

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.0913, -14.5606,  
-22.9170)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(76.0913, -14.5606,  
-22.9170) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(76.1682,  
-14.4449, -23.0814)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CD1F9
RGB	140, 209, 249
RGB Percent	55%, 82%, 98%
CMY	0.4510, 0.1804, 0.0235
CMYK	0.44, 0.16, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	202°, 90%, 76%
HSV	202°, 44%, 98%
XYZ	50.7146, 58.0159, 98.1478
YIQ	192.9290, -53.9640, -2.1880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

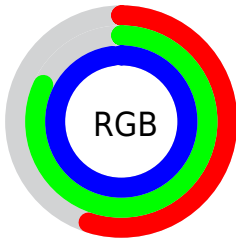
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	140, 182, 249
Decimal	9228793
CIELab	80.75, -11.48, -26.39
CIElCh	81, 28.778, 246.500
Yxy	58.0182, 0.2451, 0.2804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287418873 (0xFF8CD1F9)
YUV	192.9290, 27.6430, -46.4187
Hunter-Lab	76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814

# Details

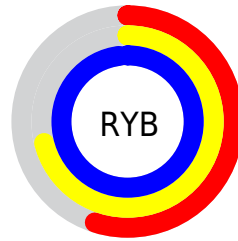
The HunterLab color **76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **73.9440, 15.7347, 25.9439**, and the grayscale version is **72.9003, -3.8898, 3.9608**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.2606, -22.2379, -0.5739**, and **53.9328, -12.2924, -21.8048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.9292, -14.6844, -29.8098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.6503, -13.4234, -16.4254**.

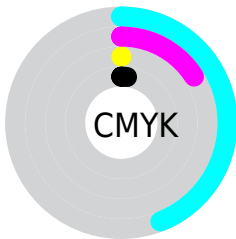
# Distribution



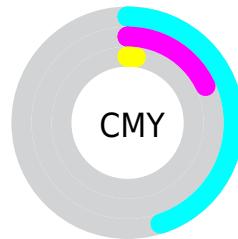
- Red (55%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 76.1682, -14.4449,  
-23.0814

■ 76.1682, -14.4449,  
-23.0814

204.2679,  
-25.5211, -24.0370

■ 64.6709, -13.2488,  
-22.7085

■ 100.9699,  
-16.8465, -23.6502

■ 53.8172, -12.0501,  
-22.2790

■ 114.2166,  
-18.0561, -23.8522

■ 43.6495, -10.8435,  
-21.7949

127.9967,  
-19.2740, -24.0017

■ 34.2176, -9.6205,  
-21.2668

142.2903,  
-20.5014, -24.1010

■ 25.5841, -8.3677,  
-20.7226

157.0796,  
-21.7391, -24.1522

■ 17.8311, -7.0623,  
-20.2365

172.3485,

■ 11.0732, -5.6610,

-22.9880, -24.1573

-20.0310

188.0823,  
-24.2485, -24.1183

■ 2.8793, -5.0388,  
-45.2981

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 76.1682, -14.4449,  
-23.0814

■ 76.1682, -14.4449,  
-23.0814

■ 71.9292, -14.6844,  
-29.8098

■ 80.6503, -13.4234,  
-16.4254

■ 67.9462, -14.0668,  
-36.5838

■ 85.3535, -11.6964,  
-9.8665

■ 64.2359, -12.5321,  
-43.3604

■ 90.2623, -9.3401,  
-3.4148

■ 60.8087, -10.0478,  
-50.0912

■ 95.3604, -6.4251,  
2.9249

■ 57.6648, -6.6321,  
-56.7328

■ 99.7108, -6.2164,  
8.0406

■ 55.8268, -4.1335,  
-60.8556

■ 99.8096, -6.3796,  
8.1514

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.1696, -24.4032, -12.5985



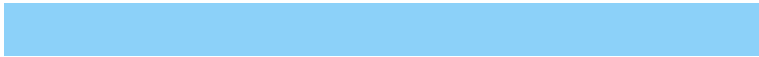
76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814



76.1696, -1.0160, -25.7220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.1696, -14.4453, -23.0800



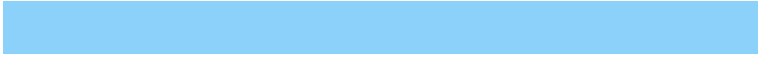
76.1696, 24.3773, 6.9712



76.1696, -19.3375, 21.8981

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814



73.9440, 15.7347, 25.9439

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.1696, -7.0733, 25.3456



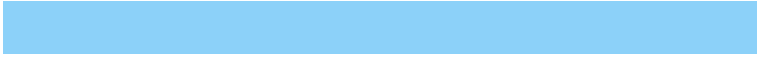
76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814



76.1696, 18.6526, 17.7839

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.1696, -14.4453, -23.0800



76.1696, 22.0515, -6.7160



76.1696, 6.8958, 23.9873



76.1696, -27.0828, 13.6121



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814



76.1696, 8.2403, -22.3271



76.1696, 6.8958, 23.9873



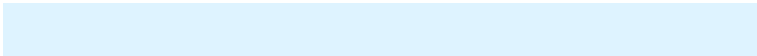
76.1696, -15.6418, 23.5865

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.1696, -14.4453, -23.0800



93.1281, -9.3888, -3.0112



87.5341, -45.2550, 23.9092



42.5602, -4.6197, -2.0654

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.1696, -14.4453, -23.0800



74.2017, -15.0979, -30.1367



59.7533, 13.6076, -51.8708



42.9825, -3.7941, -0.3209



41.1863, -3.5830, -43.7446



13.3162, -2.3281, -11.6184



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.9554, 46.8394, -12.7662



62.5174, 59.0712, -15.4622



90.0812, -12.2806, 38.9613



41.7255, 2.7303, 0.3442



34.8186, 63.4845, -7.3966

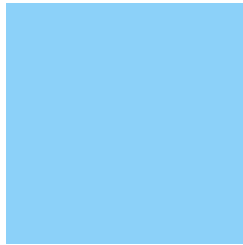


10.6922, 19.6648, -3.5870



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

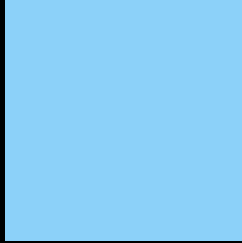
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

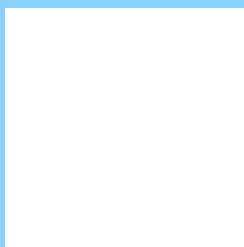
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814.



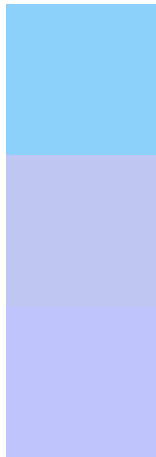
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814.

-14.4449, -23.0814.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814

### Protanopia

75.9514, 1.7659, -18.1315

### Deuteranopia

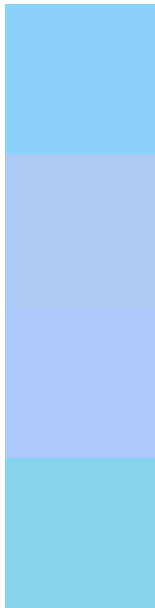
75.9701, 5.7939, -24.9610



## Tritanopia

76.0345, -21.5066, -11.3283

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814

## Protanomaly

75.8573, -4.5936, -20.2329

## Deuteranomaly

75.9095, -2.2572, -24.5494

## Tritanomaly

76.0782, -19.1364, -15.3012

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814

## Achromatopsia

73.0258, -3.8965, 3.9676

## Achromatomaly

73.9254, -8.9070, -5.0916

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 209, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 209, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 209, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 209, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 209, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 209, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 209, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 209, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 209, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 209,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.1682, -14.4449, -23.0814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 209, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
209, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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