

Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.9429, 3.4801,
-9.6072)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(73.9429, 3.4801, -9.6072)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(73.8521, 3.9456,
-9.9044)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6BFDE
RGB	198, 191, 222
RGB Percent	78%, 75%, 87%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2510, 0.1294
CMYK	0.11, 0.14, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	254°, 32%, 81%
HSV	254°, 14%, 87%
XYZ	55.1043, 54.5413, 76.7305
YIQ	196.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

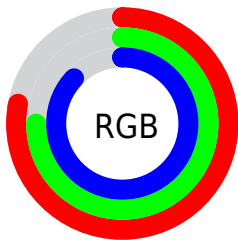
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 191, 222
Decimal	13025246
CIE _{Lab}	78.78, 8.40, -14.57
CIE _{LCh}	79, 16.817, 299.965
Yxy	54.5436, 0.2957, 0.2926
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291215326 (0xFFC6BFDE)
YUV	196.6270, 12.5089, 1.2041
Hunter-Lab	73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044

Details

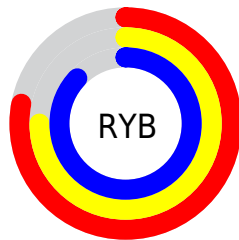
The HunterLab color $73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $83.9361, -11.7382, 16.6965$, and the grayscale version is $74.5155, -3.9760, 4.0486$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97.4687, -1.0768, 2.4913$, and $51.8616, 4.1173, -9.7668$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.8623, 10.3558, -21.4467$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82.1228, -2.1910, 0.6714$.

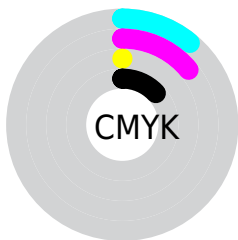
Distribution



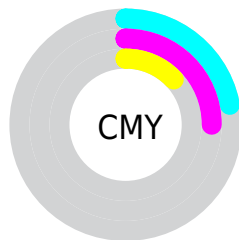
- Red (78%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73.8521, 3.9456,
-9.9044

■ 73.8521, 3.9456,
-9.9044

201.0422, 0.1677,
-7.6892

■ 62.4792, 4.1418,
-9.9020

■ 98.4236, 3.3935,
-9.7345

■ 51.7572, 4.2810,
-9.8381

111.5625, 3.0485,
-9.5726

■ 41.7302, 4.3548,
-9.7062

125.2391, 2.6612,
-9.3633

■ 32.4503, 4.3539,
-9.5008

139.4329, 2.2341,
-9.1092

■ 23.9831, 4.2659,
-9.2180

154.1258, 1.7694,
-8.8127

■ 16.4159, 4.0721,
-8.8601

169.3014, 1.2691,

■ 9.8720, 3.7434,

-8.4760

-8.4593

184.9447, 0.7347,
-8.1009

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.8521, 3.9456,
-9.9044

■ 73.8521, 3.9456,
-9.9044

■ 65.8623, 10.3558,
-21.4467

■ 82.1228, -2.1910,
0.6714

■ 58.1990, 17.1225,
-34.2420

■ 90.6323, -8.1146,
10.4958

■ 50.9331, 24.3287,
-48.6364

■ 98.5080, -12.5409,
18.8858

■ 44.1627, 32.0372,
-65.0066

■ 99.0222, -10.7191,
19.4505

■ 38.0269, 40.2117,

-83.6145

■ 32.7205, 48.5392,
-104.2131

■ 28.4924, 56.1379,
-125.2680

■ 25.5897, 61.4368,
-143.2760

■ 24.4029, 63.4023,
-151.7601

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.8536, -3.9541, -12.2666



73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044



73.8536, 9.9345, -3.7338

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8536, 3.9441, -9.9030



73.8536, 3.9613, 15.6617



73.8536, -18.7902, 4.0291

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044



83.9361, -11.7382, 16.6965

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.8536, -16.8689, 11.0148



73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044



73.8536, -3.9351, 17.2770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.8536, 3.9441, -9.9030



73.8536, 9.9447, 11.0007



73.8536, -11.5155, 15.6692



73.8536, -16.8777, -3.7164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044



73.8536, 11.9185, 1.4088



73.8536, -11.5155, 15.6692



73.8536, -18.5724, 6.5393

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8536, 3.9441, -9.9030



96.0191, -2.5153, 0.7040



80.6829, -10.5656, -1.2528



44.0788, -0.9163, -0.0929

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8536, 3.9441, -9.9030



83.4103, 6.9532, -15.7306



75.3104, 8.8088, -7.8471



36.5948, 0.5407, -2.3718



18.9159, 48.9543, -116.1489



5.3652, 13.2351, -27.9046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.9605, 10.4668, -3.1932



86.4742, 16.3044, -5.7768



82.6166, -16.4811, 15.2443



37.2557, 2.6253, -0.3229



33.1789, 62.1971, -20.2435



8.8102, 16.6406, -6.3448

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

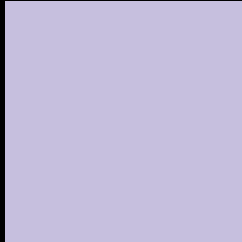
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

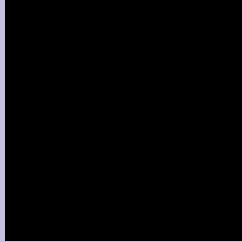
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044.

-9.9044.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044

Protanopia

73.8030, 0.8679, -11.1611

Deuteranopia

73.8365, 5.4063, -9.9000



Tritanopia

73.8100, -0.1630, -2.9766

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044

Protanomaly

73.7322, 2.0887, -10.6676

Deuteranomaly

73.7429, 5.0923, -10.0337

Tritanomaly

73.7731, 1.5866, -5.6425

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044

Achromatopsia

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598

Achromatomaly

74.4021, -1.4147, -0.7107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 191, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 191, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 191, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 191, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 191, 222) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 191, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 191, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 191, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 191, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 191,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.8521, 3.9456, -9.9044 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 191, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
191, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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