

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.3176, -36.0253,  
25.6306)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.3176, -36.0253,  
25.6306) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(75.3176,  
-36.0052, 25.6347)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8DD88E
RGB	141, 216, 142
RGB Percent	55%, 85%, 56%
CMY	0.4471, 0.1529, 0.4431
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.34, 0.15
HSL	121°, 49%, 70%
HSV	121°, 35%, 85%
XYZ	40.4228, 56.7274, 34.4101
YIQ	185.1390, -20.9460, -38.9140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

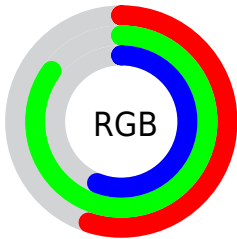
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	141, 215, 216
Decimal	9296014
CIELab	80.03, -37.90, 29.33
CIELCh	80, 47.923, 142.259
Yxy	56.7298, 0.3073, 0.4312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287486094 (0xFF8DD88E)
YUV	185.1390, -21.2675, -38.7099
Hunter-Lab	75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347

# Details

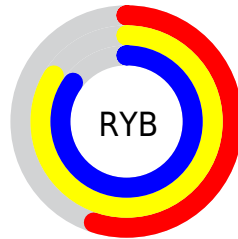
The HunterLab color **75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **62.0935, 35.3912, -22.5080**, and the grayscale version is **69.8052, -3.7246, 3.7926**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4750, -32.2967, 23.9081**, and **53.1708, -30.7286, 21.1890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.7815, -42.8647, 30.2572**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.1454, -28.0628, 20.3013**.

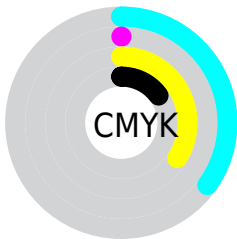
# Distribution



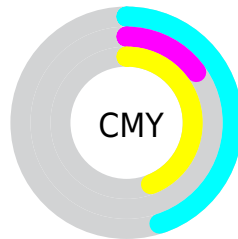
- Red (55%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.3176, -36.0052,  
25.6347

■ 75.3176, -36.0052,  
25.6347

203.0852,  
-57.4271, 43.8358

■ 63.8658, -33.3530,  
23.4190

■ 100.0354,  
-41.0749, 29.8913

■ 53.0601, -30.5925,  
21.1218

■ 113.2427,  
-43.5183, 31.9541

■ 42.9437, -27.6948,  
18.7200

126.9850,  
-45.9151, 33.9846

■ 33.5671, -24.6159,  
16.1801

141.2422,  
-48.2732, 35.9891

■ 24.9941, -21.2889,  
13.4542

155.9963,  
-50.5986, 37.9726

■ 17.3086, -17.6036,  
10.8714

171.2311,

■ 10.6282, -16.4162,

-52.8967, 39.9394

7.4397

186.9319,  
-55.1716, 41.8929

■ 0.5506, -0.9635,  
0.3854

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3176, -36.0052,  
25.6347

■ 75.3176, -36.0052,  
25.6347

■ 73.7815, -42.8647,  
30.2572

■ 77.1454, -28.0628,  
20.3013

■ 72.5311, -48.5642,  
34.1161

■ 79.2567, -19.1311,  
14.3214

■ 71.5609, -53.0671,  
37.1844

■ 81.6460, -9.3241,  
7.7715

■ 70.8575, -56.3792,  
39.4630

■ 84.3032, 1.2400,  
0.7308

■ 70.3998, -58.5587,  
40.9865

■ 87.2161, 12.4449,  
-6.7229

■ 70.1569, -59.7257,  
41.8297

■ 88.0874, 15.7542,  
-9.1238

■ 70.0859, -60.0664,  
42.0650

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.3192, -20.1092, 33.6428



75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347



75.3192, -43.1508, 9.5680

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.3192, -36.0066, 25.6354



75.3192, -9.9085, -50.8845



75.3192, 41.6134, 18.4040

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347



62.0935, 35.3912, -22.5080

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.3192, 45.1964, -1.8118



75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347



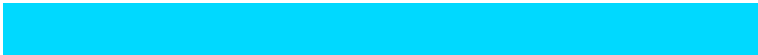
75.3192, 13.5382, -46.3785

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.3192, -36.0066, 25.6354



75.3192, -29.3108, -37.5147



75.3192, 34.3880, -26.5933



75.3192, 25.1157, 30.4293

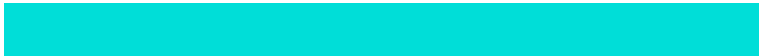


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347



75.3192, -42.6737, -5.4277



75.3192, 34.3880, -26.5933



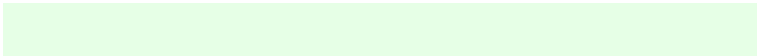
75.3192, 44.4424, 12.5253

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.3192, -36.0066, 25.6354



96.9353, -17.7307, 13.7030



81.0165, -14.6841, 31.2231



44.6598, -8.9731, 6.8541

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

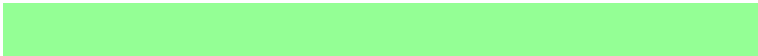


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.3192, -36.0066, 25.6354



89.4355, -49.9219, 35.2944



76.1652, -31.0427, 13.3954



37.2809, -6.4974, 5.0538



53.9205, -46.2037, 32.3447



13.2461, -11.3243, 7.8895



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.0935, 35.3912, -22.5080



70.3823, 53.4353, -34.3801



60.7323, 28.7173, -3.4522



35.5383, 2.8302, -1.2386



33.8962, 66.4514, -43.2367

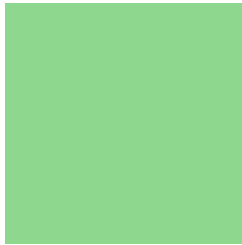


8.3303, 16.3395, -10.6916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

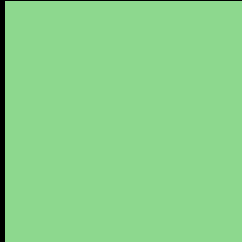
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

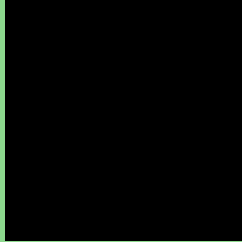
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.3176,

-36.0052, 25.6347.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347

**Protanopia**

74.7997, -6.8058, 28.0944

**Deuteranopia**

74.7375, 5.6973, 23.9265



## Tritanopia

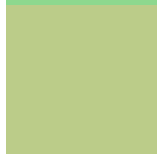
75.1919, -15.0240, -8.9780

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347



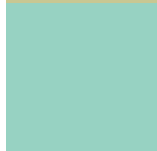
## Protanomaly

74.5363, -18.8365, 26.7733



## Deuteranomaly

74.2977, -11.2629, 23.8837



## Tritanomaly

75.2114, -23.5235, 5.6985

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347



## Achromatopsia

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844



## Achromatomaly

71.2597, -16.3327, 12.3929

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 216, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 216, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 216, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 216, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 216, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 216, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 216, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 216, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 216, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 216,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.3176, -36.0052, 25.6347 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 216, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
216, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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