

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(73.9884, 19.3613,  
-11.7575)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(73.9884, 19.3613,  
-11.7575) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(73.9645, 19.2597,  
-11.7626)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2B5E2
RGB	226, 181, 226
RGB Percent	89%, 71%, 89%
CMY	0.1137, 0.2902, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	300°, 44%, 80%
HSV	300°, 20%, 89%
XYZ	61.6154, 54.7075, 79.2636
YIQ	199.5850, 12.3750, 23.5350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

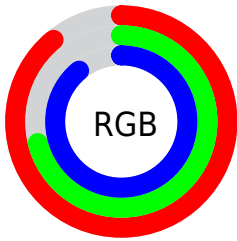
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 181, 226
Decimal	14857698
CIE Lab	78.87, 23.80, -16.34
CIE LCh	79, 28.868, 325.525
Yxy	54.7099, 0.3150, 0.2797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293047778 (0xFFE2B5E2)
YUV	199.5850, 13.0226, 23.1660
Hunter-Lab	73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626

# Details

The HunterLab color  $73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $82.1914, -25.2677, 18.6663$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.7659, -4.0427, 4.1165$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $94.3654, 4.2974, -1.2195$ , and  $51.8890, 18.0626, -11.7334$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.0089, 31.6085, -20.2675$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $80.4104, 7.1052, -3.3807$ .

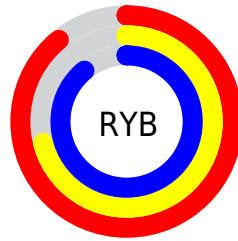
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (71%)

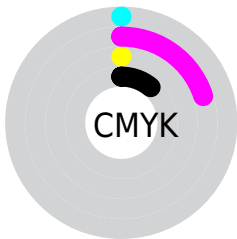
Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (89%)

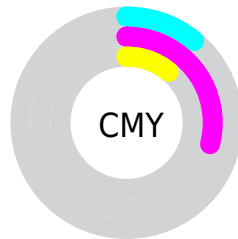


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.9645, 19.2597,  
-11.7626

73.9645, 19.2597,  
-11.7626

201.1992, 20.7591,  
-10.0657

62.5855, 18.7563,  
-11.6959

98.5473, 20.0212,  
-11.7170

51.8571, 18.1635,  
-11.5669

111.6915, 20.2970,  
-11.6153

41.8232, 17.4683,  
-11.3696

125.3732, 20.5095,  
-11.4647

32.5358, 16.6568,  
-11.0999

139.5719, 20.6631,  
-11.2681

24.0604, 15.7122,  
-10.7568

154.2695, 20.7618,  
-11.0278

16.4840, 14.6163,  
-10.3501

169.4496, 20.8088,

9.9295, 13.3618,

-10.7461

-9.9332

185.0974, 20.8070,  
-10.4248

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.9645, 19.2597,  
-11.7626

■ 73.9645, 19.2597,  
-11.7626

■ 68.0089, 31.6085,  
-20.2675

■ 80.4104, 7.1052,  
-3.3807

■ 62.6206, 43.9668,  
-28.7688

■ 87.2723, -4.7589,  
4.8112

■ 57.8930, 55.9960,  
-37.0344

■ 94.4941, -16.3072,  
12.7948

■ 53.9210, 67.1837,  
-44.7140

■ 96.5298, -19.4177,  
14.9468

■ 50.7885, 76.8650,

■ 96.5298, -19.4177,

-51.3541

14.9467

■ 48.5466, 84.3483,  
-56.4834

■ 96.5298, -19.4177,  
14.9466

■ 47.1858, 89.1482,  
-59.7719

■ 96.5299, -19.4176,  
14.9465

■ 46.5450, 91.4820,  
-61.3704

■ 96.5299, -19.4176,  
14.9464

■ 46.5402, 91.4995,  
-61.3824

■ 96.5299, -19.4176,  
14.9464

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.9661, 7.8531, -22.6133



73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626



73.9661, 24.4527, 2.0265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.9661, 19.2577, -11.7610



73.9661, -1.8657, 25.0557



73.9661, -26.4373, -7.7171

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626



82.1914, -25.2677, 18.6663

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.9661, -28.6246, 5.9715



73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626



73.9661, -15.0576, 23.3993

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.9661, 19.2577, -11.7610



73.9661, 11.7016, 21.9821



73.9661, -24.6089, 16.9543



73.9661, -18.4006, -19.9940



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626



73.9661, 23.4368, 10.4784



73.9661, -24.6089, 16.9543



73.9661, -27.8547, -3.0653

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.9661, 19.2577, -11.7610



95.1965, 2.8409, -0.2139



69.5451, 4.8585, -18.4040



43.8048, 1.7298, -0.3858

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.9661, 19.2577, -11.7610



81.8380, 28.0841, -17.6212



73.1810, 15.1824, -0.6708



37.3305, 3.0252, -1.3835



35.1523, 69.1104, -46.3627



9.2548, 18.1952, -12.2062



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.9661, 19.2577, -11.7610



81.8380, 28.0841, -17.6212



82.7972, -21.8087, 9.9530



37.3305, 3.0252, -1.3835



35.1523, 69.1104, -46.3627



9.2548, 18.1952, -12.2062



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

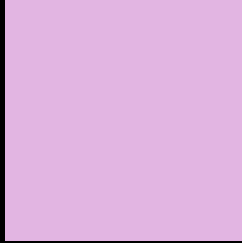
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

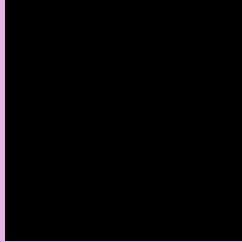
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626.

-11.7626.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626

### Protanopia

74.2607, 1.7198, -16.9631

### Deuteranopia

74.2031, 5.2716, -10.5321



## Tritanopia

74.0389, 10.5254, 2.0483

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626

## Protanomaly

73.9181, 7.9277, -15.5490

## Deuteranomaly

73.9449, 10.4594, -11.3688

## Tritanomaly

73.8731, 13.4786, -2.6574

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626

## Achromatopsia

75.9987, -4.0551, 4.1292

## Achromatomaly

75.0325, 3.9926, -1.3611

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 181, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 181, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 181, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 181, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

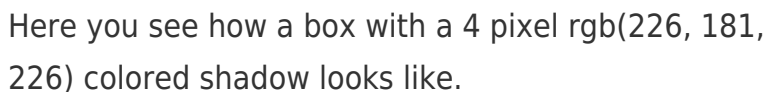
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 181, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 181, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 181, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 181, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 181, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 181, 226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.9645, 19.2597, -11.7626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 181, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
181, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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