

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.3011, -39.3920,  
-7.8340)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.3011, -39.3920,  
-7.8340) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.2999,  
-39.3902, -7.8362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00DADA
RGB	0, 218, 218
RGB Percent	0%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.9998, 0.1451, 0.1451
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	180°, 100%, 43%
HSV	180°, 100%, 85%
XYZ	37.7263, 55.2048, 74.9968
YIQ	152.8180, -129.9280, -46.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

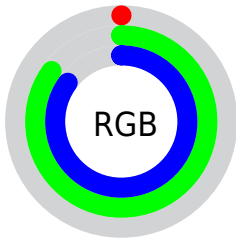
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 109, 218
Decimal	56026
CIELab	79.16, -42.71, -12.56
CIELCh	79, 44.520, 196.385
Yxy	55.2068, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278246106 (0xFF00DADA)
YUV	152.8180, 32.1347, -134.0214
Hunter-Lab	74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362

# Details

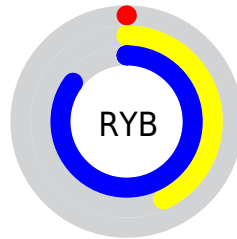
The HunterLab color **74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **38.6099, 66.1130, 24.9461**, and the grayscale version is **56.2853, -3.0032, 3.0581**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.6198, -39.6786, -6.7543**, and **53.3713, -28.0780, -6.0973** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.3010, -39.3912, -7.8355**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.4146, -38.9423, -7.6770**.

# Distribution



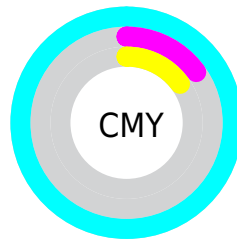
- Red (0%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 74.2999, -39.3902,  
-7.8362


 74.2999, -39.3902,  
-7.8362


201.6669,  
-62.8156, -5.0000


 62.9026, -36.4466,  
-7.9129


 98.9161, -44.9837,  
-7.5156

 52.1549, -33.3723,  
-7.9297


 112.0760,  
-47.6678, -7.2813


 42.1005, -30.1310,  
-7.8800


 125.7727,  
-50.2934, -7.0014

 32.7908, -26.6699,  
-7.7575

 139.9860,  
-52.8699, -6.6786

 24.2911, -22.9088,  
-7.5556

 154.6976,  
-55.4046, -6.3152

 16.6875, -18.7161,  
-7.2700

169.8913,

 10.1015, -17.6776,

-57.9039, -5.9131

-6.9120

185.5523,  
-60.3728, -5.4742

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.2999, -39.3902,  
-7.8362

■ 74.2999, -39.3902,  
-7.8362

■ 74.3010, -39.3912,  
-7.8355

■ 74.4146, -38.9423,  
-7.6770

■ 74.6554, -37.9932,  
-7.3416

■ 75.0639, -36.3912,  
-6.7753

■ 75.6605, -34.0691,  
-5.9540

■ 76.4600, -30.9888,

-4.8640

■ 77.4728, -27.1373,  
-3.5001

■ 78.7055, -22.5234,  
-1.8648

■ 80.1610, -17.1745,  
0.0329

■ 81.8394, -11.1325,  
2.1790

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.3013, -39.8019, 12.6612



74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362



74.3013, -30.2161, -30.1429

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.3013, -39.3903, -7.8352



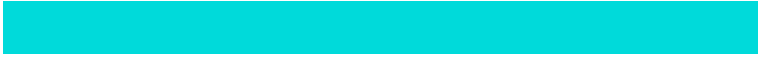
74.3013, 28.1459, -28.2467



74.3013, 5.9427, 32.8658

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362



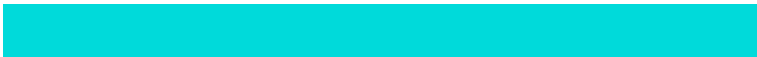
38.6099, 66.1130, 24.9461

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.3013, 26.5190, 27.1242



74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362



74.3013, 40.2816, -5.7466

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.3013, -39.3903, -7.8352



74.3013, 7.9688, -44.0153



74.3013, 39.6547, 14.2377



74.3013, -15.1968, 32.5997



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362



74.3013, -19.7068, -41.3652



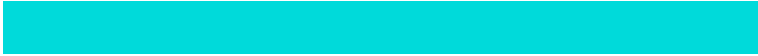
74.3013, 39.6547, 14.2377



74.3013, 13.1997, 31.6637

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.3013, -39.3903, -7.8352



93.9490, -27.0718, -2.2884



70.8296, -60.6494, 42.5818



43.1620, -13.6546, -1.4593

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.3013, -39.3903, -7.8352



88.7355, -47.0437, -9.3577



40.9846, 8.9520, -70.5471



38.5092, -5.0705, 1.0816



57.5095, -30.4890, -6.0648



14.6378, -7.7603, -1.5437



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.6099, 66.1130, 24.9461



46.1086, 78.9623, 29.7942



50.0901, 33.5281, 31.4504



36.1269, 1.2870, 3.0402



29.8830, 51.1755, 19.3096

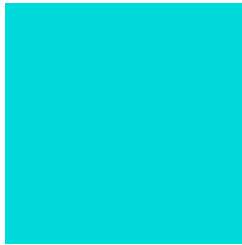


7.6061, 13.0256, 4.9148



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

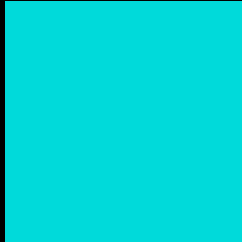
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

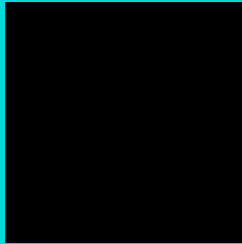
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

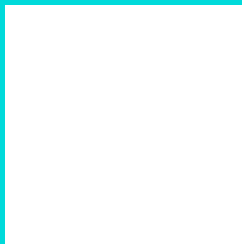
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362.



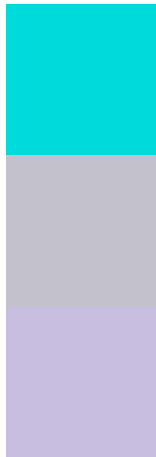
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.2999,

-39.3902, -7.8362.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362

### Protanopia

73.5213, -1.5510, -0.2871

### Deuteranopia

73.7230, 5.1719, -11.1965



## Tritanopia

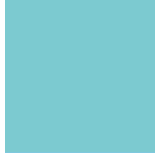
74.4488, -34.1395, -16.1167

# Trichromacy



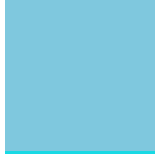
## Original Color

74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362



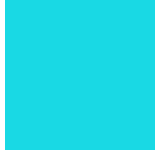
## Protanomaly

71.4704, -23.1291, -5.8696



## Deuteranomaly

71.4804, -18.7318, -13.6036



## Tritanomaly

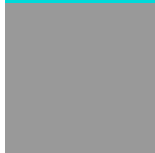
74.4539, -36.2724, -13.2067

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362



## Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



## Achromatomaly

60.9590, -22.9678, -3.2956

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 218, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 218, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 218, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 218, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 218, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 218, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 218, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 218, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 218, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 218,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.2999, -39.3902, -7.8362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 218, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 218,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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