

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.5387, 31.8745,  
-20.3309)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.5387, 31.8745,  
-20.3309) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.5387, 31.8745,  
-20.3309)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2AEF2
RGB	242, 174, 242
RGB Percent	95%, 68%, 95%
CMY	0.0510, 0.3176, 0.0510
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	300°, 72%, 82%
HSV	300°, 28%, 95%
XYZ	67.7810, 55.5602, 91.1562
YIQ	202.0840, 18.7000, 35.5640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

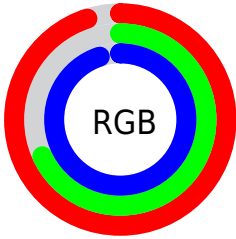
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 174, 242
Decimal	15904498
CIE Lab	79.36, 35.66, -24.08
CIE LCh	79, 43.029, 325.975
Yxy	55.5626, 0.3160, 0.2590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294094578 (0xFFF2AEF2)
YUV	202.0840, 19.6786, 35.0063
Hunter-Lab	74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309

# Details

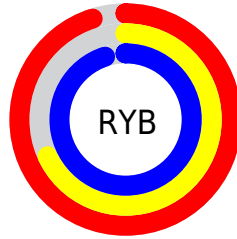
The HunterLab color  $74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $86.9257, -35.3798, 25.6284$ , and the grayscale version is  $76.8021, -4.0980, 4.1728$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $92.2354, 8.0919, -3.8383$ , and  $52.4730, 29.6413, -19.6369$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.5850, 45.2966, -29.5656$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $81.0991, 18.5012, -11.1180$ .

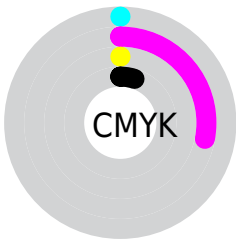
# Distribution



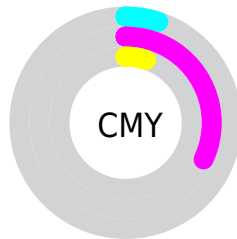
- Red (95%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.5387, 31.8745,  
-20.3309

74.5387, 31.8745,  
-20.3309

202.0003, 37.1797,  
-20.7535

63.1287, 30.8858,  
-20.0148

99.1790, 33.5638,  
-20.7806

52.3674, 29.7938,  
-19.6396

112.3501, 34.2838,  
-20.9226

42.2983, 28.5862,  
-19.2046

126.0576, 34.9283,  
-21.0121

32.9729, 27.2530,  
-18.7169

140.2812, 35.5024,  
-21.0515

24.4559, 25.7878,  
-18.1979

155.0028, 36.0108,  
-21.0434

16.8329, 24.2002,  
-17.7096

170.2062, 36.4576,

10.2246, 22.5684,

-20.9896

-17.4498

185.8765, 36.8461,  
-20.8924

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 74.5387, 31.8745,  
-20.3309

■ 74.5387, 31.8745,  
-20.3309

■ 68.5850, 45.2966,  
-29.5656

■ 81.0991, 18.5012,  
-11.1180

■ 63.3319, 58.4363,  
-38.5959

■ 88.1741, 5.3699,  
-2.0605

■ 58.8851, 70.7633,  
-47.0589

■ 95.6918, -7.4383,  
6.7853

■ 55.3397, 81.5720,  
-54.4731

■ 98.3913, -11.8003,  
9.8003

■ 52.7589, 90.0966,

■ 98.3913, -11.8003,

-60.3167

9.8002

■ 51.1444, 95.7531,  
-64.1923

■ 98.3913, -11.8002,  
9.8001

■ 50.3868, 98.5019,  
-66.0751

■ 98.3913, -11.8002,  
9.8000

■ 50.2875, 98.8668,  
-66.3251

■ 98.3913, -11.8002,  
9.8000

■ 98.3913, -11.8001,  
9.7999

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.5403, 14.2225, -38.5229



74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309



74.5403, 39.9164, 1.3565

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5403, 31.8723, -20.3291



74.5403, -1.1730, 32.7617



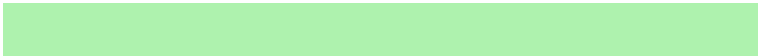
74.5403, -36.4299, -14.4581

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309



86.9257, -35.3798, 25.6284

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.5403, -39.6052, 6.6609



74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309



74.5403, -20.5901, 30.6570

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.5403, 31.8723, -20.3291



74.5403, 19.5685, 29.0686



74.5403, -34.1235, 22.2527



74.5403, -24.9277, -34.5363



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309



74.5403, 38.1712, 13.7241



74.5403, -34.1235, 22.2527



74.5403, -38.4488, -7.1069

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5403, 31.8723, -20.3291



93.6311, 5.5954, -2.1153



67.5902, 10.1213, -31.8636



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5403, 31.8723, -20.3291



75.2304, 42.3804, -27.4626



73.2844, 25.5465, -2.6762



40.0393, 3.2867, -1.5125



36.8577, 72.4634, -48.6123



10.6308, 20.9005, -14.0212



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5403, 31.8723, -20.3291



75.2304, 42.3804, -27.4626



87.7831, -30.4054, 13.2527



40.0393, 3.2867, -1.5125



36.8577, 72.4634, -48.6123



10.6308, 20.9005, -14.0212



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

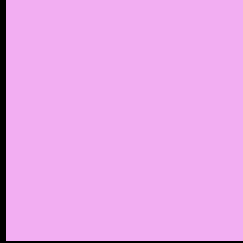
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

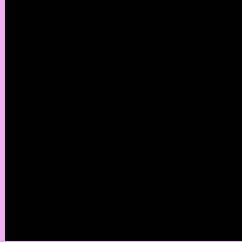
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309.



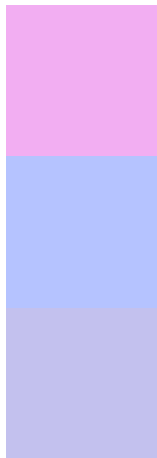
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309.

-20.3309.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309

### Protanopia

74.8826, 3.9252, -28.6969

### Deuteranopia

74.7764, 5.2267, -17.9683



## Tritanopia

74.6532, 16.6544, 4.3400

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309



## Protanomaly

74.2558, 13.4522, -26.2227



## Deuteranomaly

74.3955, 14.4648, -18.9852



## Tritanomaly

74.5813, 21.6798, -3.7078

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309



## Achromatopsia

76.8517, -4.1006, 4.1755



## Achromatomaly

75.8029, 8.6073, -4.4854

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 174, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 174, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 174, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 174, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 174, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 174, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 174, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 174, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 174, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 174,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.5387, 31.8745, -20.3309 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 174, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
174, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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