

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.5604, -63.5777,  
44.8295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.5604, -63.5777,  
44.8295) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.5576,  
-63.5831, 44.8289)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0FE400
RGB	15, 228, 0
RGB Percent	6%, 89%, 0%
CMY	0.9412, 0.1059, 0.9999
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 1.00, 0.11
HSL	116°, 100%, 45%
HSV	116°, 100%, 89%
XYZ	27.9404, 55.5884, 9.2570
YIQ	138.3210, -53.7600, -116.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

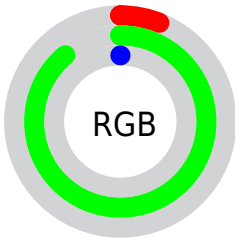
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 228, 213
Decimal	1041408
CIELab	79.38, -78.66, 76.50
CIELCh	79, 109.727, 135.797
Yxy	55.5907, 0.3011, 0.5991
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279231488 (0xFF0FE400)
YUV	138.3210, -68.1923, -108.1525
Hunter-Lab	74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289

# Details

The HunterLab color **74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **44.4454, 88.7133, -68.9775**, and the grayscale version is **50.8218, -2.7117, 2.7612**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.0936, -61.1066, 46.4586**, and **53.9683, -46.2779, 32.4449** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.5589, -63.5851, 44.8297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.7869, -62.5300, 44.3530**.

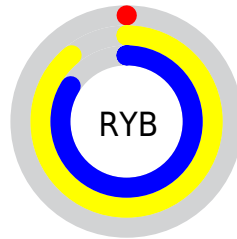
# Distribution



Red (6%)

Green (89%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (84%)

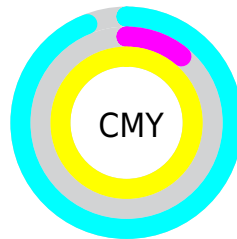


Cyan (93%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (94%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.5576, -63.5831,  
44.8289

■ 74.5576, -63.5831,  
44.8289

202.0265,  
-102.3775, 84.0200

■ 63.1465, -58.4321,  
39.6855

■ 99.1997, -73.1919,  
54.5118

■ 52.3841, -52.9803,  
34.3147

■ 112.3717,  
-77.7203, 59.0937

■ 42.3139, -47.1562,  
28.7737

■ 126.0800,  
-82.1007, 63.5287

■ 32.9872, -40.8594,  
23.0911

■ 140.3044,  
-86.3535, 67.8337

■ 24.4689, -33.9492,  
17.1282

■ 155.0268,  
-90.4949, 72.0235

■ 16.8444, -28.2165,  
11.7911

■ 170.2310,

■ 10.2343, -17.9100,

-94.5388, 76.1106

7.1640

185.9020,  
-98.4964, 80.1063

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.5576, -63.5831,  
44.8289

■ 74.5576, -63.5831,  
44.8289

■ 74.5589, -63.5851,  
44.8297

■ 74.7869, -62.5300,  
44.3530


■ 75.2138, -60.5398,  
43.2789


■ 75.8749, -57.4569,  
41.4202


■ 76.7918, -53.2108,  
38.7048


■ 77.9789, -47.7809,

35.1020

 79.4443, -41.1895,  
30.6160

 81.1911, -33.4932,  
25.2791

 83.2177, -24.7753,  
19.1457

 85.5188, -15.1361,  
12.2850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.5591, -29.6000, 49.9837



74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289



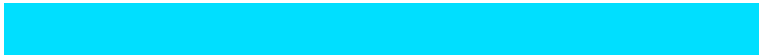
74.5591, -78.9565, 24.0394

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5591, -63.5841, 44.8291



74.5591, -27.2413, -162.7900



74.5591, 120.6483, 25.8116

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289



44.4454, 88.7133, -68.9775

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.5591, 121.8020, -23.6629



74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289



74.5591, 25.6422, -160.9139

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.5591, -63.5841, 44.8291



74.5591, -62.2727, -103.3173



74.5591, 83.4039, -99.2118



74.5591, 80.5886, 45.3580



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289



74.5591, -80.3601, -6.3438



74.5591, 83.4039, -99.2118



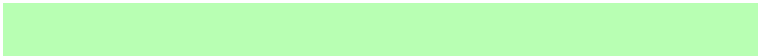
74.5591, 125.9088, 13.1490

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5591, -63.5841, 44.8291



92.1336, -38.2102, 28.8288



79.9910, -15.5963, 49.0164



42.2192, -19.4564, 14.5761

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5591, -63.5841, 44.8291



84.6385, -72.2229, 50.8895



75.0910, -60.1234, 35.9335



40.1673, -6.8491, 5.5830



56.6712, -48.2502, 34.0758



15.4572, -12.8953, 9.2989



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.4454, 88.7133, -68.9775



50.4399, 100.6935, -78.3638



42.5277, 76.5662, -1.5141



38.1635, 2.8897, -1.5147



33.8025, 67.4563, -52.3307

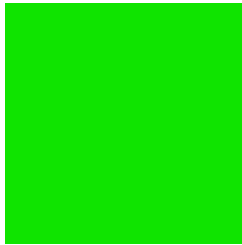


9.2680, 18.4506, -14.0022



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

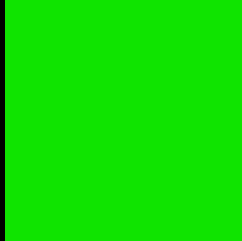
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

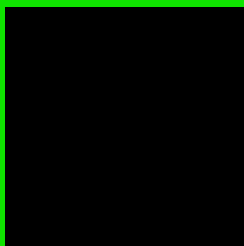
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289.

-63.5831, 44.8289.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289

### Protanopia

73.6518, -10.0624, 45.2077

### Deuteranopia

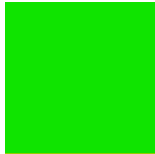
73.7103, 5.5521, 43.1799



## Tritanopia

74.3175, -27.9522, -13.8347

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289



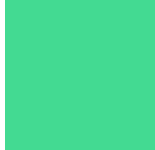
## Protanomaly

71.1656, -39.2851, 43.1641



## Deuteranomaly

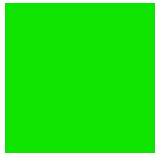
70.3202, -32.1050, 41.6759



## Tritanomaly

73.0831, -48.3348, 22.1256

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289



## Achromatopsia

50.4135, -2.6899, 2.7391



## Achromatomaly

56.7076, -33.6443, 24.7010

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 228, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 228, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 228, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 228, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 228, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 228, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 228, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 228, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 228, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 228, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.5576, -63.5831, 44.8289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 228, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 228,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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