

Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.4528, -1.0304,
4.6227)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(74.4528, -1.0304, 4.6227)
contains.

HunterLab(74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(74.3103, -0.8810,
4.5804)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBC2C3
RGB	203, 194, 195
RGB Percent	80%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.2039, 0.2392, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.20
HSL	353°, 8%, 78%
HSV	353°, 4%, 80%
XYZ	53.7707, 55.2202, 59.4543
YIQ	196.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

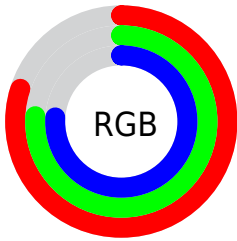
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 194, 195
Decimal	13353667
CIE Lab	79.17, 3.32, 0.61
CIE LCh	79, 3.377, 10.479
Yxy	55.2226, 0.3192, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291543747 (0xFFCBC2C3)
YUV	196.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330
Hunter-Lab	74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804

Details

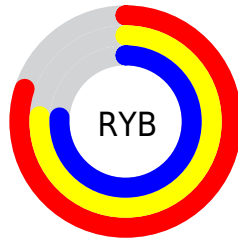
The HunterLab color $74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $76.4505, -7.0840, 3.6476$, and the grayscale version is $74.6429, -3.9828, 4.0555$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98.3156, -3.2098, 4.9865$, and $52.0277, 0.1447, 3.3450$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $67.8433, 6.6148, 5.5926$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81.0871, -8.1277, 3.7684$.

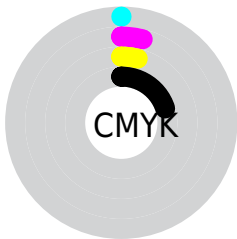
Distribution



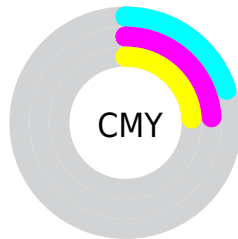
- Red (80%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 74.3103, -0.8810,
4.5804

■ 74.3103, -0.8810,
4.5804

■ 201.6817, -6.4840,
11.7279

■ 62.9126, -0.4379,
3.9319

■ 98.9278, -1.8936,
5.9756

■ 52.1644, -0.0375,
3.3159

■ 112.0882, -2.4542,
6.7172

■ 42.1093, 0.3143,
2.7354

■ 125.7854, -3.0491,
7.4871

■ 32.7989, 0.6117,
2.1928

■ 139.9991, -3.6764,
8.2841

■ 24.2984, 0.8474,
1.6908

■ 154.7112, -4.3348,
9.1075

■ 16.6939, 1.0104,
1.2328

■ 169.9054, -5.0230,

■ 10.1070, 1.0832,

9.9565

0.8232

185.5667, -5.7397,
10.8302

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.3103, -0.8810,
4.5804

■ 74.3103, -0.8810,
4.5804

■ 67.8433, 6.6148,
5.5926

■ 81.0871, -8.1277,
3.7684

■ 61.7345, 14.3745,
6.8347

■ 88.1265, -15.1450,
3.1226

■ 56.0525, 22.3687,
8.3395

■ 95.3968, -21.9655,
2.6178

■ 50.8805, 30.5001,
10.1287

■ 95.6225, -20.9163,
-0.1048

■ 46.3177, 38.5531,

12.1965

■ 42.4746, 46.1436,
14.4861

■ 39.4580, 52.7096,
16.8644

■ 37.3415, 57.6150,
19.1207

■ 36.1252, 60.4094,
21.0117

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.3119, -1.0119, 3.0485



74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804



74.3119, -1.5861, 5.9420

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.3119, -0.8829, 4.5816



74.3119, -5.9793, 6.2626



74.3119, -5.0065, 1.1992

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804



76.4505, -7.0840, 3.6476

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.3119, -6.3224, 2.0967



74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804



74.3119, -6.8807, 5.0278

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.3119, -0.8829, 4.5816



74.3119, -4.5344, 6.8986



74.3119, -7.0057, 3.5044



74.3119, -3.4020, 1.0735

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804



74.3119, -2.4288, 6.5762



74.3119, -7.0057, 3.5044



74.3119, -5.4969, 1.4215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.3119, -0.8829, 4.5816



99.1154, -4.3825, 5.5422



74.4630, 0.1350, 0.8984



45.8756, -2.0494, 2.5616

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.3119, -0.8829, 4.5816



95.6161, -0.5362, 6.0037



75.3198, -2.8009, 6.1837



34.6749, 0.0041, 2.2134



28.5041, 48.9715, 17.1989



6.5278, 11.3213, 3.1156

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.3119, -0.8829, 4.5816



95.6161, -0.5362, 6.0037



75.4211, -5.1790, 1.9672



34.6749, 0.0041, 2.2134



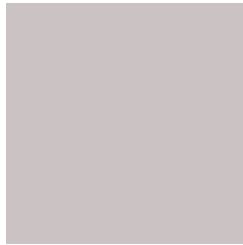
28.5041, 48.9715, 17.1989



6.5278, 11.3213, 3.1156

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

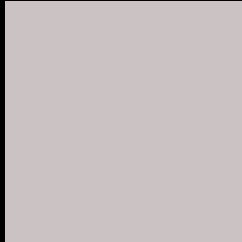
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

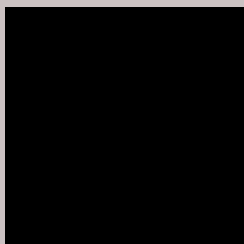
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

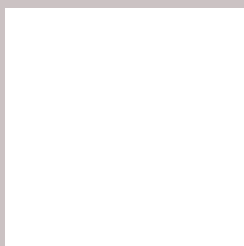
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804.



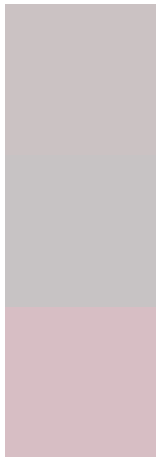
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.3103, -0.8810,

4.5804.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804

Protanopia

74.2683, -2.5097, 4.0279

Deuteranopia

74.3367, 5.3442, 4.2459



Tritanopia

74.2855, 2.8536, -1.2908

Trichromacy



Original Color

74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804

Protanomaly

74.3607, -2.1905, 4.1421

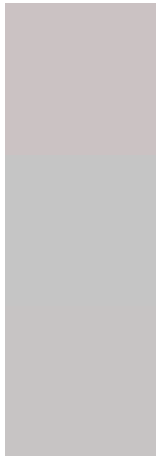
Deuteranomaly

74.2267, 3.4698, 4.0835

Tritanomaly

74.3566, 1.3114, 0.7896

Monochromacy



Original Color

74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804

Achromatopsia

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598

Achromatomaly

74.5704, -3.0166, 4.3741

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 194, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 194, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 194, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 194, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 194, 195) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 194, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 194, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 194, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 194, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 194,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.3103, -0.8810, 4.5804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 194, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
194, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor