

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.3471, 6.5879,  
10.4254)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.3471, 6.5879,  
10.4254) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(75.3472, 6.5867,  
10.4264)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1BFB9
RGB	225, 191, 185
RGB Percent	88%, 75%, 73%
CMY	0.1176, 0.2510, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.18, 0.12
HSL	9°, 40%, 80%
HSV	9°, 18%, 88%
XYZ	58.4392, 56.7720, 53.7770
YIQ	200.4820, 22.1900, 5.3420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

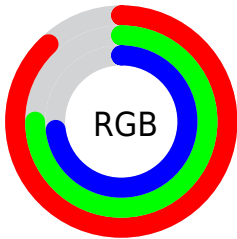
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 192, 185
Decimal	14794681
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	80.05, 11.15, 7.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	80, 13.446, 33.981
Y <sub>xy</sub>	56.7746, 0.3458, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292984761 (0xFFE1BFB9)
YUV	200.4820, -7.6326, 21.5023
Hunter-Lab	75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264

# Details

The HunterLab color **75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **81.4936, -13.5376, -1.8472**, and the grayscale version is **76.2304, -4.0675, 4.1417**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.0219, -3.5116, 8.8678**, and **53.1770, 6.3512, 8.5393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.3503, 13.3751, 13.5435**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.6663, 0.1480, 7.2341**.

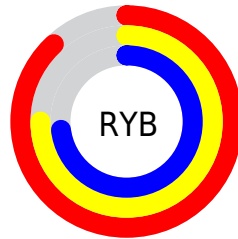
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (75%)

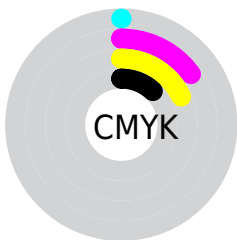
Blue (73%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (73%)

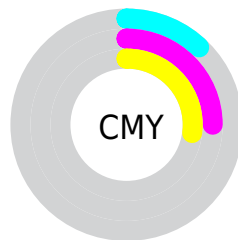


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 75.3472, 6.5867,  
10.4264

 75.3472, 6.5867,  
10.4264


203.1266, 3.7258,  
20.0589

 63.8939, 6.6599,  
9.4337


 100.0681, 6.2627,  
12.4560

 53.0865, 6.6709,  
8.4509


113.2768, 6.0258,  
13.4928

 42.9683, 6.6095,  
7.4759

127.0204, 5.7428,  
14.5455

 33.5898, 6.4654,  
6.5039

141.2788, 5.4167,  
15.6147

 25.0147, 6.2246,  
5.5266

156.0341, 5.0499,  
16.7005

 17.3268, 5.8669,  
4.5295

171.2701, 4.6446,

 10.6436, 5.3621,

17.8031

3.6273

186.9721, 4.2027,  
18.9225

0.7633, 63.6095,  
0.5343

0.0000, NaN, NaN

75.3472, 6.5867,  
10.4264

75.3472, 6.5867,  
10.4264

69.3503, 13.3751,  
13.5435

81.6663, 0.1480,  
7.2341

63.7222, 20.5282,  
16.5390

88.2602, -5.9613,  
3.9901

58.5269, 28.0124,  
19.3484

95.0961, -11.7787,  
0.7121

53.8377, 35.7282,  
21.8768

97.3384, -14.7224,  
2.0950

■ 49.7367, 43.4724,  
23.9974

■ 46.3077, 50.9075,  
25.5621

■ 43.6233, 57.5677,  
26.4373

■ 41.7210, 62.9261,  
26.6058

■ 41.3991, 63.8750,  
26.6281

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.3489, 8.8075, 4.9193



75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264



75.3489, 1.5175, 13.9908

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.3489, 6.5843, 10.4276



75.3489, -14.8937, 9.1160



75.3489, -3.1579, -8.7014

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264



81.4936, -13.5376, -1.8472

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.3489, -9.4107, -7.3417



75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264



75.3489, -16.0513, 3.2743

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.3489, 6.5843, 10.4276



75.3489, -10.8602, 13.2797



75.3489, -14.0769, -2.8257



75.3489, 3.0640, -6.3997



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264



75.3489, -2.7139, 14.9585



75.3489, -14.0769, -2.8257



75.3489, -5.3261, -8.6585

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.3489, 6.5843, 10.4276



96.1696, -1.7963, 7.3163



74.7133, 15.4360, -6.8754



44.2462, -0.5975, 3.5069

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.3489, 6.5843, 10.4276



84.4625, 10.1775, 13.2388



81.3016, -3.7330, 16.5595



37.4578, 0.5561, 3.6113



31.5934, 47.9456, 20.3070



8.9289, 10.7468, 5.6901



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.4936, -13.5376, -1.8472



92.8430, -17.3041, -3.5105



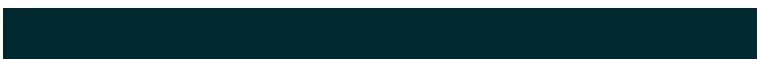
75.2318, -3.4784, -9.8433



38.9915, -4.4549, 0.5500



49.7981, -20.2443, -18.5416

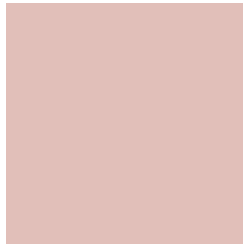


13.4734, -5.8000, -4.3199



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

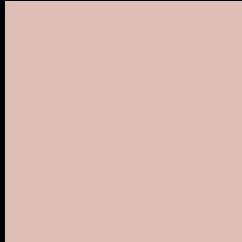
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

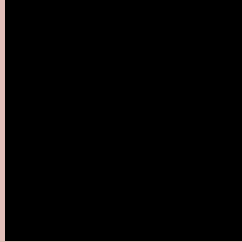
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264.



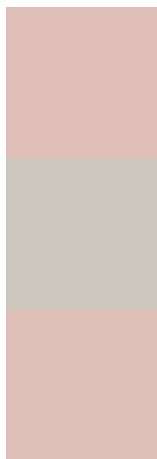
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.3472, 6.5867,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264

### Protanopia

75.5258, -3.2302, 8.6875

### Deuteranopia

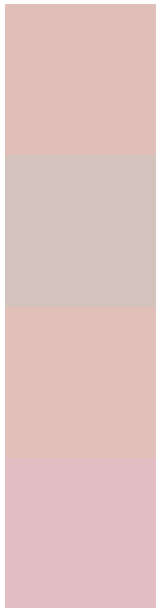
75.4255, 5.3567, 10.4906



## Tritanopia

75.2390, 11.7249, 2.0440

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264

## Protanomaly

75.2716, 0.4658, 8.9147

## Deuteranomaly

75.5310, 5.7104, 10.6123

## Tritanomaly

75.1994, 9.6960, 5.3315

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264

## Achromatopsia

75.9987, -4.0551, 4.1292

## Achromatomaly

75.7812, -0.4495, 6.2939

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 191, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 191, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 191, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 191, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 191, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 191, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 191, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 191, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 191, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 191,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.3472, 6.5867, 10.4264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 191, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
191, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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