

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.4751, -3.1810,  
4.2869)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.4751, -3.1810, 4.2869)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.4790, -3.3338,  
4.2611)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6C4C4
RGB	198, 196, 196
RGB Percent	78%, 77%, 77%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2314, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.22
HSL	0°, 2%, 77%
HSV	0°, 1%, 78%
XYZ	52.9925, 55.4712, 60.1387
YIQ	196.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

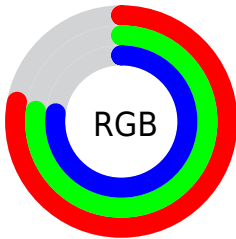
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	198, 196, 196
Decimal	13026500
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	79.31, 0.70, 0.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	79, 0.735, 18.859
Yxy	55.4736, 0.3143, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291216580 (0xFFC6C4C4)
YUV	196.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611

# Details

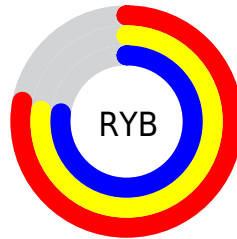
The HunterLab color  $74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $74.9670, -4.6344, 3.8589$ , and the grayscale version is  $74.5537, -3.9780, 4.0506$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99.2987, -4.6273, 5.6200$ , and  $52.1807, -2.1801, 3.0375$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.0384, 3.4966, 6.1021$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $81.2089, -9.8911, 2.5345$ .

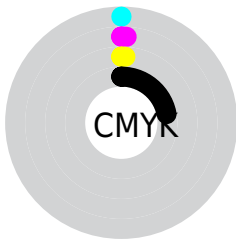
# Distribution



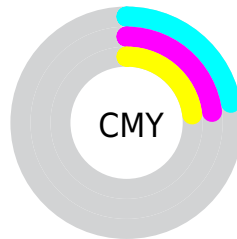
- Red (78%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.4790, -3.3338,  
4.2611

■ 74.4790, -3.3338,  
4.2611

201.9170, -9.8894,  
11.2813

■ 63.0722, -2.7608,  
3.6301

■ 99.1133, -4.5872,  
5.6240

■ 52.3143, -2.2228,  
3.0325

112.2816, -5.2607,  
6.3505

■ 42.2489, -1.7243,  
2.4719

125.9864, -5.9639,  
7.1059

■ 32.9274, -1.2686,  
1.9507

140.2074, -6.6958,  
7.8890

■ 24.4147, -0.8602,  
1.4722

154.9266, -7.4552,  
8.6989

■ 16.7966, -0.5049,  
1.0406

170.1276, -8.2411,

■ 10.1938, -0.2118,

9.5347

0.6617

185.7955, -9.0528,  
10.3958

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.4790, -3.3338,  
4.2611

■ 74.4790, -3.3338,  
4.2611

■ 68.0384, 3.4966,  
6.1021

■ 81.2089, -9.8911,  
2.5345

■ 61.9311, 10.6316,  
8.0658

■ 88.1848, -16.2051,  
0.9043

■ 56.2204, 18.0710,  
10.1579

■ 95.2607, -22.2375,  
-0.5737

■ 50.9832, 25.7640,  
12.3662

■ 46.3133, 33.5632,

14.6473

■ 42.3182, 41.1698,  
16.9079

■ 39.1080, 48.0967,  
18.9920

■ 36.7707, 53.7168,  
20.6958

■ 35.3337, 57.4626,  
21.8325

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.4806, -3.3119, 3.9295



74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611



74.4806, -3.5316, 4.5381

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.4806, -3.3356, 4.2623



74.4806, -4.4878, 4.4771



74.4806, -4.1090, 3.4188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611



74.9670, -4.6344, 3.8589

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.4806, -4.4235, 3.5670



74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611



74.4806, -4.6420, 4.1787

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.4806, -3.3356, 4.2623



74.4806, -4.1971, 4.6618



74.4806, -4.6184, 3.8455



74.4806, -3.7589, 3.4414



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611



74.4806, -3.7335, 4.6531



74.4806, -4.6184, 3.8455



74.4806, -4.2224, 3.4503

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.4806, -3.3356, 4.2623

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



74.5411, -2.9975, 3.3837



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.4806, -3.3356, 4.2623



99.1076, -4.4342, 5.6731



74.7828, -3.8394, 4.6077



35.1990, -1.5980, 2.0070



27.9526, 47.8163, 18.0613



6.0907, 10.3769, 3.9347



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.9670, -4.6344, 3.8589



99.7582, -6.1712, 5.1336



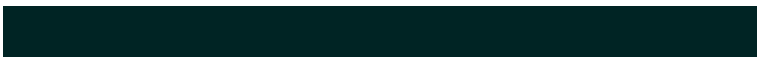
74.6635, -4.1317, 3.5089



35.4125, -2.1680, 1.8300



53.6862, -28.4040, -5.7871

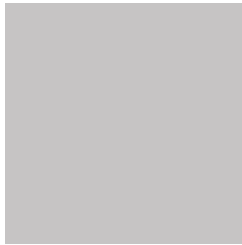


11.6864, -6.1857, -1.2537



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

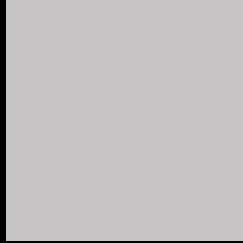
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

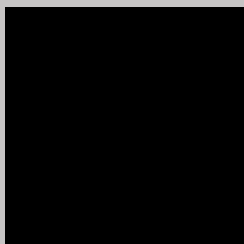
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

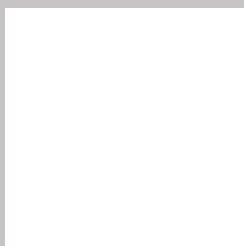
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## HunterLab 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611.



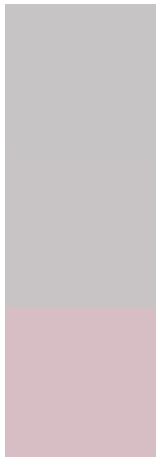
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.4790, -3.3338,

4.2611.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611

### Protanopia

74.3607, -2.1905, 4.1421

### Deuteranopia

74.3675, 5.5087, 3.8075



## Tritanopia

74.4758, 0.5777, -2.1202

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611

## Protanomaly

74.2683, -2.5097, 4.0279

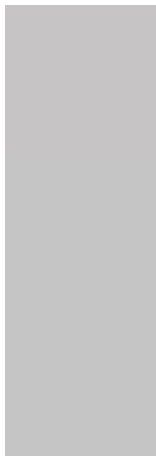
## Deuteranomaly

74.3544, 2.4497, 3.7386

## Tritanomaly

74.5198, -1.1395, 0.4472

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611

## Achromatopsia

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598

## Achromatomaly

74.7222, -3.9870, 4.0598

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 196, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 196, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 196, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 196, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 196, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 196, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 196, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 196, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 196, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 196,  
196) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.4790, -3.3338, 4.2611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 196, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
196, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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