

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.5014, -40.8574,  
41.6384)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.5014, -40.8574,  
41.6384) contains.

<b>HunterLab(75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(75.5196,  
-40.7763, 41.6520)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	96DA43
RGB	150, 218, 67
RGB Percent	59%, 85%, 26%
CMY	0.4118, 0.1451, 0.7372
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.69, 0.15
HSL	87°, 67%, 56%
HSV	87°, 69%, 85%
XYZ	38.6622, 57.0321, 14.2807
YIQ	180.4540, 7.9430, -61.3770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

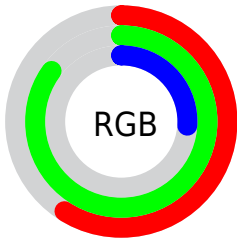
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">67, 218, 135</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9886275</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">80.20, -44.18, 64.24</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 77.966, 124.515</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">57.0346, 0.3516, 0.5186</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288076355 (0xFF96DA43)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">180.4540, -55.9328, -26.7082</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **37.7211, 50.6637, -80.1315**, and the grayscale version is **67.9735, -3.6269, 3.6931**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.9301, -37.1080, 44.6579**, and **53.4056, -34.5963, 32.3026** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.7847, -44.0012, 43.3270**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.3663, -37.0390, 39.1035**.

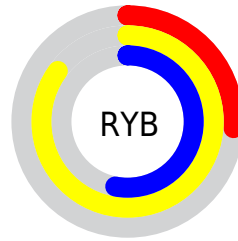
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (85%)

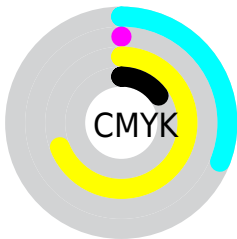
Blue (26%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (53%)

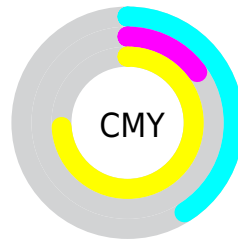


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.5196, -40.7763,  
41.6520

■ 75.5196, -40.7763,  
41.6520

203.3664,  
-64.7584, 75.1655

■ 64.0570, -37.7604,  
37.2723

■ 100.2575,  
-46.5104, 49.8884

■ 53.2399, -34.6087,  
32.6815

■ 113.4742,  
-49.2600, 53.7905

■ 43.1113, -31.2864,  
27.8529

■ 127.2255,  
-51.9488, 57.5737

■ 33.7215, -27.7408,  
22.9822

■ 141.4913,  
-54.5863, 61.2533

■ 25.1341, -23.8920,  
17.5938

■ 156.2538,  
-57.1802, 64.8421

■ 17.4325, -19.6111,  
12.2027

171.4967,

■ 10.7335, -18.7836,

-59.7368, 68.3511

7.5134

187.2054,  
-62.2613, 71.7896

■ 1.4845, -2.5978,  
1.0391

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.5196, -40.7763,  
41.6520

■ 75.5196, -40.7763,  
41.6520

■ 74.7847, -44.0012,  
43.3270

■ 76.3663, -37.0390,  
39.1035

■ 74.1508, -46.7300,  
44.2080

■ 77.3239, -32.7763,  
35.6284

■ 73.6077, -49.0231,  
44.4614

■ 78.3966, -27.9925,  
31.1976

■ 73.5702, -49.1815,  
44.4726

■ 79.5858, -22.6988,  
25.8002

■ 80.8917, -16.9130,  
19.4406

■ 82.3138, -10.6581,  
12.1361

■ 83.8508, -3.9608,  
3.9141

■ 85.5008, 3.1495,  
-5.1897

■ 86.9513, 8.9951,  
-10.7742

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.5213, -9.6393, 45.5492



75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520



75.5213, -58.8289, 28.1136

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.5213, -40.7780, 41.6524



75.5213, -32.6837, -88.0126



75.5213, 82.3662, 9.3252

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520



37.7211, 50.6637, -80.1315

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.5213, 72.9089, -31.8587



75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520



75.5213, 1.7404, -101.5642

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.5213, -40.7780, 41.6524



75.5213, -54.8365, -46.1436



75.5213, 41.4369, -77.3156



75.5213, 65.2223, 33.6128



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520



75.5213, -63.3522, 10.3918



75.5213, 41.4369, -77.3156



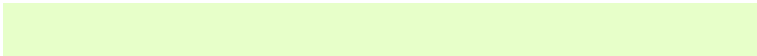
75.5213, 82.2158, -2.7607

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.5213, -40.7780, 41.6524



96.2952, -21.5705, 24.7648



57.1199, 20.6211, 30.0453



44.3466, -10.8826, 12.4610

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.5213, -40.7780, 41.6524



88.9594, -54.0762, 52.3239



72.1308, -54.5801, 39.1257



38.6745, -5.0615, 5.7665



57.0001, -37.8339, 34.4609



14.6826, -8.9217, 8.8911



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.7211, 50.6637, -80.1315



37.9919, 72.2052, -122.9698



47.7971, 70.8567, -51.5901



35.9205, 1.2072, -2.0294



21.5784, 51.0073, -94.9979



5.9358, 13.4750, -21.8215



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

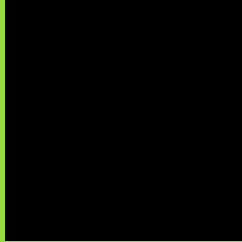
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520.

-40.7763, 41.6520.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520

### Protanopia

75.0104, -9.4581, 42.4532

### Deuteranopia

74.9062, 5.6125, 40.5500



## Tritanopia

75.4315, -11.1095, -6.9349

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520

## Protanomaly

74.6784, -21.8789, 41.7824

## Deuteranomaly

74.2901, -13.4183, 40.3718

## Tritanomaly

74.8784, -24.7037, 17.8971

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520

## Achromatopsia

67.5582, -3.6047, 3.6706

## Achromatomaly

69.9161, -19.4288, 22.0281

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 218, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 218, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 218, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 218, 67) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 218, 67) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 218, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 218, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 218, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 218, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 218,  
67) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.5196, -40.7763, 41.6520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 218, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
218, 67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor