

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(74.7987, 8.9457,  
6.1711)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(74.7987, 8.9457, 6.1711)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(74.8951, 8.5105,  
6.3591)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0BDC1
RGB	224, 189, 193
RGB Percent	88%, 74%, 76%
CMY	0.1216, 0.2588, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.14, 0.12
HSL	353°, 36%, 81%
HSV	353°, 16%, 88%
XYZ	58.5637, 56.0928, 58.1924
YIQ	199.9210, 19.5760, 8.6640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

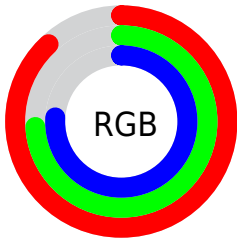
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">224, 189, 193</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14728641</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.67, 13.11, 2.64</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 13.372, 11.380</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.0953, 0.3388, 0.3245</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292918721 (0xFFE0BDC1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">199.9210, -3.4121, 21.1173</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCCC}$ . A complement of this color would be  $83.2460, -15.8195, 2.7914$ , and the grayscale version is  $75.9747, -4.0538, 4.1278$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $96.6459, -1.0742, 4.5527$ , and  $52.7509, 8.1390, 4.7608$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.0909, 17.2778, 7.7644$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82.1181, 0.0319, 5.2254$ .

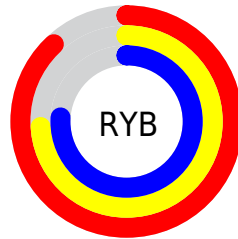
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (74%)

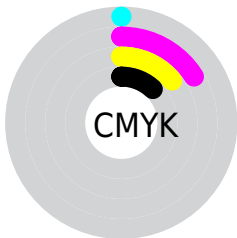
Blue (76%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (76%)

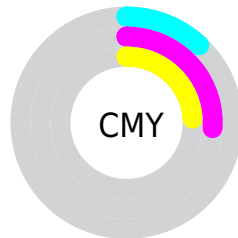


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (26%)


Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 74.8951, 8.5105,  
6.3591

 74.8951, 8.5105,  
6.3591


202.4970, 6.3458,  
14.2285

 63.4660, 8.4904,  
5.6115


 99.5710, 8.3611,  
7.9378

 52.6843, 8.4032,  
4.8900


112.7587, 8.2062,  
8.7650

 42.5935, 8.2380,  
4.1965


126.4821, 8.0024,  
9.6170

 33.2446, 7.9833,  
3.5315

140.7211, 7.7528,  
10.4932

 24.7019, 7.6239,  
2.8947

155.4576, 7.4601,  
11.3930

 17.0503, 7.1382,  
2.2850

170.6754, 7.1266,

 10.4088, 6.4947,

12.3158

1.6983

186.3597, 6.7546,  
13.2611

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.8951, 8.5105,  
6.3591

■ 74.8951, 8.5105,  
6.3591

■ 68.0909, 17.2778,  
7.7644

■ 82.1181, 0.0319,  
5.2254

■ 61.7791, 26.3012,  
9.4739

■ 89.6926, -8.1573,  
4.3209

■ 56.0583, 35.4520,  
11.5118

■ 97.1747, -15.4711,  
3.1486

■ 51.0437, 44.4598,  
13.8672

■ 97.2561, -15.0170,  
1.9903

■ 46.8618, 52.8557,

16.4658

■ 43.6304, 59.9752,  
19.1437

■ 41.4233, 65.1061,  
21.6508

■ 40.2210, 67.8106,  
23.7109

■ 39.9001, 68.5123,  
24.3700

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.8968, 8.0785, 0.2241



74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591



74.8968, 5.5030, 11.4415

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.8968, 8.5082, 6.3604



74.8968, -11.9985, 12.3748



74.8968, -7.9066, -7.9456

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591



83.2460, -15.8195, 2.7914

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.8968, -13.0522, -4.1211



74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591



74.8968, -15.3591, 7.7352

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.8968, 8.5082, 6.3604



74.8968, -6.4241, 14.7134



74.8968, -15.7382, 1.7191



74.8968, -1.5454, -8.3923



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591



74.8968, 2.0135, 13.6826



74.8968, -15.7382, 1.7191



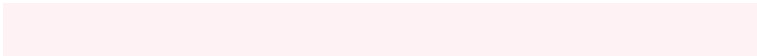
74.8968, -9.8302, -6.9982

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.8968, 8.5082, 6.3604



95.6175, -0.5287, 5.9839



75.4866, 12.4828, -8.6574



43.9558, 0.0710, 2.8067

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.8968, 8.5082, 6.3604



83.9199, 13.3862, 7.9005



78.7149, 0.9081, 12.2540



37.0484, 1.5121, 2.6299



30.4551, 52.3221, 18.3856



8.0715, 13.9730, 4.0513



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.8968, 8.5082, 6.3604



83.9199, 13.3862, 7.9005



79.1103, -8.4015, -4.2528



37.0484, 1.5121, 2.6299



30.4551, 52.3221, 18.3856

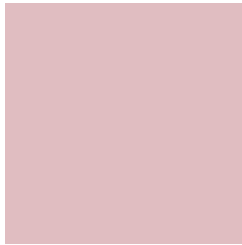


8.0715, 13.9730, 4.0513



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

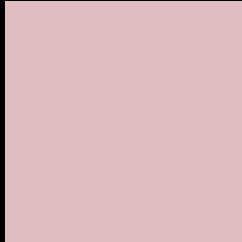
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

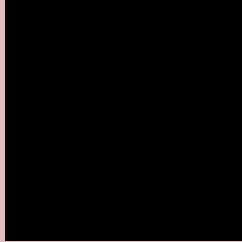
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.8951, 8.5105,

6.3591.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591

### Protanopia

75.0874, -2.7196, 4.5109

### Deuteranopia

74.9479, 5.7144, 6.3709



## Tritanopia

74.9922, 10.8532, 2.2225

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591

## Protanomaly

74.9162, 1.2537, 4.8536

## Deuteranomaly

74.8661, 6.9324, 6.2981

## Tritanomaly

74.8983, 10.3570, 3.5605

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591

## Achromatopsia

75.9987, -4.0551, 4.1292

## Achromatomaly

75.5423, 0.3900, 5.0968

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 189, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 189, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 189, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 189, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 189, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 189, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 189, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 189, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 189, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 189,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.8951, 8.5105, 6.3591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 189, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
189, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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