

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(75.9663, 22.5783,  
12.8335)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(75.9663, 22.5783,  
12.8335) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(75.9507, 22.6873,  
12.6498)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB5B6
RGB	255, 181, 182
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2902, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.29, 0.00
HSL	359°, 100%, 85%
HSV	359°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	66.2073, 57.6851, 51.9007
YIQ	203.2400, 43.7830, 15.9990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

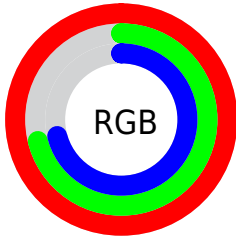
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 181, 182
Decimal	16758198
CIE Lab	80.56, 27.00, 10.26
CIE LCh	81, 28.885, 20.803
Yxy	57.6878, 0.3766, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948278 (0xFFFFB5B6)
YUV	203.2400, -10.4713, 45.3935
Hunter-Lab	75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498

# Details

The HunterLab color **75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94.0748, -26.6732, -1.5966**, and the grayscale version is **77.4130, -4.1306, 4.2060**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033**, and **53.7528, 21.1880, 10.5848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.7754, 33.0789, 15.5194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7613, 12.6401, 9.9776**.

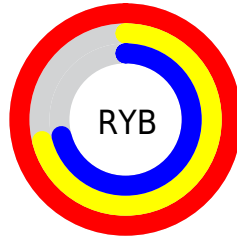
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

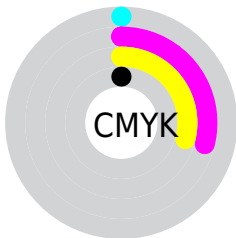
Blue (71%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (71%)

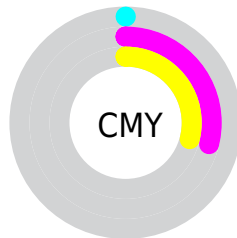


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)


Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 75.9507, 22.6873,  
12.6498

 75.9507, 22.6873,  
12.6498


203.9660, 25.1481,  
23.3033

 64.4652, 22.0612,  
11.5143


 100.7313, 23.6807,  
14.9417

 53.6238, 21.3439,  
10.3787


113.9680, 24.0685,  
16.1000

 43.4691, 20.5210,  
9.2388


127.7384, 24.3902,  
17.2691

 34.0513, 19.5796,  
8.0864

142.0228, 24.6503,  
18.4500

 25.4332, 18.5045,  
6.9084

156.8031, 24.8528,  
19.6433

 17.6974, 17.2818,  
5.6824

172.0633, 25.0013,

 10.9591, 15.9141,


20.8497

4.6619


187.7887, 25.0988,  
22.0696


 2.5007, 46.9170,  
1.7505

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 75.9507, 22.6873,  
12.6498


 75.9507, 22.6873,  
12.6498

 68.7754, 33.0789,  
15.5194


 83.7613, 12.6401,  
9.9776

 62.3573, 43.6395,  
18.5389

 92.0983, 3.0060,  
7.5039

 56.8459, 53.9768,  
21.6000

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

 52.3952, 63.4393,  
24.5042

■ 49.1327, 71.1653,  
26.9730

■ 47.1063, 76.3489,  
28.7266

■ 46.1815, 78.8125,  
29.6190

■ 46.1167, 78.9926,  
29.6732

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.9525, 24.2817, -0.0587



75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498



75.9525, 13.6525, 21.3721

# Triad

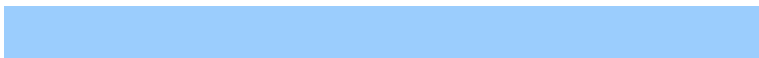
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.9525, 22.6840, 12.6511



75.9525, -23.7495, 18.5590



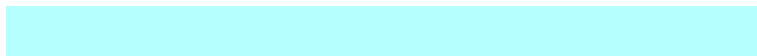
75.9525, -8.2971, -25.6188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498



94.0748, -26.6732, -1.5966

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9525, -20.2787, -18.4219



75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498



75.9525, -28.7667, 8.1011

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.9525, 22.6840, 12.6511



75.9525, -13.3519, 24.3309



75.9525, -27.5436, -5.4995



75.9525, 5.7081, -23.8006



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498



75.9525, 4.9674, 24.5024



75.9525, -27.5436, -5.4995



75.9525, -12.6782, -24.1316

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.9525, 22.6840, 12.6511



92.1130, 2.9899, 7.4998



78.2925, 34.8089, -22.7925



42.0408, 2.0198, 3.6307

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.9525, 22.6840, 12.6511



71.5750, 28.8691, 14.3454



86.0835, 3.4921, 22.9936



42.4158, 1.6035, 3.5254



33.3383, 57.1098, 21.4114



10.4092, 17.8440, 6.5863



# Inverse Universe

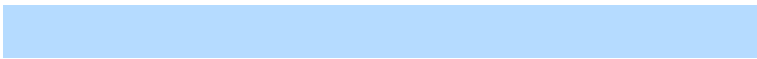
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.9525, 22.6840, 12.6511



71.5750, 28.8691, 14.3454



82.3596, -8.6697, -17.5096



42.4158, 1.6035, 3.5254



33.3383, 57.1098, 21.4114



10.4092, 17.8440, 6.5863



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

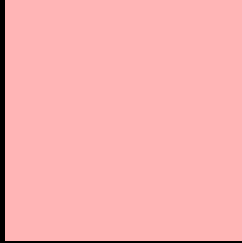
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

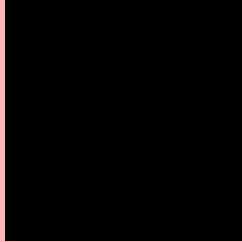
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 75.9507, 22.6873,

12.6498.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498

### Protanopia

76.0095, -2.9358, 7.8856

### Deuteranopia

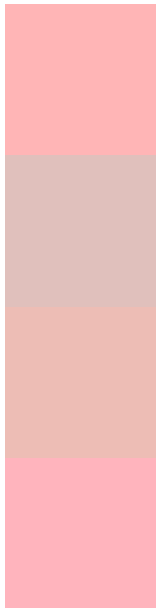
76.0040, 5.5269, 13.2458



## Tritanopia

75.9952, 24.8190, 7.9007

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498

## Protanomaly

75.6157, 6.1634, 9.3971

## Deuteranomaly

75.9842, 11.4153, 12.9095

## Tritanomaly

75.8793, 24.2273, 9.5621

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498

## Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

## Achromatomaly

76.4853, 4.9867, 7.1947

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 181, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 181, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 181, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 181, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 181, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 181, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 181, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 181, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 75.9507, 22.6873, 12.6498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 181, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
181, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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