

Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.0678, -64.1321,
44.7190)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(76.0678, -64.1321,
44.7190) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(76.1540,
-64.2235, 44.7921)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	17E81F
RGB	23, 232, 31
RGB Percent	9%, 91%, 12%
CMY	0.9098, 0.0902, 0.8784
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.87, 0.09
HSL	122°, 82%, 50%
HSV	122°, 90%, 91%
XYZ	29.4573, 57.9943, 10.9378
YIQ	146.5950, -60.0430, -106.8190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

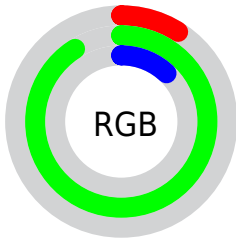
Format	Color
R_YB	23, 224, 232
Decimal	1566751
CIE Lab	80.74, -78.60, 73.81
CIE LCh	81, 107.823, 136.798
Yxy	57.9967, 0.2994, 0.5894
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279756831 (0xFF17E81F)
YUV	146.5950, -56.9883, -108.3928
Hunter-Lab	76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921

Details

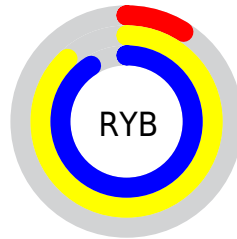
The HunterLab color **76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **48.1151, 90.3092, -55.6627**, and the grayscale version is **54.0940, -2.8863, 2.9390**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.2833, -60.1029, 44.8821**, and **55.3714, -47.4810, 33.2884** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.9836, -65.0643, 45.4824**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.5252, -62.4408, 43.4213**.

Distribution



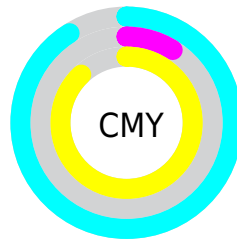
- Red (9%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.1540, -64.2235,
44.7921

■ 76.1540, -64.2235,
44.7921

204.2483,
-102.8322, 82.6029

■ 64.6576, -59.1126,
39.8388

■ 100.9545,
-73.7699, 54.1167

■ 53.8047, -53.7096,
34.6617

■ 114.2005,
-78.2736, 58.5316

■ 43.6378, -47.9458,
29.2483

■ 127.9800,
-82.6324, 62.8076

■ 34.2068, -41.7254,
23.9447

■ 142.2729,
-86.8661, 66.9609

■ 25.5743, -34.9140,
17.9020

■ 157.0617,
-90.9907, 71.0057

■ 17.8225, -28.5522,
12.4757

■ 172.3300,

■ 11.0658, -19.3651,

-95.0195, 74.9542

7.7460

188.0633,
-98.9635, 78.8169

■ 2.8563, -4.9986,
1.9994

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.1540, -64.2235,
44.7921

■ 76.1540, -64.2235,
44.7921


■ 75.9836, -65.0643,
45.4824


■ 76.5252, -62.4408,
43.4213


■ 77.1442, -59.4956,
41.2902


■ 78.0403, -55.2944,
38.3511


■ 79.2322, -49.8033,
34.5923

 80.7310, -43.0400,
30.0332

 82.5412, -35.0649,
24.7190

 84.6618, -25.9706,
18.7141

 87.0871, -15.8710,
12.0951

 89.8077, -4.8910,
4.9443

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.1556, -30.9242, 50.5873



76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921



76.1556, -79.1453, 22.8639

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.1556, -64.2245, 44.7924



76.1556, -25.6330, -159.3638



76.1556, 117.6008, 26.8737

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921



48.1151, 90.3092, -55.6627

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.1556, 120.1437, -21.0029



76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921



76.1556, 27.1188, -155.2779

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.1556, -64.2245, 44.7924



76.1556, -61.2533, -103.2563



76.1556, 83.6340, -94.2736



76.1556, 77.4107, 46.0409

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921



76.1556, -80.2264, -8.0274



76.1556, 83.6340, -94.2736



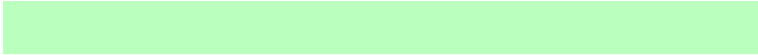
76.1556, 123.2020, 14.5906

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.1556, -64.2245, 44.7924



92.5434, -36.1750, 25.6236



85.9017, -25.4938, 51.9264



42.4606, -18.2720, 12.8720

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.1556, -64.2245, 44.7924



84.5822, -72.4388, 50.6542



77.2218, -57.5934, 29.1265



40.1224, -6.9884, 5.3595



56.6172, -48.4547, 33.8332



15.4011, -13.1071, 9.0445

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1151, 90.3092, -55.6627



52.7885, 102.9161, -62.8971



43.7475, 74.4482, 3.9463



38.2167, 3.0415, -1.2395



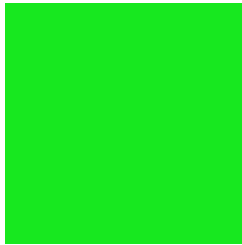
35.3406, 68.9125, -42.2061



9.6226, 18.7873, -11.6761

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921.

-64.2235, 44.7921.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921

Protanopia

75.3290, -10.2885, 45.7164

Deuteranopia

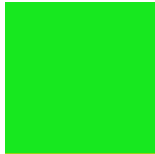
75.1077, 5.9612, 43.2254



Tritanopia

75.9260, -28.4651, -13.9127

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921



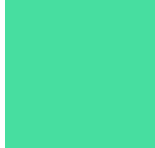
Protanomaly

72.9615, -39.0665, 43.5724



Deuteranomaly

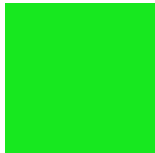
71.8433, -31.1562, 41.4164



Tritanomaly

74.9134, -47.5474, 19.0072

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921



Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348



Achromatomaly

59.7373, -32.9767, 22.9680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 232, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 232, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 232, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 232, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 232, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 232, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 232, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 232, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 232, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 232,  
31) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.1540, -64.2235, 44.7921 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 232, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 232,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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