

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.7894, -32.1146,  
-21.0726)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.7894, -32.1146,  
-21.0726) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.7894,  
-32.1146, -21.0726)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                         |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex         | 26D8F2                        |
| RGB         | 38, 216, 242                  |
| RGB Percent | 15%, 85%, 95%                 |
| CMY         | 0.8509, 0.1529, 0.0510        |
| CMYK        | 0.84, 0.11, 0.00, 0.05        |
| HSL         | 188°, 89%, 55%                |
| HSV         | 188°, 84%, 95%                |
| XYZ         | 41.3821, 55.9345, 92.6198     |
| YIQ         | 165.7420, -114.4340, -29.6500 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

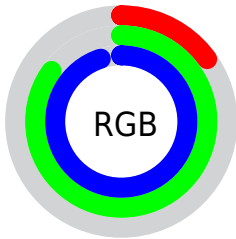
| Format                              | Color                           |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 38, 133, 242                    |
| Decimal                             | 2545906                         |
| CIE Lab                             | 79.58, -33.01, -24.71           |
| CIE LCh                             | 80, 41.232, 216.823             |
| Yxy                                 | 55.9366, 0.2179,<br>0.2945      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4280735986<br>(0xFF26D8F2)      |
| YUV                                 | 165.7420, 37.5952,<br>-112.0297 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 74.7894, -32.1146,<br>-21.0726  |

# Details

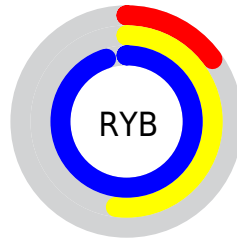
The HunterLab color **74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **47.6305, 62.0652, 28.1513**, and the grayscale version is **61.5329, -3.2832, 3.3432**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.0774, -37.9158, -6.1305**, and **53.8841, -22.7176, -18.3095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.5189, -31.5905, -22.9980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.2567, -31.9014, -18.8842**.

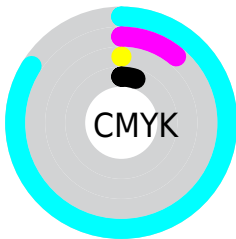
# Distribution



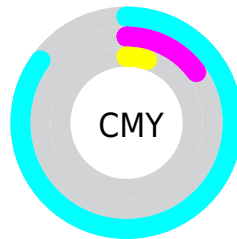
- Red (15%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.7894, -32.1146,  
-21.0726

74.7894, -32.1146,  
-21.0726

202.3493,  
-51.5750, -21.6517

63.3657, -29.7377,  
-20.7400

99.4544, -36.6765,  
-21.5581

52.5900, -27.2739,  
-20.3484

112.6372,  
-38.8859, -21.7178

42.5057, -24.6974,  
-19.8984

126.3559,  
-41.0593, -21.8249

33.1638, -21.9707,  
-19.3982

140.5903,  
-43.2031, -21.8818

24.6287, -19.0358,  
-18.8715

155.3224,  
-45.3227, -21.8909

16.9856, -15.7969,  
-18.3846

170.5359,

10.3539, -14.6359,

-47.4222, -21.8543

-18.1468

186.2160,  
-49.5053, -21.7740

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 74.7894, -32.1146,  
-21.0726

■ 74.7894, -32.1146,  
-21.0726

■ 73.5189, -31.5905,  
-22.9980

■ 76.2567, -31.9014,  
-18.8842

■ 72.8542, -31.0579,  
-24.0164

■ 77.9380, -30.8761,  
-16.4213

■ 79.8467, -29.0062,  
-13.6846

■ 81.9887, -26.2907,  
-10.6876

■ 84.3648, -22.7531,

-7.4505

■ 86.9723, -18.4340,  
-3.9983

■ 89.8055, -13.3861,  
-0.3574

■ 92.8569, -7.6692,  
3.4455

■ 96.0363, -1.6257,  
7.2862

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.7908, -38.1892, -0.3641



74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726



74.7908, -18.4064, -37.4981

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.7908, -32.1145, -21.0714



74.7908, 34.3512, -11.6437



74.7908, -8.4675, 31.8571

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726



47.6305, 62.0652, 28.1513

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.7908, 11.5984, 30.3127



74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726



74.7908, 37.7186, 8.2503

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.7908, -32.1145, -21.0714



74.7908, 20.2373, -31.1396



74.7908, 29.0120, 22.6984



74.7908, -25.4870, 27.6600

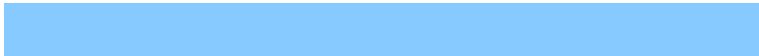


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726



74.7908, -6.0942, -41.9094



74.7908, 29.0120, 22.6984



74.7908, -1.8717, 31.9704

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.7908, -32.1145, -21.0714



92.0726, -19.9495, -4.5370



80.1644, -65.8785, 44.8921



42.1362, -10.0089, -2.7048

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

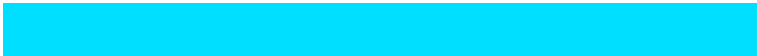


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.7908, -32.1145, -21.0714



77.2838, -32.9192, -25.5349



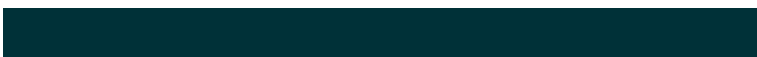
44.0040, 16.6864, -85.7797



41.9107, -4.9199, 0.6687



53.5300, -22.9338, -17.4003



15.7446, -7.0047, -4.5583



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2226, 88.7787, -44.1960



51.5371, 98.5437, -46.4249



67.4539, 14.8240, 40.2109



39.9934, 3.0413, -0.8615



35.6175, 68.1413, -32.3736

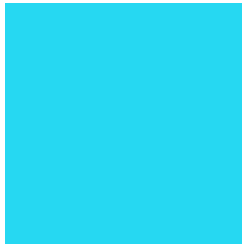


10.3197, 19.8174, -9.9565



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

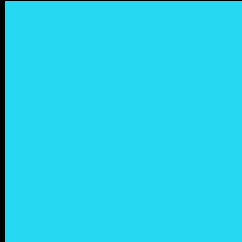
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

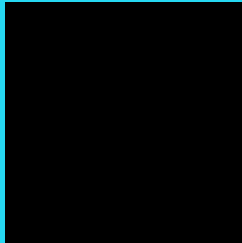
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.7894,

-32.1146, -21.0726.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726

### Protanopia

74.1272, 0.6554, -12.4386

### Deuteranopia

74.2334, 5.6547, -24.4406



## Tritanopia

74.7375, -34.6346, -16.9055

# Trichromacy



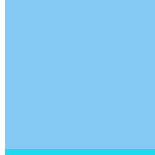
## Original Color

74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726



## Protanomaly

72.8942, -16.1035, -17.4608



## Deuteranomaly

73.0427, -12.8673, -25.3378



## Tritanomaly

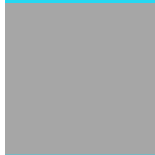
74.8933, -33.7958, -18.4792

# Monochromacy



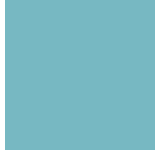
## Original Color

74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726



## Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551



## Achromatomaly

64.8829, -18.6709, -6.9857

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 216, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 216, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 216, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 216, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 216, 242) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 216, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 216, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 216, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 216, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 216,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.7894, -32.1146, -21.0726 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 216, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 216,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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