

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.6938, 7.3933,  
-6.3081)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.6938, 7.3933, -6.3081)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.5590, 7.5322,  
-6.6711)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D2BEDA
RGB	210, 190, 218
RGB Percent	82%, 75%, 85%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2549, 0.1451
CMYK	0.04, 0.13, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	283°, 27%, 80%
HSV	283°, 13%, 85%
XYZ	57.6466, 55.5904, 74.0213
YIQ	199.1720, 2.9320, 12.9480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

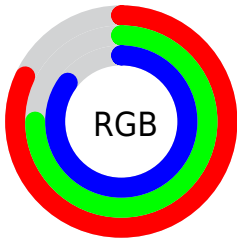
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 190, 218
Decimal	13811418
CIE Lab	79.38, 12.11, -11.41
CIE LCh	79, 16.639, 316.714
Yxy	55.5928, 0.3078, 0.2969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292001498 (0xFFD2BEDA)
YUV	199.1720, 9.2822, 9.4962
Hunter-Lab	74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711

# Details

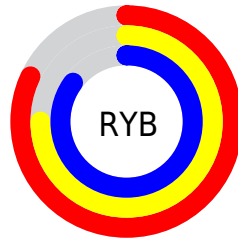
The HunterLab color  $74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $81.1589, -15.2193, 14.1528$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.6083, -4.0343, 4.1079$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97.1553, -0.5419, 2.1218$ , and  $52.4445, 7.1787, -6.7315$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67.7850, 17.0844, -15.9497$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $81.6612, -1.8386, 2.1280$ .

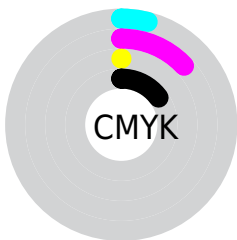
# Distribution



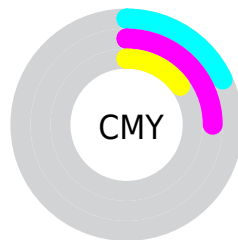
- Red (82%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.5590, 7.5322,  
-6.6711

■ 74.5590, 7.5322,  
-6.6711

202.0285, 5.0334,  
-3.4727

■ 63.1479, 7.5570,  
-6.7937

■ 99.2013, 7.3000,  
-6.2616

■ 52.3854, 7.5163,  
-6.8584

112.3733, 7.1058,  
-5.9850

■ 42.3151, 7.3999,  
-6.8579

126.0817, 6.8640,  
-5.6641

■ 32.9883, 7.1968,  
-6.7857

140.3062, 6.5775,  
-5.3013

■ 24.4699, 6.8922,  
-6.6341

155.0287, 6.2491,  
-4.8990

■ 16.8453, 6.4647,  
-6.3962

170.2329, 5.8810,

■ 10.2350, 5.8827,

-4.4590

-6.0745

185.9040, 5.4752,  
-3.9830

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.5590, 7.5322,  
-6.6711

■ 74.5590, 7.5322,  
-6.6711

■ 67.7850, 17.0844,  
-15.9497

■ 81.6612, -1.8386,  
2.1280

■ 61.3910, 26.7945,  
-25.7625

■ 89.0423, -11.0255,  
10.5074

■ 55.4495, 36.5697,  
-36.1167

■ 96.5344, -19.8457,  
18.3974

■ 50.0485, 46.2103,  
-46.9298

■ 97.0722, -17.8987,  
18.9887

■ 45.2924, 55.3446,

■ 97.6262, -15.9053,

-57.9518

19.5948

■ 41.2949, 63.3789,  
-68.6798

■ 98.1960, -13.8668,  
20.2154

■ 38.1582, 69.5307,  
-78.3337

■ 98.7818, -11.7843,  
20.8503

■ 35.9332, 73.0562,  
-86.0247

■ 98.9151, -11.3120,  
20.9944

■ 34.7866, 74.1242,  
-90.3202

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.5606, 0.4864, -11.3341



74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711



74.5606, 11.5616, 0.6224

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.5606, 7.5304, -6.6697



74.5606, -0.4199, 16.9235



74.5606, -18.1292, -0.2668

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711



81.1589, -15.2193, 14.1528

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.5606, -18.3488, 7.3386



74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711



74.5606, -8.3483, 16.7393

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.5606, 7.5304, -6.6697



74.5606, 6.8429, 13.9298



74.5606, -14.8364, 13.3969



74.5606, -14.2232, -7.3794



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711



74.5606, 11.8921, 5.7466



74.5606, -14.8364, 13.3969



74.5606, -18.6307, 2.3300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.5606, 7.5304, -6.6697



96.4963, -0.8726, 1.3156



75.2215, -3.0739, -5.9847



44.3416, -0.0135, 0.2462

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.5606, 7.5304, -6.6697



87.1566, 11.5878, -10.4505



75.1720, 9.1714, -2.8562



36.1638, 2.0296, -1.7024



27.0311, 57.5103, -69.4990



7.1851, 15.0390, -16.5530



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.7074, 6.7001, 3.7491



87.3731, 10.4270, 4.3724



80.6589, -16.7219, 11.1937



36.2110, 1.7399, 1.8389



30.2594, 52.5683, 13.7533

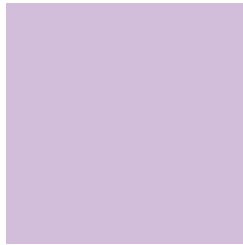


7.7967, 13.7285, 2.1193



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

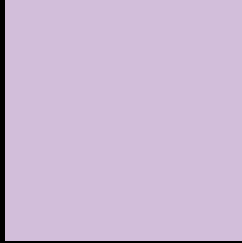
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

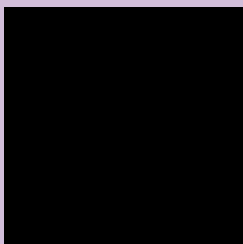
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

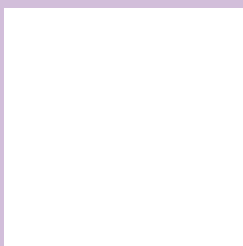
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711.

-6.6711.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711

### Protanopia

74.5574, 0.1446, -8.4542

### Deuteranopia

74.4616, 5.7079, -6.8321



## Tritanopia

74.5749, 3.8318, -0.9126

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711

## Protanomaly

74.4643, 2.8270, -7.9781

## Deuteranomaly

74.5580, 6.0304, -6.6988

## Tritanomaly

74.5118, 5.3942, -3.0300

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711

## Achromatopsia

75.5728, -4.0324, 4.1060

## Achromatomaly

75.2546, -0.0309, 0.3660

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 190, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 190, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 190, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 190, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 190, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 190, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 190, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 190, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 190, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 190,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.5590, 7.5322, -6.6711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 190, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
190, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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