

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.2884, 4.8706,  
-16.8679)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.2884, 4.8706,  
-16.8679) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.2743, 4.8260,  
-16.8888)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2C0EB
RGB	194, 192, 235
RGB Percent	76%, 75%, 92%
CMY	0.2392, 0.2470, 0.0784
CMYK	0.17, 0.18, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	243°, 52%, 84%
HSV	243°, 18%, 92%
XYZ	56.0931, 55.1667, 86.2890
YIQ	197.5000, -12.6110, 13.7970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

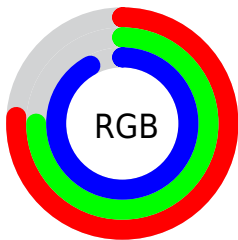
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	194, 192, 235
Decimal	12763371
CIELab	79.14, 9.32, -21.05
CIELCh	79, 23.022, 293.889
Yxy	55.1690, 0.2839, 0.2793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290953451 (0xFFC2C0EB)
YUV	197.5000, 18.4875, -3.0695
Hunter-Lab	74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888

# Details

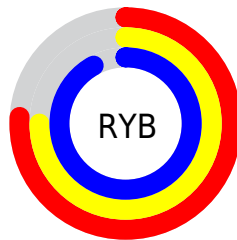
The HunterLab color  $74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $89.7482, -12.2103, 22.1421$ , and the grayscale version is  $74.8638, -3.9945, 4.0675$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97.3982, -2.9376, 2.3735$ , and  $52.2450, 4.8665, -16.1204$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65.5094, 10.7424, -30.5814$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $83.3774, -0.6205, -4.5255$ .

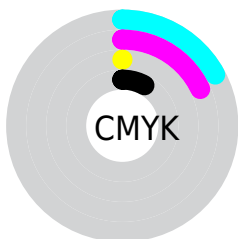
# Distribution



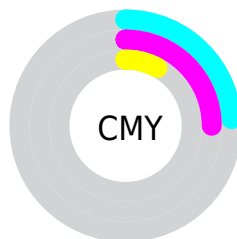
- Red (76%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.2743, 4.8260,  
-16.8888

■ 74.2743, 4.8260,  
-16.8888

201.6314, 1.3611,  
-16.5117

■ 62.8785, 4.9806,  
-16.6642

■ 98.8881, 4.3523,  
-17.1547

■ 52.1323, 5.0759,  
-16.3777

112.0468, 4.0442,  
-17.2052

■ 42.0794, 5.1031,  
-16.0261

125.7424, 3.6925,  
-17.2041

■ 32.7714, 5.0529,  
-15.6110

139.9545, 3.2998,  
-17.1542

■ 24.2736, 4.9120,  
-15.1434

154.6651, 2.8684,  
-17.0579

■ 16.6720, 4.6611,  
-14.6608

169.8578, 2.4004,

■ 10.0884, 4.2703,

-16.9174

-14.2946

185.5177, 1.8975,  
-16.7348

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 74.2743, 4.8260,  
-16.8888

■ 74.2743, 4.8260,  
-16.8888

■ 65.5094, 10.7424,  
-30.5814

■ 83.3774, -0.6205,  
-4.5255

■ 57.1466, 17.2826,  
-46.0300

■ 92.7647, -5.7091,  
6.8258

■ 49.2857, 24.6251,  
-63.7517

■ 99.3872, -8.7032,  
14.2015

■ 42.0708, 32.9376,  
-84.2669

■ 35.7148, 42.2282,

-107.7339

■ 30.5172, 51.9743,  
-132.9887

■ 26.8354, 60.5776,  
-156.0576

■ 24.8687, 65.8091,  
-170.9116

■ 24.6350, 66.5358,  
-172.8202

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.2758, -6.2130, -18.9638



74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888



74.2758, 13.9686, -8.8671

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.2758, 4.8247, -16.8873



74.2758, 8.9596, 18.5743



74.2758, -23.9143, 6.1604

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888



89.7482, -12.2103, 22.1421

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.2758, -20.3475, 14.9847



74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888



74.2758, -1.6943, 21.4468

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.2758, 4.8247, -16.8873



74.2758, 16.4517, 11.7633



74.2758, -12.3682, 20.2355



74.2758, -22.3937, -4.6066



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888



74.2758, 17.5427, -1.7806



74.2758, -12.3682, 20.2355



74.2758, -23.2775, 9.4303

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.2758, 4.8247, -16.8873



94.8155, -2.5466, -0.7798



87.0661, -16.9835, -0.1710



43.5317, -0.9936, -0.7738

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.2758, 4.8247, -16.8873



77.7874, 7.6921, -24.0437



76.2474, 11.3655, -13.9356



38.1868, -0.0021, -2.7435



18.4189, 49.6664, -128.5888



5.2744, 14.0023, -35.1166



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.2603, 17.7321, -9.8715



83.1349, 24.7231, -14.2534



87.8809, -18.9331, 20.1738



39.1165, 3.1115, -1.2369



35.8230, 69.7308, -41.8341

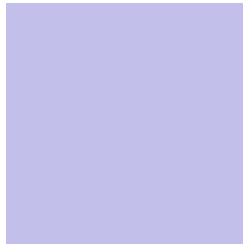


10.0570, 19.6049, -11.9657



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

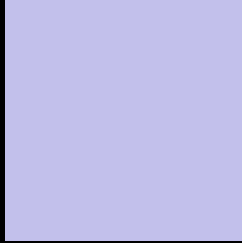
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

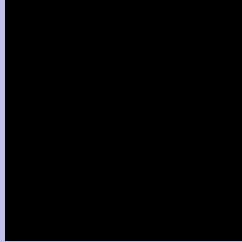
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888.

-16.8888.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888

### Protanopia

74.2997, 1.9305, -17.5086

### Deuteranopia

74.1590, 5.9548, -17.0378



## Tritanopia

74.2836, -2.9790, -3.9941

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888

## Protanomaly

74.2585, 3.3257, -17.5448

## Deuteranomaly

74.0688, 5.6530, -17.1751

## Tritanomaly

74.3464, -0.6503, -8.1972

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888

## Achromatopsia

75.1473, -4.0097, 4.0829

## Achromatomaly

74.8688, -1.0263, -2.6886

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 192, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 192, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 192, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 192, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 192, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 192, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 192, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 192, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 192, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 192,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.2743, 4.8260, -16.8888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 192, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
192, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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