

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.2122, 8.9646,  
2.1226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.2122, 8.9646, 2.1226)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(75.2784, 8.9157,  
2.0423)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DEBECB
RGB	222, 190, 203
RGB Percent	87%, 75%, 80%
CMY	0.1294, 0.2549, 0.2039
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.09, 0.13
HSL	336°, 33%, 81%
HSV	336°, 14%, 87%
XYZ	59.3172, 56.6684, 64.3118
YIQ	201.0500, 14.8990, 10.8270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

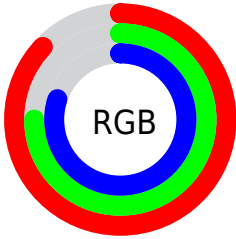
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	222, 190, 203
Decimal	14597835
CIE Lab	79.99, 13.52, -2.30
CIE LCh	80, 13.715, 350.347
Yxy	56.6709, 0.3290, 0.3143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292787915 (0xFFDEBECB)
YUV	201.0500, 0.9614, 18.3732
Hunter-Lab	75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423

# Details

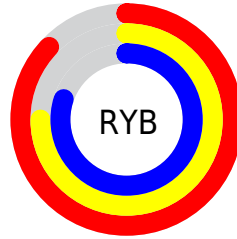
The HunterLab color  $75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFCCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $82.3375, -16.4718, 7.0086$ , and the grayscale version is  $76.4394, -4.0786, 4.1531$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97.1553, -0.5419, 2.1218$ , and  $53.1759, 8.6757, 1.2155$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68.6826, 18.4983, 0.6821$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82.2721, -0.4812, 3.7791$ .

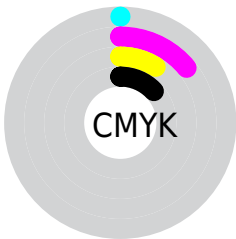
# Distribution



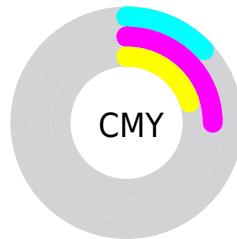
- Red (87%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 75.2784, 8.9157,  
2.0423

 75.2784, 8.9157,  
2.0423


203.0308, 6.8798,  
8.2114

 63.8287, 8.8790,  
1.5271


 99.9924, 8.7982,  
3.1903

 53.0253, 8.7743,  
1.0520


113.1979, 8.6584,  
3.8162

 42.9112, 8.5908,  
0.6219


126.9385, 8.4692,  
4.4747

 33.5372, 8.3171,  
0.2412

141.1939, 8.2338,  
5.1644

 24.9670, 7.9378,  
-0.0843

155.9464, 7.9548,  
5.8840

 17.2846, 7.4313,  
-0.3462

171.1796, 7.6349,

 10.6078, 6.7667,

6.6324

-0.5318

186.8789, 7.2759,  
7.4085

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.2784, 8.9157,  
2.0423

■ 75.2784, 8.9157,  
2.0423

■ 68.6826, 18.4983,  
0.6821

■ 82.2721, -0.4812,  
3.7791

■ 62.5506, 28.2046,  
-0.2094

■ 89.6015, -9.6678,  
5.8132

■ 56.9711, 37.8763,  
-0.5142

■ 96.6921, -17.8444,  
7.4928

■ 52.0458, 47.2210,  
-0.1033

■ 97.0926, -15.6026,  
1.7823

■ 47.8864, 55.7684,

1.1401

■ 44.5977, 62.8805,  
3.2730

■ 42.2496, 67.8843,  
6.2304

■ 40.8360, 70.3538,  
9.7827

■ 40.3372, 70.9160,  
11.8226

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.2801, 6.0093, -4.0269



75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423



75.2801, 8.2611, 8.1787

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.2801, 8.9135, 2.0436



75.2801, -8.3862, 14.5681



75.2801, -11.9552, -5.8104

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423



82.3375, -16.4718, 7.0086

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.2801, -15.5625, -0.2254



75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423



75.2801, -13.5518, 11.4069

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.2801, 8.9135, 2.0436



75.2801, -1.8794, 15.0618



75.2801, -16.1368, 6.0955



75.2801, -6.1385, -8.8124



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423



75.2801, 5.9053, 11.5074



75.2801, -16.1368, 6.0955



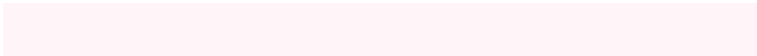
75.2801, -13.4578, -4.1513

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.2801, 8.9135, 2.0436



96.5815, -0.9775, 4.5065



74.5724, 7.8528, -8.8569



44.3888, -0.0710, 2.0071

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.2801, 8.9135, 2.0436



85.9324, 13.4587, 1.9104



75.6589, 5.4184, 8.5375



37.1381, 1.9942, 1.3510



31.1211, 54.7770, 8.6281



8.2991, 14.8073, 0.7511



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.2801, 8.9135, 2.0436



85.9324, 13.4587, 1.9104



81.8900, -12.8701, 0.1993



37.1381, 1.9942, 1.3510



31.1211, 54.7770, 8.6281



8.2991, 14.8073, 0.7511



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

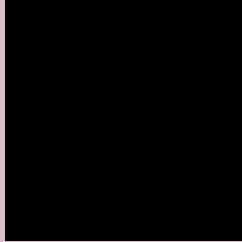
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.2784, 8.9157,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423

### Protanopia

75.2194, -1.6333, -0.2090

### Deuteranopia

75.2396, 5.8078, 1.9412



## Tritanopia

75.3421, 9.2537, 1.1354

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423

## Protanomaly

75.0368, 2.2916, 0.1388

## Deuteranomaly

75.1524, 7.0123, 1.8568

## Tritanomaly

75.3101, 9.0842, 1.5902

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423

## Achromatopsia

76.4250, -4.0778, 4.1523

## Achromatomaly

75.9948, 0.7087, 3.2456

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 190, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 190, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 190, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 190, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 190, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 190, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 190, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 190, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 190, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 190,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.2784, 8.9157, 2.0423 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 190, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
190, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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