

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.4868, -7.3881,  
-25.5686)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.4868, -7.3881,  
-25.5686) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.4868, -7.3881,  
-25.5686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AC9F9
RGB	154, 201, 249
RGB Percent	60%, 79%, 98%
CMY	0.3961, 0.2118, 0.0235
CMYK	0.38, 0.19, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	210°, 89%, 79%
HSV	210°, 38%, 98%
XYZ	51.3119, 55.4828, 97.6273
YIQ	192.4190, -43.4200, 4.9640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

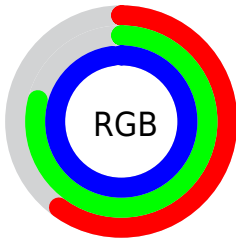
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">154, 185, 249</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10144249</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.32, -3.73, -28.51</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">79, 28.755, 262.548</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.4850, 0.2510, 0.2714</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288334329 (0xFF9AC9F9)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">192.4190, 27.8944, -33.6935</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686</a>

# Details

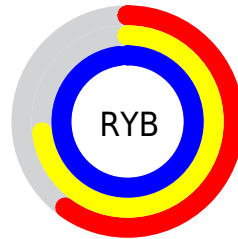
The HunterLab color **74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **80.4457, 5.7140, 27.1369**, and the grayscale version is **72.6803, -3.8780, 3.9489**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.2231, -18.7351, 0.6696**, and **52.2741, -5.7924, -24.4526** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.0378, -6.4272, -34.5408**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.1841, -7.6254, -16.9941**.

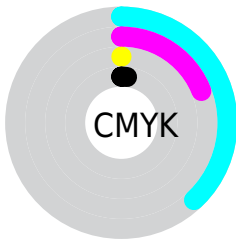
# Distribution



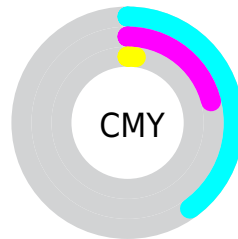
- Red (60%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.4868, -7.3881,  
-25.5686

■ 74.4868, -7.3881,  
-25.5686

201.9276,  
-15.5611, -27.1135

■ 63.0794, -6.5920,  
-25.1318

■ 99.1217, -9.0510,  
-26.2702

■ 52.3211, -5.8185,  
-24.6426

■ 112.2904, -9.9162,  
-26.5393

■ 42.2552, -5.0681,  
-24.1068

125.9955,  
-10.8036, -26.7555

■ 32.9332, -4.3398,  
-23.5422

140.2168,  
-11.7129, -26.9210

■ 24.4200, -3.6321,  
-22.9919

154.9363,  
-12.6437, -27.0376

■ 16.8012, -2.9413,  
-22.5675

170.1376,

■ 10.1977, -2.2584,

-13.5956, -27.1073

-22.6037

185.8059,  
-14.5682, -27.1320

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 74.4868, -7.3881,  
-25.5686

■ 74.4868, -7.3881,  
-25.5686

■ 69.0378, -6.4272,  
-34.5408

■ 80.1841, -7.6254,  
-16.9941

■ 63.8620, -4.6338,  
-43.9369

■ 86.1000, -7.2350,  
-8.7886

■ 58.9932, -1.8979,  
-53.7561

■ 92.2136, -6.3028,  
-0.9133

■ 54.4660, 1.8797,  
-63.9668

■ 98.5063, -4.9020,  
6.6698

■ 50.3126, 6.7605,

■ 99.8096, -6.3797,

-74.4944

8.1515

■ 46.5490, 12.7037,  
-85.2488

■ 45.8838, 13.8705,  
-87.2931

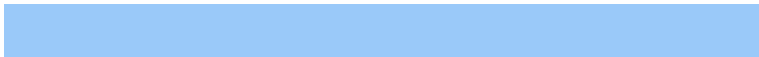
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.4882, -19.4370, -18.8961



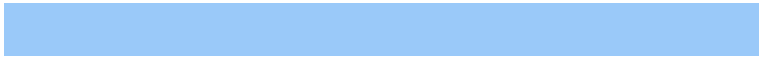
74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686



74.4882, 6.4720, -23.2274

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.4882, -7.3886, -25.5671



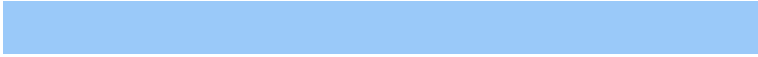
74.4882, 22.1458, 13.0989



74.4882, -23.8946, 17.8286

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686



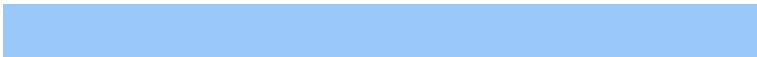
80.4457, 5.7140, 27.1369

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.4882, -13.8828, 23.8024



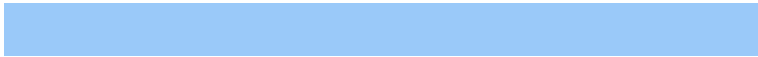
74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686



74.4882, 12.8534, 21.4385

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.4882, -7.3886, -25.5671



74.4882, 24.2000, 0.7061



74.4882, -0.5059, 24.9918



74.4882, -28.5053, 7.2545



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686



74.4882, 14.8270, -17.0411



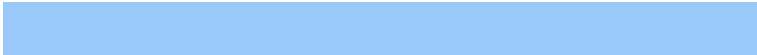
74.4882, -0.5059, 24.9918



74.4882, -21.0856, 20.3562

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.4882, -7.3886, -25.5671



92.9254, -6.8021, -3.2223



88.8050, -39.2191, 16.9345



42.5952, -3.2120, -1.9960

0.0000, NaN, NaN

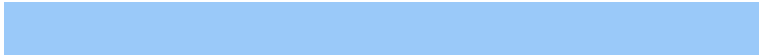


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

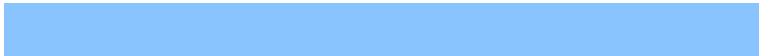


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.4882, -7.3886, -25.5671



72.0815, -6.8773, -33.5228



60.6817, 17.3022, -49.8733



42.4987, -3.0030, -0.9095



33.9895, 9.3075, -62.5761



11.3216, 0.9839, -16.2749



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.8983, 37.8970, -4.4358



65.8213, 48.1200, -5.4982



94.9870, -18.1901, 39.1282



41.6754, 2.4619, 1.0563



34.0252, 60.6106, 3.8364

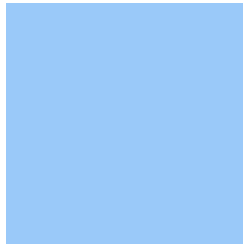


10.4577, 18.8190, -0.2966



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

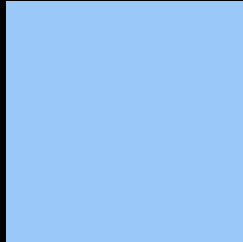
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

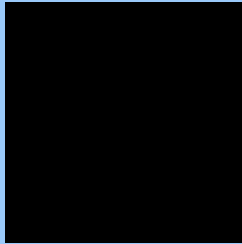
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

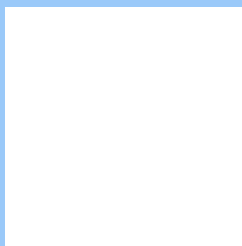
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686.

-25.5686.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686

### Protanopia

74.3677, 2.8009, -22.3613

### Deuteranopia

74.2317, 5.9851, -27.0502



## Tritanopia

74.5785, -17.3292, -9.2887

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686

## Protanomaly

74.4786, -1.3146, -23.5379

## Deuteranomaly

74.1155, 0.8961, -26.6658

## Tritanomaly

74.4956, -13.5902, -15.0951

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686

## Achromatopsia

72.6027, -3.8739, 3.9446

## Achromatomaly

73.0064, -5.7916, -6.2389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 201, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 201, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 201, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 201, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 201, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 201, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 201, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 201, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 201, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 201,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.4868, -7.3881, -25.5686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 201, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
201, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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