

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.5009, -30.8404,  
-26.5442)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.5009, -30.8404,  
-26.5442) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.5003,  
-30.8096, -26.6099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D7FA
RGB	0, 215, 250
RGB Percent	0%, 84%, 98%
CMY	0.9997, 0.1569, 0.0196
CMYK	1.00, 0.14, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	188°, 100%, 49%
HSV	188°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	41.5557, 55.5029, 98.9653
YIQ	154.7050, -139.3750, -34.6950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

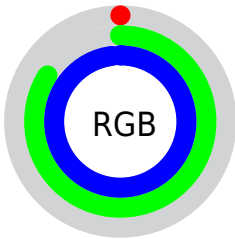
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 116, 250
Decimal	55290
CIELab	79.33, -31.41, -29.37
CIELCh	79, 43.005, 223.074
Yxy	55.5049, 0.2120, 0.2831
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278245370 (0xFF00D7FA)
YUV	154.7050, 46.9804, -135.6763
Hunter-Lab	74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099

# Details

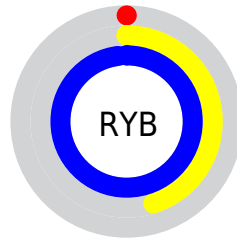
The HunterLab color **74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.4010, 72.7829, 29.8637**, and the grayscale version is **56.9972, -3.0412, 3.0968**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7661, -39.1140, -6.5545**, and **53.8441, -20.6431, -22.7378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.4979, -30.8061, -26.6145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.8381, -31.8363, -24.5347**.

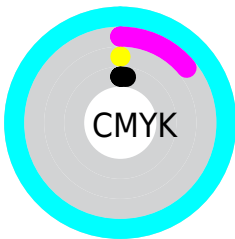
# Distribution



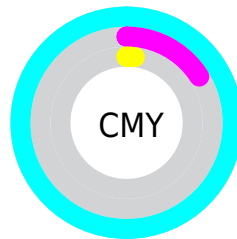
- Red (0%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.5003, -30.8096,  
-26.6099

74.5003, -30.8096,  
-26.6099

201.9463,  
-49.6381, -28.3616

63.0921, -28.5213,  
-26.1521

99.1364, -35.2086,  
-27.3569

52.3330, -26.1525,  
-25.6437

112.3057,  
-37.3427, -27.6492

42.2663, -23.6786,  
-25.0919

126.0114,  
-39.4441, -27.8888

32.9434, -21.0640,  
-24.5169

140.2334,  
-41.5189, -28.0775

24.4292, -18.2537,  
-23.9671

154.9534,  
-43.5720, -28.2173

16.8094, -15.1561,  
-23.5648

170.1552,

10.2046, -14.0977,

-45.6074, -28.3101

-23.6757

185.8240,  
-47.6285, -28.3576

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 74.5003, -30.8096,  
-26.6099

■ 74.5003, -30.8096,  
-26.6099

■ 74.4979, -30.8061,  
-26.6145

■ 75.8381, -31.8363,  
-24.5347

■ 77.3479, -32.2095,  
-22.2307

■ 79.0727, -31.7714,  
-19.6479

■ 81.0294, -30.4667,  
-16.7818

■ 83.2266, -28.2796,

-13.6425

■ 85.6670, -25.2233,  
-10.2497

■ 88.3492, -21.3328,  
-6.6286

■ 91.2679, -16.6582,  
-2.8072

■ 94.4160, -11.2589,  
1.1862

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.5016, -38.8297, -4.9997



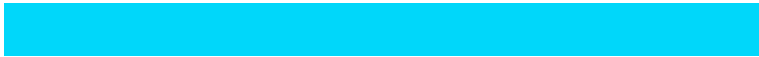
74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099



74.5016, -15.1851, -41.8565

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5016, -30.8093, -26.6087



74.5016, 37.9161, -7.7946



74.5016, -12.7455, 32.2531

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099



46.4010, 72.7829, 29.8637

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.5016, 7.9308, 31.8861



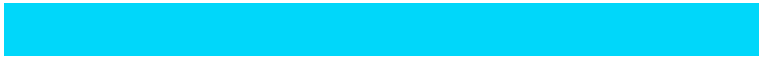
74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099



74.5016, 38.7533, 12.0995

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.5016, -30.8093, -26.6087



74.5016, 25.1074, -29.1286



74.5016, 27.2835, 25.5052

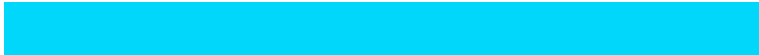


74.5016, -29.1914, 26.6976

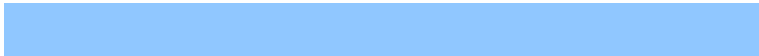


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099



74.5016, -1.8393, -44.3500



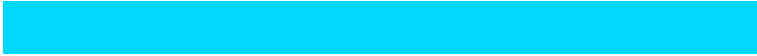
74.5016, 27.2835, 25.5052



74.5016, -6.0952, 32.7618

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5016, -30.8093, -26.6087



90.3431, -21.8446, -6.8022



82.7553, -70.4780, 48.7078



41.2477, -10.9291, -3.8823

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

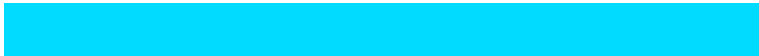


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5016, -30.8093, -26.6087



76.1809, -31.4907, -27.2402



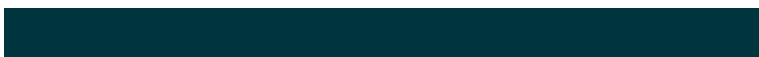
38.0883, 32.0365, -116.7578



43.7832, -5.0855, 0.6390



54.4050, -22.6285, -19.1531



16.8869, -7.3121, -5.3224



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2317, 95.7827, -43.2563



51.3710, 97.9601, -44.2117



67.0083, 20.4925, 41.6472



41.8094, 3.1799, -0.8485



36.6046, 69.8396, -31.7969

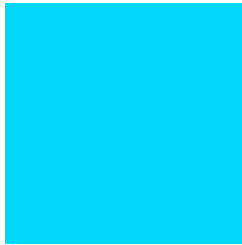


11.1898, 21.4295, -10.3407



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

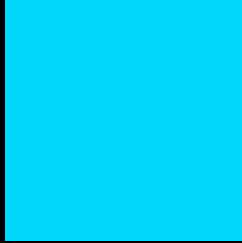
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

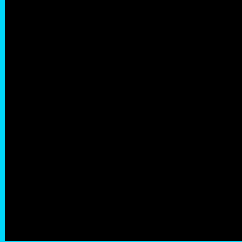
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099.

-30.8096, -26.6099.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099

### Protanopia

73.8764, 1.9523, -17.5223

### Deuteranopia

73.9885, 5.5152, -30.1251



## Tritanopia

74.5428, -35.4701, -16.6022

# Trichromacy



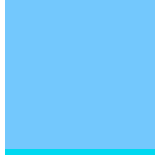
## Original Color

74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099



## Protanomaly

72.0528, -16.8760, -23.7325



## Deuteranomaly

72.1424, -13.7832, -32.1605



## Tritanomaly

74.4332, -33.6520, -20.3901

# Monochromacy



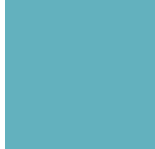
## Original Color

74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099



## Achromatopsia

57.2519, -3.0548, 3.1106



## Achromatomaly

61.4936, -20.0614, -9.4286

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 215, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 215, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 215, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 215, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 215, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 215, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 215, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 215, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 215, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 215,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.5003, -30.8096, -26.6099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 215, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 215,  
250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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