

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.9515, -34.6504,  
7.7169)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.9515, -34.6504,  
7.7169) contains.

<b>HunterLab(75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(75.9515,  
-34.6504, 7.7169)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75DABF
RGB	117, 218, 191
RGB Percent	46%, 85%, 75%
CMY	0.5412, 0.1451, 0.2510
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.12, 0.15
HSL	164°, 58%, 66%
HSV	164°, 46%, 85%
XYZ	41.8115, 57.6863, 58.2211
YIQ	184.7230, -51.5290, -29.8090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

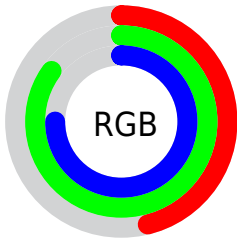
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	117, 175, 218
Decimal	7723711
CIELab	80.57, -35.96, 4.16
CIELCh	81, 36.197, 173.402
Yxy	57.6886, 0.2651, 0.3658
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285913791 (0xFF75DABF)
YUV	184.7230, 3.0946, -59.3931
Hunter-Lab	75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169

# Details

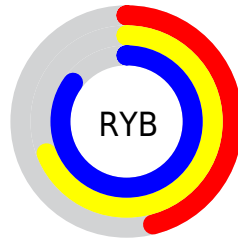
The HunterLab color **75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **54.4455, 36.8793, 5.4591**, and the grayscale version is **69.5408, -3.7105, 3.7783**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.3992, -29.6602, 1.1730**, and **53.7856, -29.6433, 6.1180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.8991, -39.1099, 9.0582**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.2271, -29.4126, 6.5961**.

# Distribution



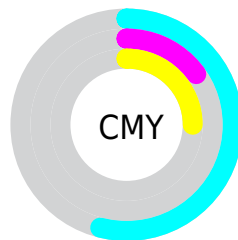
- Red (46%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.9515, -34.6504,  
7.7169

■ 75.9515, -34.6504,  
7.7169

203.9668,  
-55.2694, 16.1442

■ 64.4658, -32.1139,  
6.8921

■ 100.7320,  
-39.5092, 9.4373

■ 53.6243, -29.4794,  
6.0889

■ 113.9686,  
-41.8563, 10.3307

■ 43.4696, -26.7197,  
5.3078

■ 127.7391,  
-44.1615, 11.2462

■ 34.0517, -23.7947,  
4.5476

142.0234,  
-46.4321, 12.1836

■ 25.4336, -20.6430,  
3.8062

156.8038,  
-48.6739, 13.1424

■ 17.6977, -17.1639,  
3.0786

172.0640,

■ 10.9594, -15.3688,

-50.8914, 14.1223

2.3541

187.7895,  
-53.0888, 15.1230

■ 2.5018, -4.3781,  
1.7512

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.9515, -34.6504,  
7.7169

■ 75.9515, -34.6504,  
7.7169

■ 74.8991, -39.1099,  
9.0582

■ 77.2271, -29.4126,  
6.5961

■ 74.0579, -42.7776,  
10.5950


■ 78.7250, -23.4258,  
5.7089


■ 73.4177, -45.6682,  
12.3004


■ 80.4470, -16.7383,  
5.0659


■ 72.9612, -47.8259,  
14.1402


■ 82.3907, -9.4091,  
4.6712


 72.6637, -49.3345,  
16.0732


 84.5513, -1.5037,  
4.5237

 72.5763, -49.7974,  
16.7843

 86.9225, 6.9097,  
4.6180

 87.8747, 10.4488,  
2.9215

 88.0659, 11.4622,  
0.2012

 88.2629, 12.5045,  
-2.5965

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.9530, -29.2069, 20.8365



75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169



75.9530, -32.5134, -9.6965

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.9530, -34.6512, 7.7178



75.9530, 9.7628, -31.4615



75.9530, 17.0439, 25.5891

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169



54.4455, 36.8793, 5.4591

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9530, 29.3248, 15.7714



75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169



75.9530, 24.8624, -17.5107

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.9530, -34.6512, 7.7178



75.9530, -7.8810, -34.9900



75.9530, 32.3079, 0.3672



75.9530, -0.1553, 29.5362



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169



75.9530, -26.9718, -21.2865



75.9530, 32.3079, 0.3672



75.9530, 21.9450, 22.9897

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.9530, -34.6512, 7.7178



96.5645, -18.1224, 5.9205



75.8324, -38.3865, 32.8964



44.4517, -9.2370, 2.7982

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

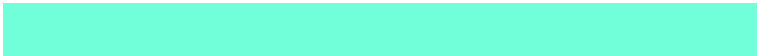


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.9530, -34.6512, 7.7178



89.4307, -46.7879, 10.8464



69.5546, -19.6859, -14.0286



38.4279, -5.5228, 2.2405



56.1909, -38.4414, 12.7503



14.3511, -9.4861, 2.5401



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.4455, 36.8793, 5.4591



59.2509, 54.7493, 8.4359



58.8412, 22.4421, 19.6916



36.2055, 1.7103, 1.9174



30.2159, 52.4078, 14.3917

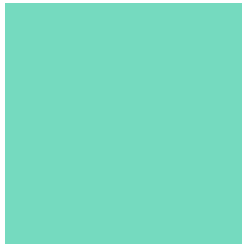


7.7829, 13.6781, 2.3188



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

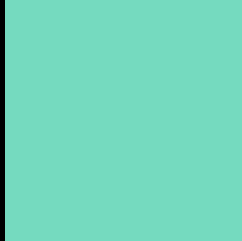
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169.



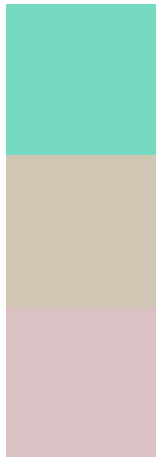
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.9515,

-34.6504, 7.7169.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169

### Protanopia

75.4645, -3.9449, 12.5066

### Deuteranopia

75.3292, 5.6743, 5.4120



## Tritanopia

75.7557, -22.4682, -12.3042

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169



## Protanomaly

74.9146, -16.8767, 9.9771



## Deuteranomaly

74.5744, -11.0280, 5.1811



## Tritanomaly

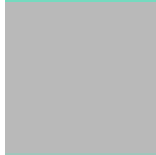
75.7206, -27.0115, -4.6830

# Monochromacy



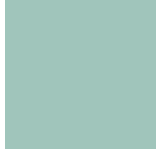
## Original Color

75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169



## Achromatopsia

69.6527, -3.7165, 3.7844



## Achromatomaly

71.4100, -16.4001, 4.6811

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 218, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 218, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 218, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 218, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 218, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 218, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 218, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 218, 191); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 218, 191); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 218, 191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.9515, -34.6504, 7.7169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 218, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
218, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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