

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.5035, 2.4443,  
2.8603)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.5035, 2.4443, 2.8603)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.4165, 2.7841,  
2.8541)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1C0C7
RGB	209, 192, 199
RGB Percent	82%, 75%, 78%
CMY	0.1804, 0.2470, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.05, 0.18
HSL	335°, 16%, 79%
HSV	335°, 8%, 82%
XYZ	55.4530, 55.3782, 61.7993
YIQ	197.8810, 7.8850, 5.7810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

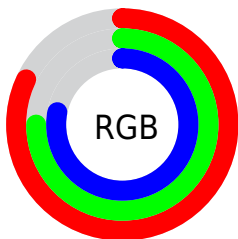
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 192, 199
Decimal	13746375
CIE Lab	79.26, 7.20, -1.35
CIE LCh	79, 7.324, 349.369
Yxy	55.3806, 0.3212, 0.3208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291936455 (0xFFD1C0C7)
YUV	197.8810, 0.5517, 9.7514
Hunter-Lab	74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541

# Details

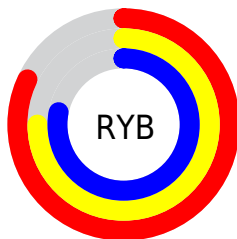
The HunterLab color  $74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $78.1493, -10.6762, 5.5734$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.0935, -4.0068, 4.0800$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97.7828, -1.6112, 2.8603$ , and  $52.4196, 3.1385, 2.0566$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.0413, 11.6144, 1.3074$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $81.1261, -5.8602, 4.7035$ .

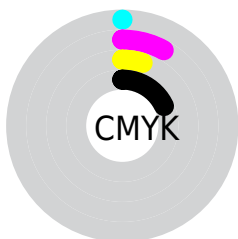
# Distribution



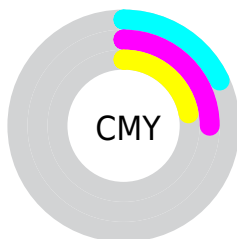
- Red (82%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 74.4165, 2.7841,  
2.8541

 74.4165, 2.7841,  
2.8541


201.8299, -1.4366,  
9.3257

 63.0131, 3.0399,  
2.2979


 99.0446, 2.1199,  
4.0782

 52.2588, 3.2425,  
1.7797


112.2100, 1.7226,  
4.7398

 42.1972, 3.3837,  
1.3037


125.9120, 1.2850,  
5.4327

 32.8798, 3.4554,  
0.8738

140.1303, 0.8094,  
6.1557

 24.3716, 3.4460,  
0.4951

154.8468, 0.2977,  
6.9074

 16.7585, 3.3389,  
0.1747

170.0453, -0.2481,

 10.1616, 3.1074,

7.6870

-0.0766

185.7108, -0.8267,  
8.4933

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.4165, 2.7841,  
2.8541

■ 74.4165, 2.7841,  
2.8541

■ 68.0413, 11.6144,  
1.3074

■ 81.1261, -5.8602,  
4.7035

■ 62.0528, 20.6056,  
0.1363

■ 88.1193, -14.3127,  
6.7926

■ 56.5234, 29.6669,  
-0.5611

■ 95.3612, -22.5910,  
9.0775

■ 51.5385, 38.6135,  
-0.6701

■ 95.8460, -20.5528,  
3.6696

■ 47.1963, 47.1191,

■ 96.0705, -19.2879,

-0.0697

0.4733

■ 43.5996, 54.6882,  
1.3380

■ 40.8375, 60.6986,  
3.5769

■ 38.9547, 64.5725,  
6.5403

■ 37.8818, 66.1732,  
9.9382

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.4181, 1.2220, -0.2568



74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541



74.4181, 2.5065, 6.1508

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.4181, 2.7821, 2.8554



74.4181, -6.2020, 9.8622



74.4181, -8.3231, -0.9934

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541



78.1493, -10.6762, 5.5734

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.4181, -10.2415, 1.8878



74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541



74.4181, -9.0327, 8.1154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.4181, 2.7821, 2.8554



74.4181, -2.7243, 10.0943



74.4181, -10.4988, 5.2267



74.4181, -5.2170, -2.5463



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541



74.4181, 1.3204, 8.0130



74.4181, -10.4988, 5.2267



74.4181, -9.1258, -0.1420

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.4181, 2.7821, 2.8554



98.2839, -3.1567, 4.9504



74.0610, 2.2175, -2.6166



45.5098, -1.5105, 2.3012

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.4181, 2.7821, 2.8554



91.5788, 5.6588, 3.1590



74.6244, 0.9018, 6.3750



34.4787, 1.8271, 1.2368



29.6495, 52.2366, 7.8344



7.1214, 12.7550, 0.2660



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.4181, 2.7821, 2.8554



91.5788, 5.6588, 3.1590



77.9232, -8.7656, 1.9645



34.4787, 1.8271, 1.2368



29.6495, 52.2366, 7.8344

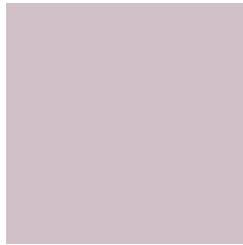


7.1214, 12.7550, 0.2660



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

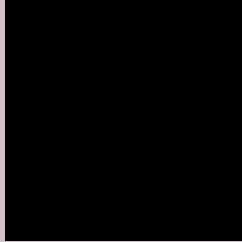
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.4165, 2.7841,

2.8541.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541

### Protanopia

74.3324, -1.9768, 1.6927

### Deuteranopia

74.3280, 5.5007, 2.7960



## Tritanopia

74.4443, 4.8361, -0.5490

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541

## Protanomaly

74.3709, -0.3636, 2.2576

## Deuteranomaly

74.4192, 4.3048, 2.8840

## Tritanomaly

74.3472, 4.3154, 0.8307

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541

## Achromatopsia

75.1473, -4.0097, 4.0829

## Achromatomaly

74.9090, -1.7235, 3.8420

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 192, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 192, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 192, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 192, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 192, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 192, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 192, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 192, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 192, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 192,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.4165, 2.7841, 2.8541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 192, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
192, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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