

Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.0709, 0.9039,
-7.8452)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(75.0709, 0.9039, -7.8452)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(75.2134, 0.8440,
-7.5633)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5C4DD
RGB	197, 196, 221
RGB Percent	77%, 77%, 87%
CMY	0.2274, 0.2314, 0.1333
CMYK	0.11, 0.11, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	242°, 27%, 82%
HSV	242°, 11%, 87%
XYZ	55.8170, 56.5706, 76.3839
YIQ	199.1490, -7.4290, 7.9870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

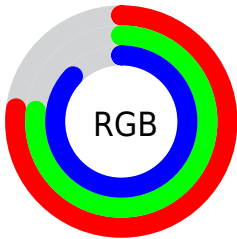
Format	Color
R _Y B	197, 196, 221
Decimal	12960989
CIE Lab	79.94, 5.18, -12.30
CIE LCh	80, 13.347, 292.857
Yxy	56.5729, 0.2957, 0.2997
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291151069 (0xFFC5C4DD)
YUV	199.1490, 10.7725, -1.8847
Hunter-Lab	75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633

Details

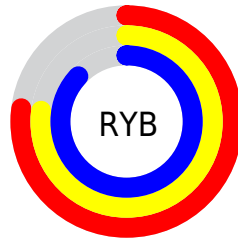
The HunterLab color $75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $84.2113, -8.8762, 14.9641$, and the grayscale version is $75.5955, -4.0336, 4.1072$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.2680, -4.6049, 4.5813$, and $52.8572, 1.6636, -7.8675$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.8285, 5.9820, -19.4066$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83.8790, -3.9332, 3.2632$.

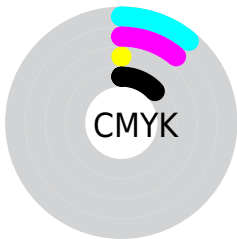
Distribution



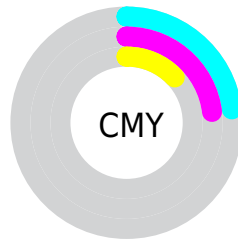
- Red (77%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.2134, 0.8440,
-7.5633

■ 75.2134, 0.8440,
-7.5633

202.9402, -4.1145,
-4.6175

■ 63.7671, 1.2004,
-7.6542

■ 99.9209, -0.0060,
-7.2150

■ 52.9674, 1.5089,
-7.6863

113.1233, -0.4906,
-6.9677

■ 42.8573, 1.7628,
-7.6527

126.8610, -1.0122,
-6.6754

■ 33.4875, 1.9555,
-7.5469

141.1137, -1.5688,
-6.3406

■ 24.9220, 2.0777,
-7.3621

155.8634, -2.1587,
-5.9656

■ 17.2448, 2.1158,
-7.0931

171.0940, -2.7805,

■ 10.5740, 2.0483,

-5.5522

-6.7468

186.7908, -3.4328,
-5.1023

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.2134, 0.8440,
-7.5633

■ 75.2134, 0.8440,
-7.5633

■ 66.8285, 5.9820,
-19.4066

■ 83.8790, -3.9332,
3.2632

■ 58.7700, 11.6029,
-32.5958

■ 92.7838, -8.4339,
13.3121

■ 51.1097, 17.8555,
-47.5502

■ 98.9952, -10.8685,
19.8397

■ 43.9494, 24.9128,
-64.7677

■ 37.4389, 32.9131,

-84.6873

■ 31.7979, 41.7765,
-107.2265

■ 27.3266, 50.7880,
-130.6946

■ 24.3510, 58.1512,
-150.5363

■ 22.9726, 62.0656,
-161.3103

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.2150, -5.5476, -8.5270



75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633



75.2150, 6.0874, -3.3542

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.2150, 0.8425, -7.5619



75.2150, 3.5896, 12.8737



75.2150, -15.8888, 5.5411

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633



84.2113, -8.8762, 14.9641

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.2150, -13.6153, 10.8510



75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633



75.2150, -2.4747, 14.8479

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.2150, 0.8425, -7.5619



75.2150, 7.7103, 8.5181



75.2150, -8.7568, 14.1396



75.2150, -15.0677, -0.6159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633



75.2150, 8.1574, 0.5466



75.2150, -8.7568, 14.1396



75.2150, -15.4638, 7.4769

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.2150, 0.8425, -7.5619



96.8758, -3.6887, 1.7280



82.6023, -11.7532, 1.5922



44.4350, -1.5005, 0.3346

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.2150, 0.8425, -7.5619



85.6555, 2.6357, -12.6600



76.3589, 4.7184, -5.9814



35.5554, -0.0375, -2.5246



17.5422, 47.3287, -122.6719



4.5638, 12.1205, -30.4208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.4737, 8.3729, -3.9346



88.9990, 13.6707, -7.1484



83.1031, -12.8156, 13.7219



36.4217, 2.8693, -1.1567



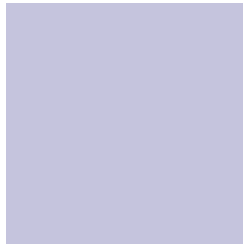
34.2064, 66.6797, -40.6881



8.7229, 17.0288, -10.5694

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

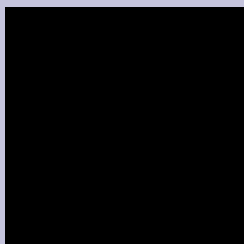
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633.



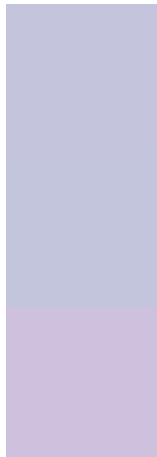
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633.

-7.5633.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633

Protanopia

75.3360, -0.2823, -7.4198

Deuteranopia

75.1902, 5.4157, -8.0667



Tritanopia

75.1481, -1.4813, -3.3867

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633

Protanomaly

75.4246, 0.0215, -7.2966

Deuteranomaly

75.2024, 3.9404, -8.0762

Tritanomaly

75.2503, -0.9250, -4.8340

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633

Achromatopsia

75.5728, -4.0324, 4.1060

Achromatomaly

75.4314, -2.4563, 0.0380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 196, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 196, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 196, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 196, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

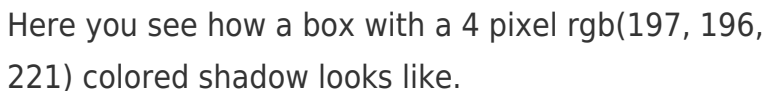
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 196, 221) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 196, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 196, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 196, 221); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 196, 221); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 196, 221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.2134, 0.8440, -7.5633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 196, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
196, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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