

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.7870, 18.3699,  
23.2748)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.7870, 18.3699,  
23.2748) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(75.8024, 18.0680,  
23.1132)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB79A
RGB	255, 183, 154
RGB Percent	100%, 72%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2823, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	17°, 100%, 80%
HSV	17°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	64.0062, 57.4600, 38.2892
YIQ	201.2220, 52.2210, 6.2450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

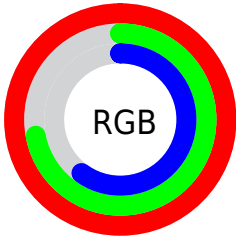
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 195, 154
Decimal	16758682
CIE Lab	80.44, 22.58, 25.11
CIE LCh	80, 33.764, 48.036
Yxy	57.4628, 0.4006, 0.3597
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948762 (0xFFFFB79A)
YUV	201.2220, -23.2804, 47.1633
Hunter-Lab	75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132

# Details

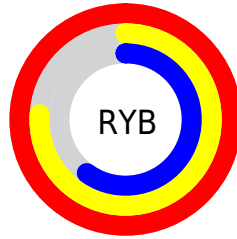
The HunterLab color **75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **82.7526, -18.4764, -17.1154**, and the grayscale version is **76.6016, -4.0873, 4.1619**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.5930, -4.3174, 19.3830**, and **53.5540, 16.9248, 19.0897** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.4845, 25.0393, 26.5460**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.4824, 11.5336, 19.1848**.

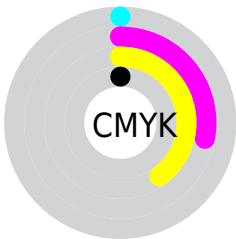
# Distribution



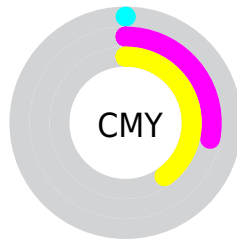
- Red (100%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 75.8024, 18.0680,  
23.1132


 75.8024, 18.0680,  
23.1132


203.7600, 19.0787,  
39.5672

 64.3249, 17.6293,  
21.1505


 100.5685, 18.7051,  
26.9121

 53.4918, 17.1062,  
19.1257


 113.7983, 18.9232,  
28.7647

 43.3461, 16.4847,  
17.0202


127.5621, 19.0802,  
30.5956

 33.9378, 15.7515,  
14.8061

141.8401, 19.1804,  
32.4096

 25.3303, 14.8899,  
12.4418

156.6143, 19.2273,  
34.2108

 17.6062, 13.8805,  
9.9383

171.8686, 19.2242,

 10.8814, 12.7078,

36.0024

7.6170

187.5883, 19.1739,  
37.7871

■ 2.2050, 44.4967,  
1.5435

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.8024, 18.0680,  
23.1132

■ 75.8024, 18.0680,  
23.1132

■ 70.4845, 25.0393,  
26.5460

■ 81.4824, 11.5336,  
19.1848

■ 65.5736, 32.4266,  
29.3711

■ 87.4751, 5.4413,  
14.8487

■ 61.1276, 40.1389,  
31.4687

■ 93.7449, -0.2374,  
10.1794

■ 57.2053, 48.0072,  
32.7227

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 53.8631, 55.7617,  
33.0580

■ 51.1395, 63.0058,  
32.5816

■ 51.0447, 63.2703,  
32.5611

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.8042, 28.1102, 12.7880



75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132



75.8042, 2.5576, 27.8801

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.8042, 18.0646, 23.1143



75.8042, -32.3347, 10.0495



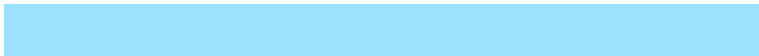
75.8042, 5.9000, -30.0455

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132



82.7526, -18.4764, -17.1154

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.8042, -10.4364, -31.2143



75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132



75.8042, -31.6049, -5.6961

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.8042, 18.0646, 23.1143



75.8042, -25.9717, 21.4758



75.8042, -23.8860, -21.5556



75.8042, 20.6888, -18.6365



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132



75.8042, -8.3801, 28.1073



75.8042, -23.8860, -21.5556



75.8042, 0.3820, -31.7251

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.8042, 18.0646, 23.1143



92.2214, 1.0855, 11.3237



70.6284, 44.6585, -16.3299



42.2838, 0.8406, 5.5247

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.8042, 18.0646, 23.1143



71.3134, 23.8891, 26.0324



90.5191, -8.0569, 35.6115



43.4011, -0.1359, 4.6865



37.1940, 44.8657, 23.7042

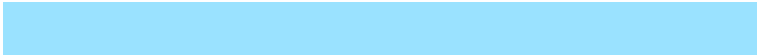


12.3462, 11.9286, 7.8165

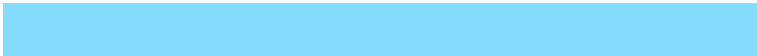


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.7526, -18.4764, -17.1154



79.5494, -19.8066, -21.8421



67.1532, 7.0920, -42.0261



44.2133, -4.3464, 0.0127



46.3389, -10.6710, -34.8840



15.0931, -4.2539, -9.6822



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

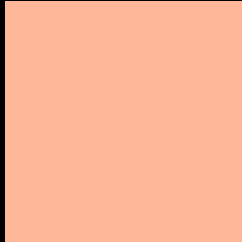
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

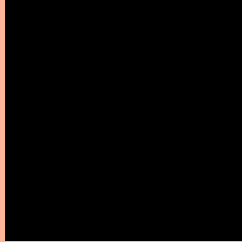
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.8024, 18.0680,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132

### Protanopia

76.1014, -5.7499, 20.1614

### Deuteranopia

75.9134, 5.3602, 23.6705



## Tritanopia

75.7007, 25.2119, 8.0295

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132

## Protanomaly

75.8820, 2.5711, 21.1743

## Deuteranomaly

75.8764, 9.6967, 23.3754

## Tritanomaly

75.5757, 22.6744, 13.9231

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132

## Achromatopsia

76.4250, -4.0778, 4.1523

## Achromatomaly

75.7736, 3.4669, 11.2694

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 183, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(255, 183, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 183, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 183, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 183, 154) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 183, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 183, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 183, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 183, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 183,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.8024, 18.0680, 23.1132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 183, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
183, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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