

Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.6911, 9.1832,
-35.7436)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(75.6911, 9.1832,
-35.7436) contains.

HunterLab(75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(75.1631, 6.3969,
-28.2011)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCC2FF
RGB	188, 194, 255
RGB Percent	74%, 76%, 100%
CMY	0.2627, 0.2392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.26, 0.24, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	235°, 100%, 87%
HSV	235°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	58.0808, 56.4949, 102.4511
YIQ	199.1600, -23.1570, 17.6990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

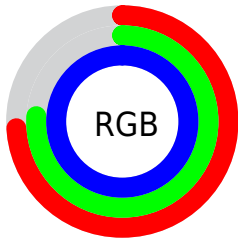
Format	Color
RYB	188, 194, 255
Decimal	12370687
CIELab	79.90, 10.95, -30.64
CIELCh	80, 32.543, 289.671
Yxy	56.4971, 0.2676, 0.2603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290560767 (0xFFBCC2FF)
YUV	199.1600, 27.5291, -9.7873
Hunter-Lab	75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011

Details

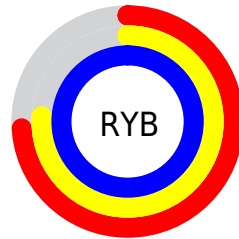
The HunterLab color $75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $96.2506, -12.3001, 29.7856$, and the grayscale version is $75.5359, -4.0304, 4.1040$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97.4698, -5.9502, 2.4073$, and $53.0222, 6.1557, -26.9619$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $66.3325, 11.9436, -43.4805$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84.3686, 1.5262, -14.4713$.

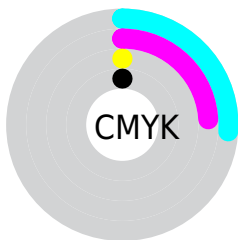
Distribution



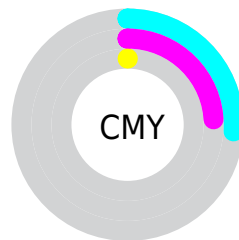
- Red (74%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.1631, 6.3969,
-28.2011

■ 75.1631, 6.3969,
-28.2011

202.8699, 3.4753,
-30.2287

■ 63.7194, 6.4794,
-27.7149

■ 99.8654, 6.0588,
-29.0064

■ 52.9225, 6.4989,
-27.1819

113.0656, 5.8146,
-29.3295

■ 42.8155, 6.4464,
-26.6100

126.8010, 5.5246,
-29.6002

■ 33.4490, 6.3117,
-26.0223

141.0515, 5.1916,
-29.8203

■ 24.8871, 6.0808,
-25.4723

155.7991, 4.8182,
-29.9914

■ 17.2139, 5.7335,
-25.0927

171.0277, 4.4065,

■ 10.5477, 5.2396,

-30.1153

-25.2711

186.7225, 3.9583,
-30.1938

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 75.1631, 6.3969,
-28.2011

■ 75.1631, 6.3969,
-28.2011

■ 66.3325, 11.9436,
-43.4805

■ 84.3686, 1.5262,
-14.4713

■ 57.9520, 18.3700,
-60.7606

■ 93.8874, -2.8210,
-1.9413

■ 50.1367, 25.9092,
-80.5323

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 43.0501, 34.7693,
-103.1607

■ 36.9248, 44.9381,

-128.3718

■ 32.0657, 55.7511,
-154.1965

■ 28.7875, 65.3990,
-175.9681

■ 27.9758, 68.1453,
-182.0736

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.1645, -9.3393, -29.9078



75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011



75.1645, 20.3533, -16.9143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.1645, 6.3957, -28.1988



75.1645, 16.4887, 22.8210



75.1645, -31.4111, 9.0496

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011



96.2506, -12.3001, 29.7856

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.1645, -25.6261, 20.3729



75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011



75.1645, 1.4625, 27.1738

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.1645, 6.3957, -28.1988



75.1645, 26.5027, 13.1116



75.1645, -13.8875, 26.3803



75.1645, -30.3265, -6.2069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011



75.1645, 26.3664, -6.5590



75.1645, -13.8875, 26.3803



75.1645, -30.2251, 13.3804

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.1645, 6.3957, -28.1988



92.2233, -2.1021, -4.0322



94.3439, -26.0582, 1.7141



41.9990, -0.6780, -2.7191

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.1645, 6.3957, -28.1988



70.0567, 9.4780, -36.7334



75.8979, 17.6969, -26.8281



41.9990, -0.6780, -2.7191



20.4391, 48.3680, -129.9596



7.0091, 12.6988, -36.1740

Inverse Universe

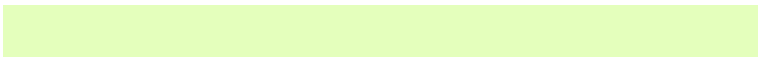
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.1812, 20.6339, 9.8281



73.9088, 26.6078, 11.0643



95.7486, -24.2056, 29.1141



42.4423, 1.7460, 3.1474



33.3911, 57.3058, 20.6276



10.4601, 18.0329, 5.8318

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

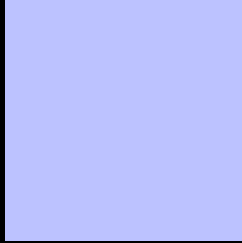
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

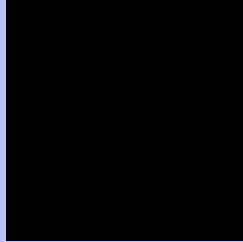
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.1631, 6.3969,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011

Protanopia

75.2628, 3.6692, -28.0886

Deuteranopia

75.0789, 6.1154, -28.3417



Tritanopia

75.1574, -7.4702, -5.6055

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011

Protanomaly

75.1269, 4.7481, -28.2882

Deuteranomaly

75.0789, 6.1154, -28.3417

Tritanomaly

74.9833, -2.3239, -13.6150

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011

Achromatopsia

75.5728, -4.0324, 4.1060

Achromatomaly

75.2656, -0.6645, -6.4262

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 194, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 194, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 194, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 194, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

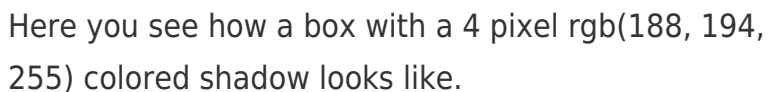
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 194, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 194, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 194, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 194, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 194, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 194,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.1631, 6.3969, -28.2011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 194, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
194, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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