

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.2413, -19.6597,  
-4.6899)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.2413, -19.6597,  
-4.6899) contains.

<b>HunterLab(75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(75.3678,  
-19.9190, -4.4827)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94D1D7
RGB	148, 209, 215
RGB Percent	58%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.4196, 0.1804, 0.1569
CMYK	0.31, 0.03, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	185°, 46%, 71%
HSV	185°, 31%, 84%
XYZ	47.2789, 56.8031, 72.7621
YIQ	191.4450, -38.2820, -11.0660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

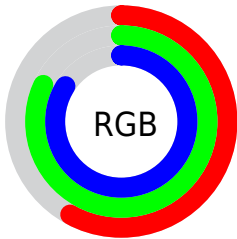
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">148, 180, 215</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9753047</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">80.07, -17.92, -9.22</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 20.154, 207.220</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.8053, 0.2673, 0.3212</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287943127 (0xFF94D1D7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">191.4450, 11.6126, -38.1013</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $63.0054, 17.0196, 12.7556$ , and the grayscale version is  $72.3335, -3.8595, 3.9300$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.6961, -20.6485, -0.0097$ , and  $52.9424, -16.7315, -4.9153$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $73.5148, -23.5722, -6.9640$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $77.4275, -15.5887, -1.7931$ .

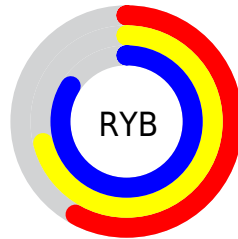
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (82%)

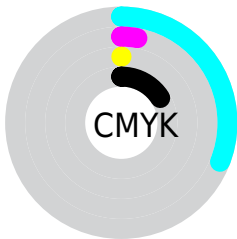
Blue (84%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (84%)

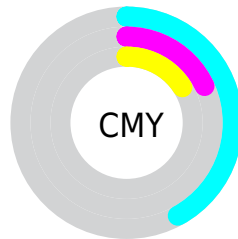


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.3678, -19.9190,  
-4.4827

■ 75.3678, -19.9190,  
-4.4827

203.1550,  
-33.4439, -0.5753

■ 63.9132, -18.3814,  
-4.6978

■ 100.0905,  
-22.9490, -3.8987

■ 53.1047, -16.8172,  
-4.8581

■ 113.3002,  
-24.4500, -3.5390

■ 42.9852, -15.2159,  
-4.9569

127.0447,  
-25.9468, -3.1375

■ 33.6054, -13.5613,  
-4.9875

141.3040,  
-27.4420, -2.6965

■ 25.0288, -11.8275,  
-4.9413

156.0602,  
-28.9377, -2.2181

■ 17.3393, -9.9716,  
-4.8082

171.2970,

■ 10.6543, -8.2226,

-30.4358, -1.7041

-4.5791

186.9997,  
-31.9374, -1.1560

0.8801, -1.5402,  
-43.3678

0.0000, NaN, NaN

75.3678, -19.9190,  
-4.4827

75.3678, -19.9190,  
-4.4827

73.5148, -23.5722,  
-6.9640

77.4275, -15.5887,  
-1.7931

71.8654, -26.5109,  
-9.2218

79.6855, -10.6242,  
1.0802

70.4193, -28.7158,  
-11.2407

82.1377, -5.0781,  
4.1165

69.1710, -30.1864,  
-13.0125

84.7772, 0.9947,  
7.2941

■ 68.1101, -30.9472,  
-14.5380

■ 87.5414, 7.3566,  
10.5285

■ 67.2196, -31.0539,  
-15.8300

■ 88.1151, 6.3279,  
11.1476

■ 66.5400, -30.7345,  
-16.8223

■ 88.6917, 5.3012,  
11.7661

■ 89.2712, 4.2763,  
12.3842

■ 89.8534, 3.2533,  
13.0017

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.3693, -21.7818, 4.9590



75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827



75.3693, -13.8699, -12.4090

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.3693, -19.9199, -4.4815



75.3693, 12.3224, -6.1606



75.3693, -3.1178, 19.7734

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827



63.0054, 17.0196, 12.7556

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.3693, 6.3515, 17.5591



75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827



75.3693, 15.5437, 3.2359

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.3693, -19.9199, -4.4815



75.3693, 4.7057, -13.4614



75.3693, 13.3059, 11.7824



75.3693, -12.3766, 18.2489

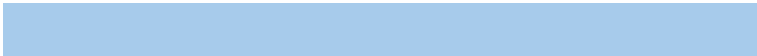


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827



75.3693, -8.1113, -15.3542



75.3693, 13.3059, 11.7824



75.3693, 0.1492, 19.4489

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.3693, -19.9199, -4.4815



97.2627, -11.5481, 2.0591



75.6419, -32.5246, 22.2192



44.8018, -5.7831, 0.7069

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.3693, -19.9199, -4.4815



90.0055, -27.0101, -7.3336



64.9780, -3.8594, -18.6914



37.2946, -4.5154, 0.7442



51.5390, -23.8677, -12.8959



12.8804, -6.1392, -2.8466



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.4284, 30.0595, -16.7776



73.0174, 44.9161, -25.3803



72.2235, 0.0472, 21.5038



35.5143, 2.7017, -0.8977



33.2060, 64.0493, -34.2251

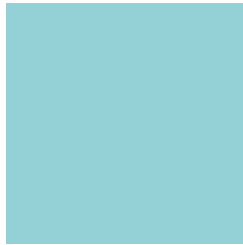


8.1903, 15.8528, -8.8678



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

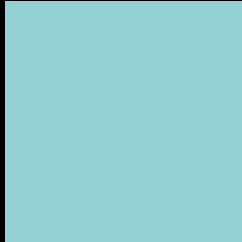
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

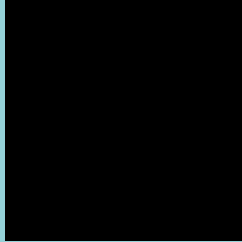
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827.



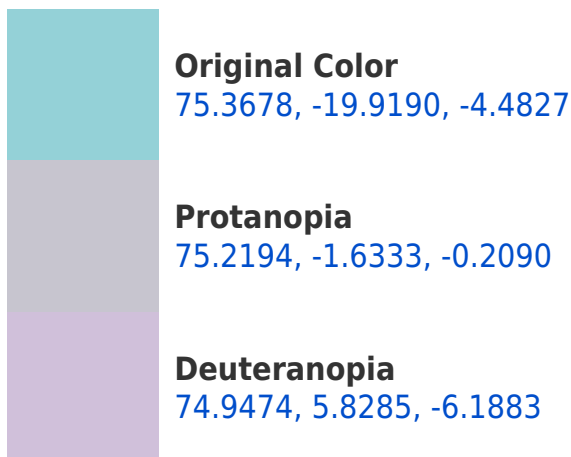
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.3678,

-19.9190, -4.4827.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

75.4835, -17.1972, -9.1806

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827

## Protanomaly

74.9198, -8.7851, -2.2412

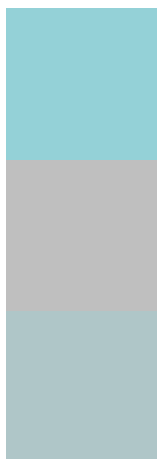
## Deuteranomaly

74.7242, -4.2377, -6.1161

## Tritanomaly

75.3139, -18.0319, -7.7600

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827

## Achromatopsia

72.1800, -3.8513, 3.9217

## Achromatomaly

73.2614, -10.5287, 0.7362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 209, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 209, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 209, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 209, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 209, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 209, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 209, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 209, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 209, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 209,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.3678, -19.9190, -4.4827 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 209, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
209, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor