

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.8465, 2.1509,  
7.5053)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.8465, 2.1509, 7.5053)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(75.7150, 2.2670,  
7.1875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7C3C1
RGB	215, 195, 193
RGB Percent	84%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.1569, 0.2353, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.16
HSL	5°, 22%, 80%
HSV	5°, 10%, 84%
XYZ	57.1651, 57.3276, 58.5045
YIQ	200.7520, 12.5620, 3.6180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

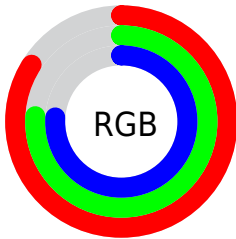
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	215, 195, 193
Decimal	14140353
CIE Lab	80.36, 6.69, 3.55
CIE LCh	80, 7.575, 27.951
Yxy	57.3301, 0.3304, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292330433 (0xFFD7C3C1)
YUV	200.7520, -3.8217, 12.4955
Hunter-Lab	75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875

# Details

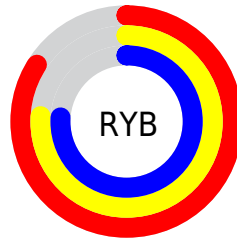
The HunterLab color  $75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $79.8944, -10.1151, 1.3430$ , and the grayscale version is  $76.3327, -4.0729, 4.1473$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98.8536, -4.7941, 7.0758$ , and  $53.3074, 3.0006, 5.3049$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $69.4603, 9.1029, 9.8594$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82.2791, -4.2507, 4.5401$ .

# Distribution



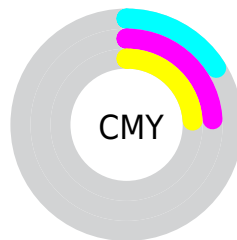
- Red (84%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.7150, 2.2670,  
7.1875

■ 75.7150, 2.2670,  
7.1875

203.6382, -2.1706,  
15.3946

■ 64.2420, 2.5525,  
6.3934

■ 100.4723, 1.5474,  
8.8520

■ 53.4139, 2.7870,  
5.6226

113.6980, 1.1244,  
9.7193

■ 43.2734, 2.9624,  
4.8762

127.4580, 0.6621,  
10.6097

■ 33.8709, 3.0711,  
4.1539

141.7322, 0.1628,  
11.5229

■ 25.2695, 3.1025,  
3.4541

156.5028, -0.3718,  
12.4584

■ 17.5524, 3.0415,  
2.7735

171.7535, -0.9398,

■ 10.8356, 2.8636,

13.4158

2.1043

187.4698, -1.5398,  
14.3946

2.0100, 14.3994,  
1.4070

0.0000, NaN, NaN

75.7150, 2.2670,  
7.1875

75.7150, 2.2670,  
7.1875

69.4603, 9.1029,  
9.8594

82.2791, -4.2507,  
4.5401

63.5610, 16.2807,  
12.5352

89.1065, -10.4758,  
1.9200

58.0815, 23.7831,  
15.1819

96.0815, -16.9192,  
0.5282

53.0978, 31.5333,  
17.7383

96.5335, -17.6134,  
1.0680

■ 48.6985, 39.3521,  
20.1057

■ 44.9794, 46.9169,  
22.1436

■ 42.0305, 53.7495,  
23.6833

■ 39.9136, 59.2840,  
24.5785

■ 38.6432, 62.9471,  
24.9138

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.7167, 3.1085, 3.8820



75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875



75.7167, -0.2784, 9.5721

# Triad

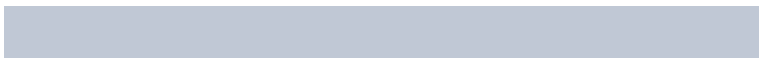
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.7167, 2.2649, 7.1887



75.7167, -9.9096, 7.5841



75.7167, -4.2952, -2.8691

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875



79.8944, -10.1151, 1.3430

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.7167, -7.7376, -1.7672



75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875



75.7167, -10.9407, 4.3601

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.7167, 2.2649, 7.1887



75.7167, -7.3103, 9.7927



75.7167, -10.1530, 0.9203



75.7167, -0.7216, -2.0255



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875



75.7167, -2.5714, 10.3728



75.7167, -10.1530, 0.9203



75.7167, -5.5057, -2.7129

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.7167, 2.2649, 7.1887



97.5503, -2.9833, 6.4027



75.7631, 6.7184, -2.5484



44.8307, -1.0867, 3.0823

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

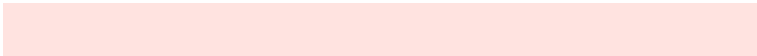


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.7167, 2.2649, 7.1887



90.3904, 4.2794, 9.3292



78.9687, -3.2908, 10.7223



35.4977, 0.8023, 3.2463



29.9981, 48.3077, 19.3304



7.7904, 10.5135, 4.9845

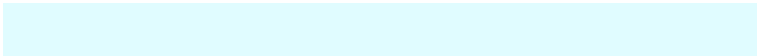


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.8944, -10.1151, 1.3430



96.3773, -13.4696, 0.9500



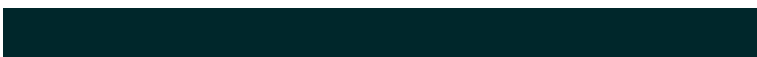
76.5271, -4.6582, -2.7357



37.2899, -4.5080, 0.7387



51.4521, -23.7587, -13.0223



12.8629, -6.1175, -2.8716



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

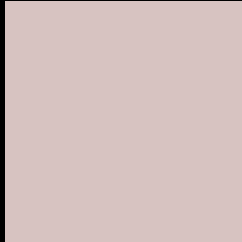
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

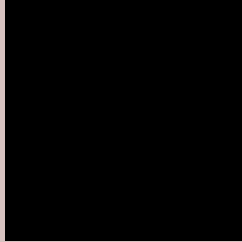
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

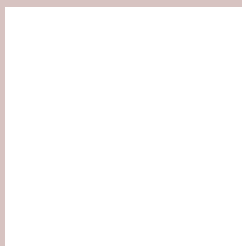
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.7150, 2.2670,

7.1875.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875

### Protanopia

75.9107, -3.1012, 6.3961

### Deuteranopia

75.7379, 5.3660, 7.2678



## Tritanopia

75.7929, 6.4791, 0.1355

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875

## Protanomaly

75.9560, -1.4518, 6.9381

## Deuteranomaly

75.8247, 4.1533, 7.3453

## Tritanomaly

75.8250, 4.7629, 2.6273

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875

## Achromatopsia

76.4250, -4.0778, 4.1523

## Achromatomaly

76.1878, -1.9625, 5.3356

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 195, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 195, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 195, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 195, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

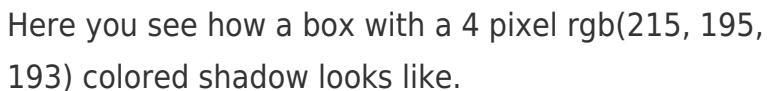
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 195, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 195, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 195, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 195, 193); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 195, 193); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 195, 193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.7150, 2.2670, 7.1875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 195, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
195, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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