

Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.0043, -6.7436,
-28.6870)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(75.0043, -6.7436,
-28.6870) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(74.9889, -6.7206,
-28.7115)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99CAFF
RGB	153, 202, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 79%, 100%
CMY	0.4000, 0.2078, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.21, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	211°, 100%, 80%
HSV	211°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	52.3074, 56.2334, 102.7050
YIQ	193.3910, -46.2170, 6.0950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

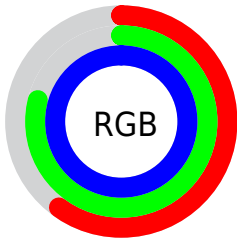
Format	Color
R _Y B	153, 186, 255
Decimal	10078975
CIE Lab	79.75, -2.96, -31.06
CIE LCh	80, 31.202, 264.560
Yxy	56.2354, 0.2476, 0.2662
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288269055 (0xFF99CAFF)
YUV	193.3910, 30.3732, -35.4229
Hunter-Lab	74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115

Details

The HunterLab color $74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $82.2819, 5.8271, 29.0865$, and the grayscale version is $73.0822, -3.8995, 3.9707$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96.1466, -19.0123, 0.5712$, and $52.7242, -5.2159, -27.6822$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $69.3255, -5.3954, -38.2889$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80.9164, -7.2794, -19.5892$.

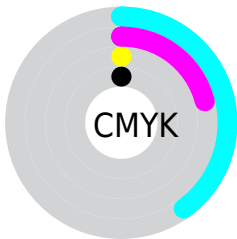
Distribution



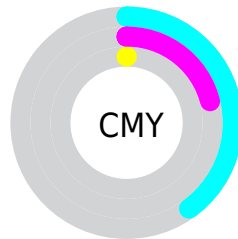
- Red (60%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 74.9889, -6.7206,
-28.7115

■ 74.9889, -6.7206,
-28.7115

202.6273,
-14.6187, -30.8431

■ 63.5545, -5.9627,
-28.2150

■ 99.6738, -8.3137,
-29.5394

■ 52.7675, -5.2296,
-27.6728

■ 112.8659, -9.1462,
-29.8741

■ 42.6710, -4.5224,
-27.0937

126.5935,
-10.0023, -30.1567

■ 33.3160, -3.8412,
-26.5026

140.8365,
-10.8815, -30.3885

■ 24.7666, -3.1855,
-25.9561

155.5769,
-11.7832, -30.5713

■ 17.1074, -2.5534,
-25.5949

170.7985,

■ 10.4573, -1.9396,

-12.7069, -30.7068

-25.8296

186.4864,
-13.6522, -30.7969

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 74.9889, -6.7206,
-28.7115

■ 74.9889, -6.7206,
-28.7115

■ 69.3255, -5.3954,
-38.2889

■ 80.9164, -7.2794,
-19.5892

■ 63.9543, -3.1855,
-48.3552

■ 87.0758, -7.1752,
-10.8885

■ 58.9132, 0.0268,
-58.9104

■ 93.4442, -6.5010,
-2.5622

■ 54.2405, 4.3447,
-69.9165

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 49.9725, 9.8239,

-81.2827

■ 46.1124, 16.3557,
-92.9434

■ 46.1117, 16.3569,
-92.9455

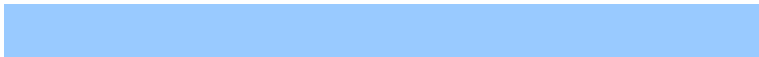
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.9903, -20.0150, -21.9035



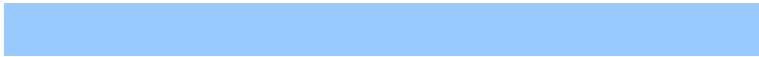
74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115



74.9903, 8.3698, -25.4230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.9903, -6.7213, -28.7093



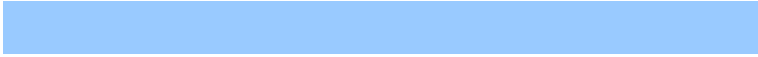
74.9903, 24.0867, 14.6188



74.9903, -26.0972, 18.3183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115



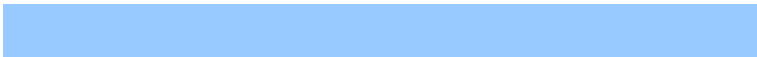
82.2819, 5.8271, 29.0865

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.9903, -15.6266, 25.0028



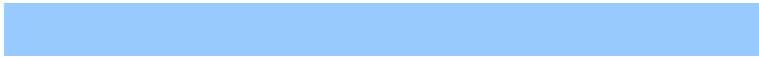
74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115



74.9903, 13.4714, 23.1794

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.9903, -6.7213, -28.7093



74.9903, 26.9377, 1.4327



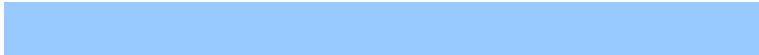
74.9903, -1.2501, 26.5896



74.9903, -30.6242, 6.6379

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115



74.9903, 17.3353, -18.2292



74.9903, -1.2501, 26.5896



74.9903, -23.1977, 21.1250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.9903, -6.7213, -28.7093



92.1537, -6.6776, -4.2011



90.9585, -41.4273, 17.3842



42.2468, -3.1377, -2.4418

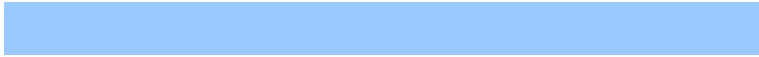
0.0000, NaN, NaN



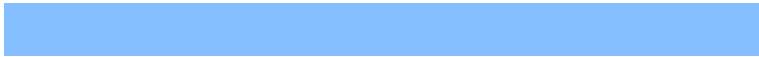
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.9903, -6.7213, -28.7093



70.4351, -5.7272, -36.3363



60.7809, 19.6293, -54.4905



43.3794, -2.9861, -0.9993



33.7723, 10.9198, -65.7850



11.5233, 1.4988, -17.6386

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.5042, 40.9162, -4.1229



64.5794, 50.1226, -4.7950



97.3443, -19.7555, 41.2804



42.5822, 2.4981, 1.1518



34.4665, 61.2605, 4.9413



10.8563, 19.4849, 0.0915

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

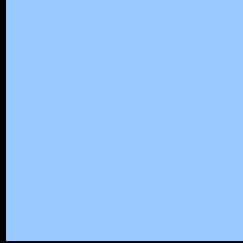
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

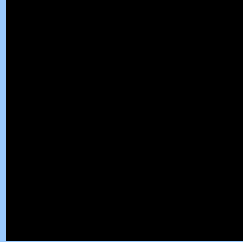
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

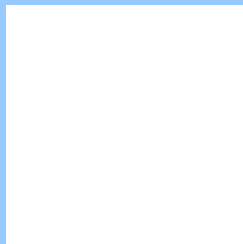
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115.

-28.7115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115

Protanopia

74.8329, 3.3329, -25.4874

Deuteranopia

74.8291, 5.2789, -28.7597



Tritanopia

74.8513, -17.8478, -10.0494

Trichromacy



Original Color

74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115

Protanomaly

74.9581, -0.7319, -26.6693

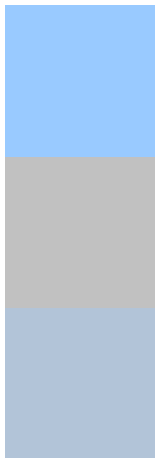
Deuteranomaly

74.8577, 0.7436, -28.7928

Tritanomaly

74.8042, -13.8880, -16.4455

Monochromacy



Original Color

74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115

Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676

Achromatomaly

73.4185, -5.7161, -7.3239

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 202, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 202, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 202, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 202, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 202, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 202, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 202, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 202, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 202, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 202,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 74.9889, -6.7206, -28.7115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 202, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
202, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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