

Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.9173, -58.8980,
32.2539)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(75.9173, -58.8980,
32.2539) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(76.0931,
-59.1132, 32.4986)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	00E676
RGB	0, 230, 118
RGB Percent	0%, 90%, 46%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0980, 0.5372
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.49, 0.10
HSL	151°, 100%, 45%
HSV	151°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	31.5668, 57.9016, 26.6519
YIQ	148.4620, -101.1280, -83.5920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

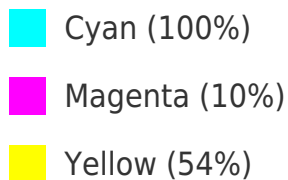
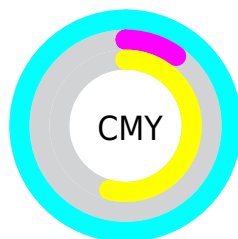
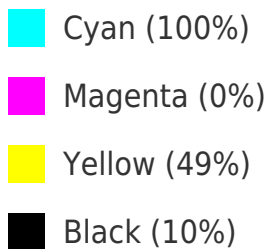
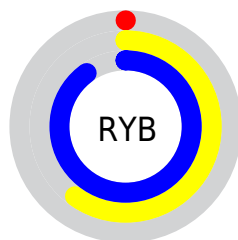
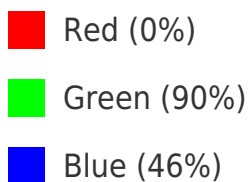
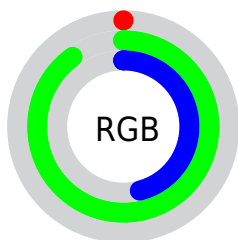
Format	Color
RYB	0, 152, 230
Decimal	58998
CIELab	80.69, -70.48, 41.59
CIELCh	81, 81.838, 149.457
Yxy	57.9039, 0.2718, 0.4986
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278249078 (0xFF00E676)
YUV	148.4620, -15.0178, -130.2012
Hunter-Lab	76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986

Details

The HunterLab color **76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **42.4194, 75.4013, 6.0275**, and the grayscale version is **54.6953, -2.9184, 2.9717**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.1758, -54.0752, 27.1430**, and **55.0385, -44.5669, 27.4139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.0945, -59.1148, 32.5004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.3993, -57.4674, 29.8979**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76.0931, -59.1132,
32.4986


 76.0931, -59.1132,
32.4986


204.1636,
-94.1853, 55.8858

 64.5999, -54.5097,
29.5412


 100.8875,
-67.7355, 38.1083


 53.7504, -49.6521,
26.4502


 114.1307,
-71.8145, 40.7939

 43.5872, -44.4789,
23.1940


 127.9075,
-75.7693, 43.4172

 34.1601, -38.9030,
19.7312

 142.1979,
-79.6172, 45.9880

 25.5320, -32.7993,
16.0350

 156.9841,
-83.3720, 48.5142

 17.7849, -26.5474,
12.4494


172.2500,

 11.0337, -19.3090,


-87.0455, 51.0024


7.7236


187.9810,
-90.6472, 53.4580


 2.7545, -4.8204,
1.9282


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 76.0931, -59.1132,
32.4986


 76.0931, -59.1132,
32.4986


 76.0945, -59.1148,
32.5004


 76.3993, -57.4674,
29.8979


 76.8650, -55.1190,
27.1401


 77.5342, -51.9115,
24.2811


 78.4278, -47.7882,
21.3641

 79.5599, -42.7317,
18.4318

 80.9394, -36.7564,
15.5249

 82.5703, -29.9031,
12.6808

 84.4529, -22.2321,
9.9329

 86.5840, -13.8176,
7.3092

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.0946, -37.9712, 44.0470



76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986



76.0946, -66.1606, 4.8241

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0946, -59.1140, 32.4991



76.0946, -4.7833, -109.5328



76.0946, 74.1284, 31.8233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986



42.4194, 75.4013, 6.0275

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.0946, 87.9002, 3.4536



76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986



76.0946, 37.0667, -89.6212

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0946, -59.1140, 32.4991



76.0946, -38.9858, -88.2295



76.0946, 73.1423, -42.5604



76.0946, 38.5713, 43.8205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986



76.0946, -63.3183, -24.1142



76.0946, 73.1423, -42.5604



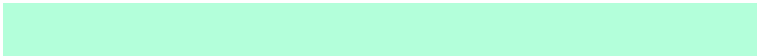
76.0946, 81.7462, 24.5159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0946, -59.1140, 32.4991



92.7863, -33.7586, 14.3103



77.6152, -54.4841, 46.8720



42.5525, -17.1803, 7.2430

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

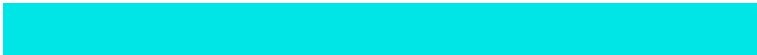
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0946, -59.1140, 32.4991



85.5300, -66.5224, 36.6977



78.9362, -41.8479, -8.3251



40.2641, -6.1963, 3.3302



57.2760, -44.3442, 24.1363



15.6300, -11.6824, 5.6829

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.4194, 75.4013, 6.0275



47.6653, 84.6907, 7.0604



41.0170, 70.2412, 26.5037



38.0584, 2.1932, 1.0107



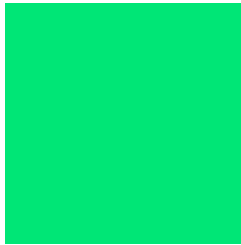
31.9549, 56.8732, 3.9856



8.7937, 15.8495, -0.4424

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

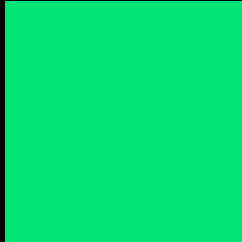
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

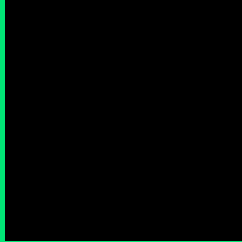
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

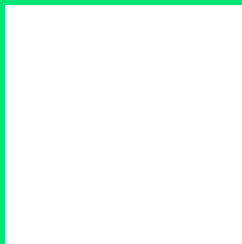
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986.

-59.1132, 32.4986.

Color Blindness Simulation

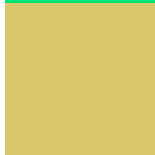
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986



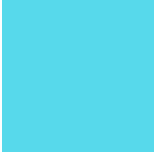
Protanopia

75.4774, -8.4210, 35.4347



Deuteranopia

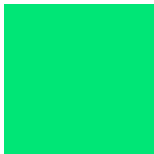


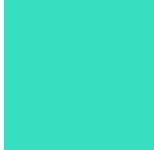
75.3234, 5.4094, 30.4336






Tritanopia

75.9277, -30.0471, -15.1144

Trichromacy

	Original Color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986
	Protanomaly 72.6153, -37.1984, 31.8148
	Deuteranomaly 71.9675, -30.6549, 28.0997
	Tritanomaly 75.4059, -43.8744, 6.4857

Monochromacy

	Original Color 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986
	Achromatopsia 54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567
	Achromatomaly 60.0222, -30.5371, 13.0726

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 230, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 230, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 230, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 230, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 230, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 230, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 230, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 230, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 230, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 230,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.0931, -59.1132, 32.4986 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 230, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 230,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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