

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.5717, 0.9853,  
7.0058)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.5717, 0.9853, 7.0058)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.5675, 1.2912,  
6.7792)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2C1BF
RGB	210, 193, 191
RGB Percent	82%, 76%, 75%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2431, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.09, 0.18
HSL	6°, 17%, 79%
HSV	6°, 9%, 82%
XYZ	55.0523, 55.6031, 57.1211
YIQ	197.8550, 10.7740, 2.9820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

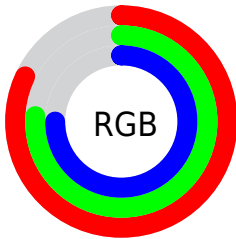
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 193, 191
Decimal	13812159
CIE Lab	79.39, 5.63, 3.16
CIE LCh	79, 6.459, 29.285
Yxy	55.6056, 0.3281, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292002239 (0xFFD2C1BF)
YUV	197.8550, -3.3795, 10.6512
Hunter-Lab	74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792

# Details

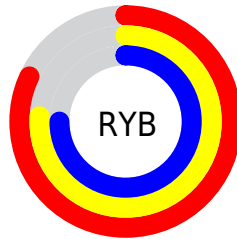
The HunterLab color  $74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $78.0001, -9.0917, 1.5566$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.0977, -4.0070, 4.0802$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97.8401, -3.5495, 6.9020$ , and  $52.4973, 1.5769, 5.2203$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.5282, 7.7430, 9.4583$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $80.8935, -4.8565, 4.1077$ .

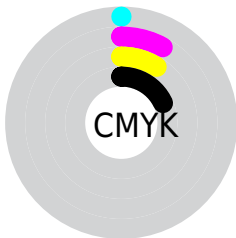
# Distribution



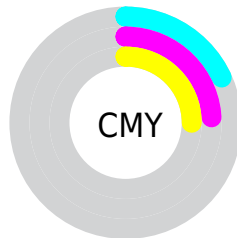
- Red (82%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.5675, 1.2912,  
6.7792

■ 74.5675, 1.2912,  
6.7792

202.0404, -3.4901,  
14.8272

■ 63.1560, 1.6227,  
6.0067

■ 99.2107, 0.4857,  
8.4035

■ 52.3930, 1.9054,  
5.2588

112.3831, 0.0222,  
9.2519

■ 42.3222, 2.1318,  
4.5370

126.0919, -0.4792,  
10.1242

■ 32.9948, 2.2947,  
3.8409

140.3167, -1.0163,  
11.0200

■ 24.4758, 2.3843,  
3.1698

155.0396, -1.5875,  
11.9386

■ 16.8505, 2.3859,  
2.5211

170.2441, -2.1910,

■ 10.2394, 2.2765,

12.8797

1.8935

185.9156, -2.8257,  
13.8427

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.5675, 1.2912,  
6.7792

■ 74.5675, 1.2912,  
6.7792

■ 68.5282, 7.7430,  
9.4583

■ 80.8935, -4.8565,  
4.1077

■ 62.8165, 14.5257,  
12.1236

■ 87.4642, -10.7259,  
1.4483

■ 57.4908, 21.6313,  
14.7426

■ 94.2511, -16.3538,  
-1.1949

■ 52.6194, 29.0033,  
17.2579

■ 96.1466, -19.0120,  
0.5713

■ 48.2826, 36.4989,

19.5790

■ 44.5686, 43.8503,  
21.5776

■ 41.5638, 50.6439,  
23.0988

■ 39.3334, 56.3600,  
24.0018

■ 37.8903, 60.4869,  
24.3169

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.5691, 2.0732, 3.9881



74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792



74.5691, -0.9129, 8.7724

# Triad

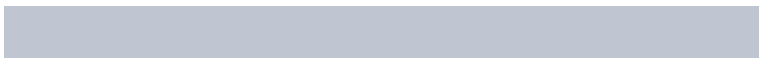
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5691, 1.2891, 6.7804



74.5691, -9.0398, 6.8983



74.5691, -4.0573, -1.8380

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792



78.0001, -9.0917, 1.5566

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.5691, -7.0039, -0.9836



74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792



74.5691, -9.8516, 4.1298

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.5691, 1.2891, 6.7804



74.5691, -6.8769, 8.8385



74.5691, -9.1123, 1.2310



74.5691, -1.0439, -1.0594



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792



74.5691, -2.8710, 9.4196



74.5691, -9.1123, 1.2310



74.5691, -5.0882, -1.7317

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5691, 1.2891, 6.7804



97.5850, -3.0416, 6.4421



74.5138, 5.2055, -1.5282



44.8510, -1.1210, 3.1053

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

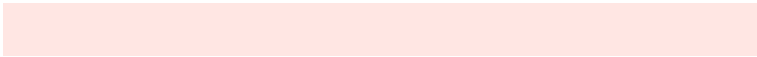


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5691, 1.2891, 6.7804



91.2939, 3.2416, 9.1383



77.3906, -3.5084, 9.8637



34.6497, 0.7061, 3.2048



29.6349, 47.0694, 19.0849



7.4881, 9.6179, 4.7825

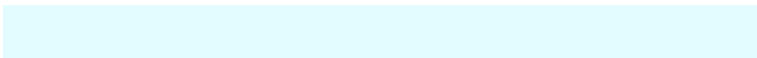


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.0001, -9.0917, 1.5566



96.5349, -12.6223, 1.1570



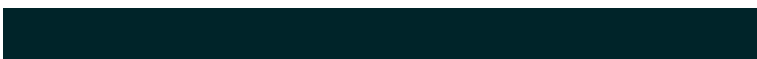
75.0955, -4.3655, -1.9432



36.3114, -4.3219, 0.6747



49.8272, -22.3907, -13.9445



12.0448, -5.6246, -2.9131



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

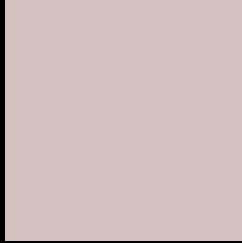
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5675, 1.2912,

6.7792.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792

### Protanopia

74.6643, -2.8726, 5.8942

### Deuteranopia

74.5239, 5.7298, 6.3465



## Tritanopia

74.6424, 5.5010, -0.2918

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792

## Protanomaly

74.6146, -1.5558, 6.3230

## Deuteranomaly

74.5080, 4.1772, 6.3011

## Tritanomaly

74.6761, 3.7874, 2.2083

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792

## Achromatopsia

75.1473, -4.0097, 4.0829

## Achromatomaly

74.8175, -2.2226, 5.1486

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 193, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 193, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 193, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 193, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 193, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 193, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 193, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 193, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 193, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 193,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.5675, 1.2912, 6.7792 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 193, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
193, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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