

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.1309, 9.1695,  
-8.2995)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.1309, 9.1695, -8.2995)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.1503, 9.2943,  
-8.2868)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3BCDC
RGB	211, 188, 220
RGB Percent	83%, 74%, 86%
CMY	0.1725, 0.2627, 0.1372
CMYK	0.04, 0.15, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	283°, 31%, 80%
HSV	283°, 15%, 86%
XYZ	57.7655, 54.9827, 75.2784
YIQ	198.5250, 3.4360, 14.8280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

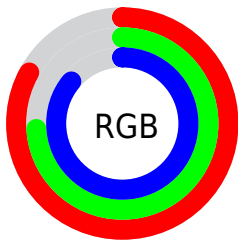
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	211, 188, 220
Decimal	13876444
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	79.03, 13.91, -13.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 19.036, 316.931
Yxy	54.9850, 0.3072, 0.2924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292066524 (0xFFD3BCDC)
YUV	198.5250, 10.5872, 10.9406
Hunter-Lab	74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868

# Details

The HunterLab color  $74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $81.6634, -16.7938, 15.4823$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.3275, -4.0193, 4.0927$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $96.5305, 0.5296, 1.3819$ , and  $52.0696, 8.8615, -8.2933$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67.3752, 19.0140, -17.7364$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $81.2674, -0.2436, 0.6725$ .

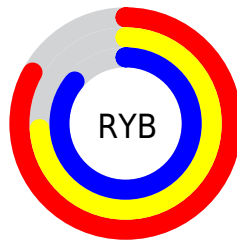
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (74%)

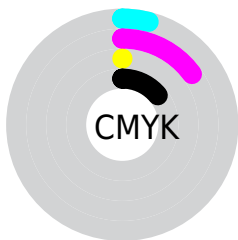
Blue (86%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (86%)

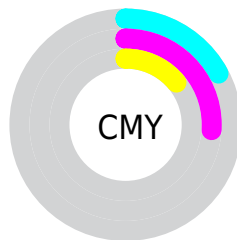


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.1503, 9.2943,  
-8.2868

74.1503, 9.2943,  
-8.2868

201.4585, 7.4324,  
-5.5892

62.7612, 9.2338,  
-8.3453

98.7517, 9.2217,  
-7.9998

52.0222, 9.1033,  
-8.3438

111.9046, 9.1026,  
-7.7817

41.9769, 8.8920,  
-8.2754

125.5947, 8.9332,  
-7.5176

32.6771, 8.5880,  
-8.1339

139.8014, 8.7167,  
-7.2102

24.1882, 8.1754,  
-7.9131

154.5068, 8.4561,  
-6.8617

16.5967, 7.6316,  
-7.6100

169.6945, 8.1538,

10.0247, 6.9247,

-6.4742

-7.2402

185.3496, 7.8119,  
-6.0495

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.1503, 9.2943,  
-8.2868

■ 74.1503, 9.2943,  
-8.2868

■ 67.3752, 19.0140,  
-17.7364

■ 81.2674, -0.2436,  
0.6725

■ 60.9969, 28.8823,  
-27.7246

■ 88.6744, -9.5925,  
9.1995

■ 55.0920, 38.7886,  
-38.2442

■ 96.3356, -18.7699,  
17.3600

■ 49.7523, 48.5025,  
-49.1852

■ 97.1998, -17.3300,  
18.2883

■ 45.0860, 57.6089,

■ 97.7519, -15.3467,

-60.2526

18.8964

■ 41.2072, 65.4657,  
-70.8868

■ 98.3196, -13.3191,  
19.5189

■ 38.2126, 71.2666,  
-80.2652

■ 98.9031, -11.2481,  
20.1555

■ 36.1377, 74.3149,  
-87.5227

■ 98.9684, -11.0171,  
20.2266

■ 35.2829, 75.0681,  
-90.7277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.1519, 1.2167, -13.7652



74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868



74.1519, 13.9098, 0.1634

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.1519, 9.2925, -8.2854



74.1519, 0.0475, 18.5190



74.1519, -20.0049, -0.9889

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868



81.6634, -16.7938, 15.4823

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.1519, -20.2840, 7.7110



74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868



74.1519, -8.9995, 18.2896

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.1519, 9.2925, -8.2854



74.1519, 8.4010, 15.2198



74.1519, -16.3436, 14.5500



74.1519, -15.5619, -9.2163



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868



74.1519, 14.2664, 6.0215



74.1519, -16.3436, 14.5500



74.1519, -20.5810, 1.9946

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.1519, 9.2925, -8.2854



96.5007, -0.8574, 1.3213



74.7154, -2.6002, -7.7380



44.3440, -0.0052, 0.2493

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.1519, 9.2925, -8.2854



85.5292, 13.9485, -12.6364



74.8278, 11.0323, -3.6138



36.1680, 2.0436, -1.6968



27.1379, 57.6490, -69.0877



7.2086, 15.0703, -16.4690



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.3073, 8.2762, 3.7827



85.7587, 12.5425, 4.3855



81.1273, -18.3695, 11.9634



36.2097, 1.7327, 1.8579



30.2485, 52.5283, 13.9124



7.7933, 13.7161, 2.1685



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

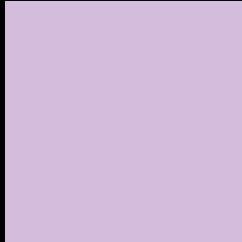
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

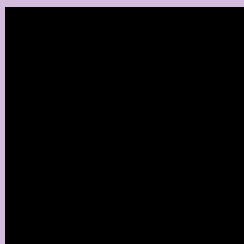
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868.

-8.2868.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868

### Protanopia

74.1901, 0.6489, -10.6308

### Deuteranopia

74.3058, 5.2561, -7.5960



## Tritanopia

74.0203, 4.8512, -0.5678

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868

## Protanomaly

74.1841, 3.6188, -10.0205

## Deuteranomaly

74.3013, 6.7446, -7.5759

## Tritanomaly

73.9932, 6.5915, -3.1472

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868

## Achromatopsia

75.5728, -4.0324, 4.1060

## Achromatomaly

74.9878, 0.6595, -0.4553

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 188, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 188, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 188, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 188, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 188, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 188, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 188, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 188, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 188, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 188,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.1503, 9.2943, -8.2868 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 188, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
188, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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