

Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.1309, -19.6371,
14.7234)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(76.1309, -19.6371,
14.7234) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(76.1352,
-19.4304, 14.5875)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	B0D1B0
RGB	176, 209, 176
RGB Percent	69%, 82%, 69%
CMY	0.3098, 0.1804, 0.3098
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.16, 0.18
HSL	120°, 26%, 75%
HSV	120°, 16%, 82%
XYZ	48.5415, 57.9657, 49.7044
YIQ	195.3710, -9.0750, -17.2590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

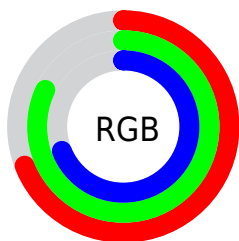
Format	Color
RYB	176, 209, 209
Decimal	11588016
CIELab	80.72, -17.23, 12.76
CIELCh	81, 21.445, 143.475
Yxy	57.9682, 0.3107, 0.3711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289778096 (0xFFB0D1B0)
YUV	195.3710, -9.5499, -16.9884
Hunter-Lab	76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875

Details

The HunterLab color **76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **70.1504, 12.9380, -7.5323**, and the grayscale version is **74.0740, -3.9524, 4.0246**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.2121, -16.6080, 13.0485**, and **53.6211, -16.2761, 12.0361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.1295, -27.9582, 20.3504**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.4137, -10.0451, 8.2461**.

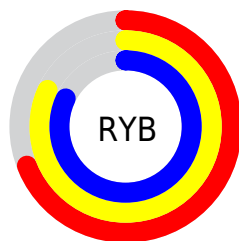
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (82%)

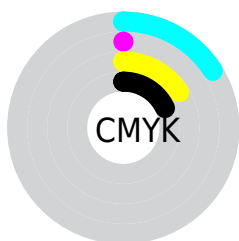
Blue (69%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (82%)

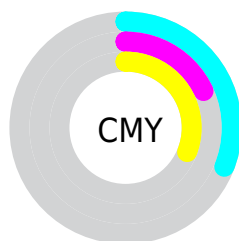


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (31%)


Magenta (18%)


Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76.1352, -19.4304,
14.5875

 76.1352, -19.4304,
14.5875


204.2222,
-32.6911, 26.1838

 64.6398, -17.9317,
13.3188


 100.9339,
-22.3920, 17.1224

 53.7880, -16.4088,
12.0407


114.1790,
-23.8612, 18.3933

 43.6222, -14.8529,
10.7465


127.9576,
-25.3277, 19.6698

 34.1924, -13.2488,
9.4249

142.2498,
-26.7940, 20.9537

 25.5613, -11.5728,
8.0581

157.0378,
-28.2621, 22.2462

 17.8109, -9.7857,
6.6158


172.3054,

 11.0559, -7.9264,


-29.7335, 23.5482


5.5941


188.0380,
-31.2095, 24.8606


 2.8254, -4.9444,
1.9778


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 76.1352, -19.4304,
14.5875


 76.1352, -19.4304,
14.5875


 74.1295, -27.9582,
20.3504


 78.4137, -10.0451,
8.2461


 72.3981, -35.5158,
25.4586

 80.9505, 0.0884,
1.4008

 70.9457, -42.0124,
29.8504

 83.7357, 10.8550,
-5.8705

 69.7703, -47.3810,
33.4800

 86.0716, 19.6207,
-11.7896

■ 68.8645, -51.5893,
36.3255

■ 68.2145, -54.6489,
38.3945

■ 67.7989, -56.6229,
39.7294

■ 67.5865, -57.6376,
40.4157

■ 67.5302, -57.9071,
40.5979

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.1368, -11.8453, 19.5663



76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875



76.1368, -22.8761, 6.2679

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.1368, -19.4320, 14.5885



76.1368, -6.3186, -17.2045



76.1368, 15.0934, 11.3175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875



70.1504, 12.9380, -7.5323

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.1368, 16.7672, 1.9578



76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875



76.1368, 4.0377, -15.3807

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.1368, -19.4320, 14.5885



76.1368, -15.5710, -12.7225



76.1368, 12.6232, -8.0274



76.1368, 8.1644, 17.8618

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875



76.1368, -22.4979, -0.4079



76.1368, 12.6232, -8.0274



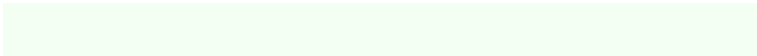
76.1368, 16.3041, 8.4317

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.1368, -19.4320, 14.5885



98.4212, -11.6790, 9.7183



78.9265, -9.3593, 17.6145



45.4346, -5.8071, 4.7690

0.0000, NaN, NaN



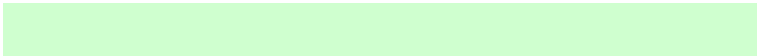
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.1368, -19.4320, 14.5885



94.4477, -28.1231, 20.8292



76.5909, -16.8609, 8.0688



36.3405, -6.3412, 4.9681



53.0247, -45.4686, 31.8775



12.5383, -10.7515, 7.5377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1504, 12.9380, -7.5323



85.3744, 20.9814, -12.7273



69.5955, 10.0185, 0.3257



34.6541, 2.7673, -1.2565



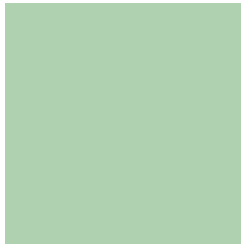
33.4605, 65.7843, -44.1310



7.9121, 15.5554, -10.4353

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

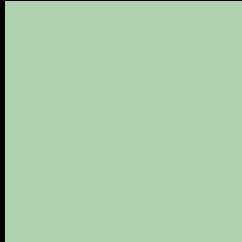
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

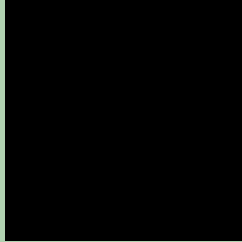
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.1352,

-19.4304, 14.5875.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875

Protanopia

75.8213, -4.7298, 16.5102

Deuteranopia

75.9773, 5.3838, 13.6302



Tritanopia

76.0879, -7.2441, -5.4642

Trichromacy



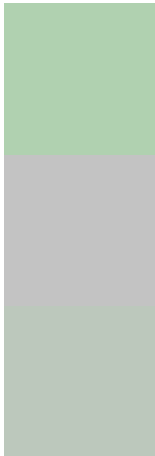
Original Color
76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875

Protanomaly
75.9834, -10.3723, 15.7897

Deuteranomaly
75.8097, -4.4089, 13.6952

Tritanomaly
75.9459, -12.0188, 2.4783

Monochromacy



Original Color
76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875

Achromatopsia
73.8732, -3.9417, 4.0137

Achromatomaly
74.5860, -9.7393, 7.9691

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 209, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 209, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 209, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 209, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 209, 176) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 209, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 209, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 209, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 209, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 209,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.1352, -19.4304, 14.5875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 209, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
209, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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