

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.1138, 38.8877,  
0.5095)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.1138, 38.8877,  
0.5095) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(72.7269, 34.1659,  
-1.1600)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA6CC
RGB	255, 166, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 65%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3490, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	334°, 100%, 83%
HSV	334°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	65.7753, 52.8920, 63.8692
YIQ	196.9430, 40.8460, 30.6860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

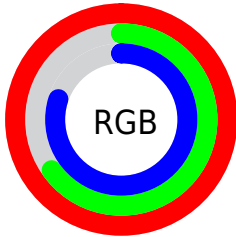
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 166, 204
Decimal	16754380
CIE Lab	77.81, 37.90, -5.67
CIE LCh	78, 38.321, 351.484
Yxy	52.8944, 0.3603, 0.2898
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294944460 (0xFFFFA6CC)
YUV	196.9430, 3.4791, 50.9160
Hunter-Lab	72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600

# Details

The HunterLab color  $72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FF99CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $91.9987, -36.7984, 13.7364$ , and the grayscale version is  $74.6728, -3.9844, 4.0571$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89.8457, 12.4599, -6.8518$ , and  $50.8749, 31.7916, -1.7214$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $66.2235, 45.6178, -1.6963$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79.8980, 22.6349, 0.0945$ .

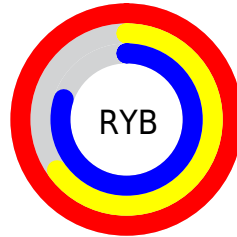
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (65%)

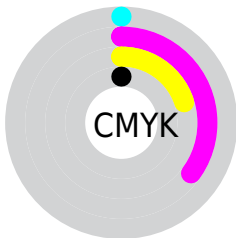
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (80%)

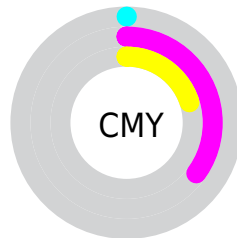


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72.7269, 34.1659,  
-1.1600

72.7269, 34.1659,  
-1.1600

199.4692, 40.2697,  
3.8154

61.4154, 33.0729,  
-1.5140

97.1848, 36.0510,  
-0.3122

50.7585, 31.8746,  
-1.8191

110.2707, 36.8648,  
0.1727

40.8012, 30.5583,  
-2.0688

123.8964, 37.6002,  
0.6954

31.5965, 29.1159,  
-2.2566

138.0411, 38.2626,  
1.2540

23.2120, 27.5461,  
-2.3739

152.6866, 38.8568,  
1.8468

15.7373, 25.8738,  
-2.4085

167.8162, 39.3870,

9.3000, 24.2362,

2.4722

-2.3450

183.4150, 39.8568,  
3.1288

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.7269, 34.1659,  
-1.1600

■ 72.7269, 34.1659,  
-1.1600

■ 66.2235, 45.6178,  
-1.6963

■ 79.8980, 22.6349,  
0.0945

■ 60.5055, 56.6305,  
-1.3545

■ 87.6271, 11.2351,  
1.9159

■ 55.7073, 66.6145,  
0.0171

■ 95.8298, 0.0535,  
4.1862

■ 51.9507, 74.7916,  
2.4948

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 49.3110, 80.3715,

6.0016

■ 47.7666, 82.9077,  
10.2536

■ 47.2877, 83.3106,  
12.5031

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.7285, 25.6494, -20.0396



72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600



72.7285, 31.7221, 15.1508

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.7285, 34.1626, -1.1586



72.7285, -16.2916, 28.6687



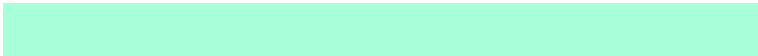
72.7285, -24.4666, -27.2914

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600



91.9987, -36.7984, 13.7364

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.7285, -33.7338, -9.3542



72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600



72.7285, -29.3478, 21.8250

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.7285, 34.1626, -1.1586



72.7285, 1.3838, 29.8331



72.7285, -35.4284, 8.7294



72.7285, -9.0070, -37.3815



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600



72.7285, 24.3059, 22.7765



72.7285, -35.4284, 8.7294



72.7285, -28.3433, -21.7973

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.7285, 34.1626, -1.1586



91.5915, 5.7267, 2.9785



70.1143, 30.3949, -36.2659



41.8432, 3.3778, 1.2322

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.7285, 34.1626, -1.1586



68.0343, 42.3217, -1.6235



73.1405, 25.4254, 16.2668



42.5627, 2.3932, 1.4303



34.2238, 60.3739, 8.4363



10.7785, 19.2021, 1.2013



# Inverse Universe

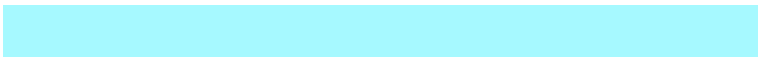
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.7285, 34.1626, -1.1586



68.0343, 42.3217, -1.6235



91.1704, -27.0521, -5.8201



42.5627, 2.3932, 1.4303



34.2238, 60.3739, 8.4363



10.7785, 19.2021, 1.2013



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

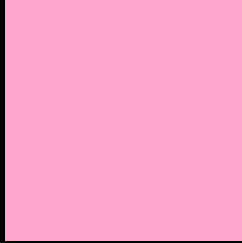
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600.

-1.1600.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600

### Protanopia

72.8837, 0.5129, -10.1619

### Deuteranopia

72.8839, 5.2141, 0.5503



## Tritanopia

72.8361, 27.9851, 8.9033

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600



## Protanomaly

72.3243, 11.6852, -7.3826



## Deuteranomaly

72.4326, 15.4712, -0.3285



## Tritanomaly

72.9441, 30.0989, 5.4109

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600



## Achromatopsia

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598



## Achromatomaly

73.6161, 9.1338, 1.5122

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 166, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 166, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 166, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 166, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 166, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 166, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 166, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 166, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 166, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 166,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 72.7269, 34.1659, -1.1600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 166, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
166, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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