195

■ 81.7968, 24.5275,
-15.2028

■ 66.5120, -36.8421,
26.2540

■ 82.4391, 26.8523,
-16.7730

■ 65.3222, -42.2344,

29.8995

■ 64.3845, -46.5634,
32.8266

■ 63.6887, -49.8229,
35.0306

■ 63.2182, -52.0507,
36.5373

■ 62.9483, -53.3373,
37.4075

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.8204, -4.9304, 6.0620



73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298



73.8204, -6.3107, 4.2391

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8204, -5.8802, 5.3309



73.8204, -4.1752, 1.7153



73.8204, -1.7502, 4.9539

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298



73.0903, -1.9392, 2.6378

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.8204, -1.5447, 3.7967



73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298



73.8204, -2.9501, 1.9143

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.8204, -5.8802, 5.3309



73.8204, -5.3305, 2.1416



73.8204, -1.9853, 2.6810



73.8204, -2.5448, 5.8469

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298



73.8204, -6.2473, 3.4485



73.8204, -1.9853, 2.6810



73.8204, -1.6097, 4.5835

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8204, -5.8802, 5.3309



99.6777, -6.6224, 6.3023



74.1783, -4.6288, 5.7668



46.1228, -3.0344, 2.8959

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8204, -5.8802, 5.3309



99.3586, -7.9002, 7.1655



73.8809, -5.5474, 4.4673



34.3327, -2.6595, 2.4281



50.3662, -43.1890, 30.2792



10.4693, -8.9773, 6.2938

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.0903, -1.9392, 2.6378



98.3814, -2.6249, 3.5606



73.0284, -2.2772, 3.5211



34.0216, -0.9801, 1.2805



31.7827, 62.4855, -41.9159



6.6065, 12.9885, -8.7130

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

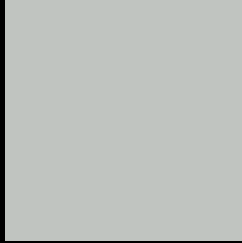
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

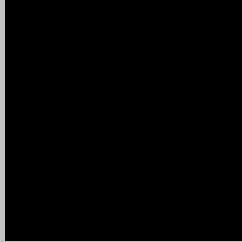
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

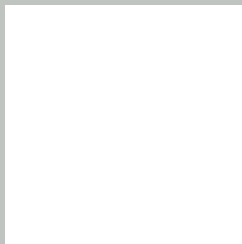
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298

Protanopia

73.8155, -2.8292, 5.8444

Deuteranopia

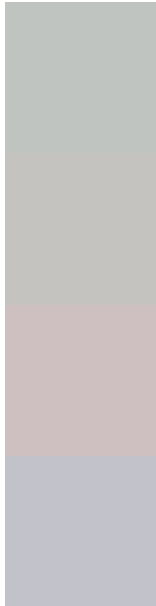
73.8523, 5.0337, 5.0917



Tritanopia

73.7194, -0.4737, -3.0974

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298

Protanomaly

73.8428, -4.2892, 5.8503

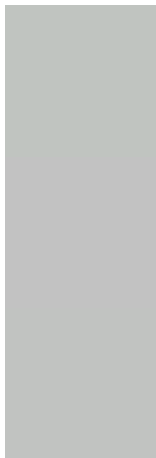
Deuteranomaly

73.9401, 0.7955, 5.1197

Tritanomaly

73.7324, -2.3708, -0.0409

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298

Achromatopsia

73.4493, -3.9191, 3.9906

Achromatomaly

73.6328, -4.9011, 4.6618

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 196, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 196, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 196, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 196, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 196, 192) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 196, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 196, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 196, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 196, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 196,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.8188, -5.8785, 5.3298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 196, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
196, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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