

Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.0362, -3.9623,
4.0263)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(74.0362, -3.9623, 4.0263)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(73.8732, -3.9417,
4.0137)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3C3C3
RGB	195, 195, 195
RGB Percent	76%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.2353, 0.2353, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	120°, 0%, 76%
HSV	120°, 0%, 76%
XYZ	51.8712, 54.5725, 59.4294
YIQ	195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	195, 195, 195
Decimal	12829635
CIELab	78.80, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	79, 0.008, 289.058
Yxy	54.5748, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291019715 (0xFFC3C3C3)
YUV	195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

Details

The HunterLab color $73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $73.8742, -3.9401, 4.0126$, and the grayscale version is $73.8746, -3.9418, 4.0137$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98.6633, -5.2644, 5.3606$, and $51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $71.6401, -12.9866, 10.0967$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76.3413, 5.7212, -2.4794$.

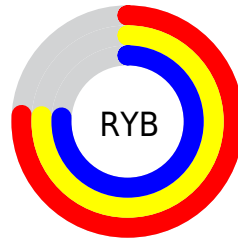
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (76%)

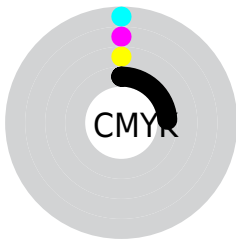
Blue (76%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (76%)

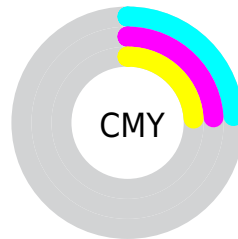


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73.8732, -3.9417,
4.0137

■ 73.8732, -3.9417,
4.0137

201.0717,
-10.7362, 10.9360

■ 62.4991, -3.3360,
3.3960

■ 98.4468, -5.2556,
5.3518

■ 51.7760, -2.7634,
2.8127

111.5868, -5.9573,
6.0667

■ 41.7477, -2.2279,
2.2672

125.2643, -6.6878,
6.8109

■ 32.4663, -1.7323,
1.7624

139.4590, -7.4458,
7.5833

■ 23.9976, -1.2802,
1.3019

154.1528, -8.2305,
8.3829

■ 16.4287, -0.8761,
0.8904

169.3292, -9.0410,

■ 9.8828, -0.5267,

9.2087

0.5347

184.9734, -9.8765,
10.0600

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.8732, -3.9417,
4.0137

■ 73.8732, -3.9417,
4.0137

■ 71.6401, -12.9866,
10.0967

■ 76.3413, 5.7212,
-2.4794

■ 69.6470, -21.3043,
15.6960

■ 79.0284, 15.9072,
-9.3186

■ 67.9033, -28.7942,
20.7434

■ 81.9239, 26.5224,
-16.4408

■ 66.4135, -35.3628,
25.1756

■ 82.1659, 27.4109,
-17.1578

■ 65.1787, -40.9341,

28.9409

■ 64.1952, -45.4588,
32.0050

■ 63.4542, -48.9219,
34.3570

■ 62.9406, -51.3509,
36.0141

■ 62.6320, -52.8230,
37.0266

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.8748, -3.9471, 4.0146



73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137



73.8748, -3.9404, 4.0168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.8748, -3.9434, 4.0149



73.8748, -3.9411, 4.0263



73.8748, -3.9526, 4.0225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137



73.8742, -3.9401, 4.0126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.8748, -3.9510, 4.0256



73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137



73.8748, -3.9444, 4.0278

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.8748, -3.9434, 4.0149



73.8748, -3.9391, 4.0234



73.8748, -3.9480, 4.0275



73.8748, -3.9524, 4.0190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137



73.8748, -3.9392, 4.0188



73.8748, -3.9480, 4.0275



73.8748, -3.9523, 4.0236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.8748, -3.9434, 4.0149



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



73.8751, -3.9424, 4.0153



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.8748, -3.9434, 4.0149



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



73.8748, -3.9432, 4.0141



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765



50.3679, -43.1784, 30.2542



10.4710, -8.9668, 6.2690

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.8742, -3.9401, 4.0126



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



73.8741, -3.9404, 4.0133



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765



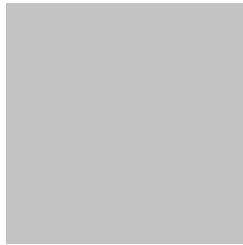
31.7399, 62.3373, -41.3633



6.5997, 12.9649, -8.6252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

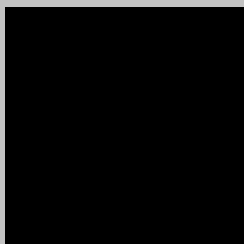
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

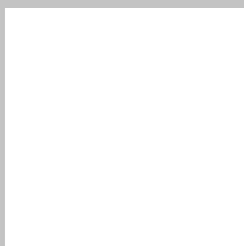
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137.

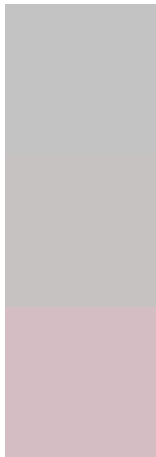


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 73.8732, -3.9417,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

Protanopia

73.8135, -2.6552, 4.4405

Deuteranopia

73.8423, 5.1834, 3.6595



Tritanopia

73.8677, -0.0322, -2.3815

Trichromacy



Original Color

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

Protanomaly

73.7217, -2.9731, 4.3274

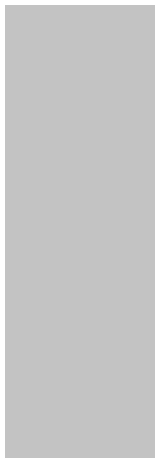
Deuteranomaly

73.7353, 1.8043, 3.4736

Tritanomaly

73.9129, -1.7478, 0.1922

Monochromacy



Original Color

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

Achromatopsia

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

Achromatomaly

73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 195, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 195, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 195, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 195, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 195, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 195, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 195,  
195) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
195, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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