

Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.1343, -8.5690,
-26.9128)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(76.1343, -8.5690,
-26.9128) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(76.2463, -8.7483,
-26.7387)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99CEFF
RGB	153, 206, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 81%, 100%
CMY	0.4000, 0.1921, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.19, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	209°, 100%, 80%
HSV	209°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	53.2582, 58.1350, 103.0220
YIQ	195.7390, -47.3170, 4.0030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

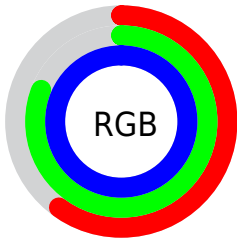
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 188, 255
Decimal	10079999
CIE _{Lab}	80.81, -5.09, -29.42
CIE _{LCh}	81, 29.860, 260.184
Yxy	58.1371, 0.2484, 0.2711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288270079 (0xFF99CEFF)
YUV	195.7390, 29.2157, -37.4821
Hunter-Lab	76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387

Details

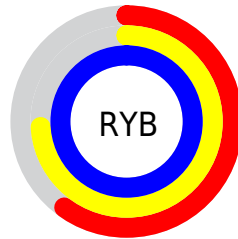
The HunterLab color $76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCFF$. A complement of this color would be $81.1182, 7.9208, 28.0944$, and the grayscale version is $74.0825, -3.9529, 4.0250$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96.1466, -19.0123, 0.5712$, and $53.9213, -7.1303, -25.6442$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70.8837, -7.9198, -35.5942$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81.8652, -8.8126, -18.2280$.

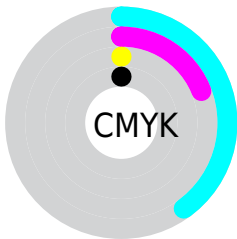
Distribution



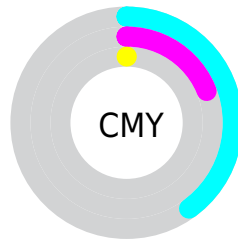
- Red (60%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.2463, -8.7483,
-26.7387

■ 76.2463, -8.7483,
-26.7387

204.3763,
-17.4507, -28.4359

■ 64.7448, -7.8804,
-26.2866

■ 101.0557,
-10.5453, -27.4711

■ 53.8867, -7.0306,
-25.7843

■ 114.3059,
-11.4731, -27.7569

■ 43.7143, -6.1986,
-25.2370

128.0895,
-12.4207, -27.9902

■ 34.2773, -5.3825,
-24.6628

142.3864,
-13.3881, -28.1730

■ 25.6383, -4.5790,
-24.1042

157.1789,
-14.3749, -28.3071

■ 17.8793, -3.7816,
-23.6676

172.4509,

■ 11.1142, -2.9770,

-15.3811, -28.3944

-23.6610

188.1878,
-16.4065, -28.4368

■ 3.0037, -5.2565,
-51.4464

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 76.2463, -8.7483,
-26.7387

■ 76.2463, -8.7483,
-26.7387

■ 70.8837, -7.9198,
-35.5942

■ 81.8652, -8.8126,
-18.2280

■ 65.8014, -6.2193,
-44.8081

■ 87.7109, -8.2084,
-10.0487

■ 61.0312, -3.5435,
-54.3636

■ 93.7626, -7.0240,
-2.1713

■ 56.6035, 0.1954,
-64.2157

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 52.5445, 5.0400,
-74.2872

■ 48.8468, 10.8819,
-84.5448

■ 48.8461, 10.8830,
-84.5467

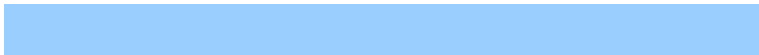
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.2477, -21.0513, -19.0554



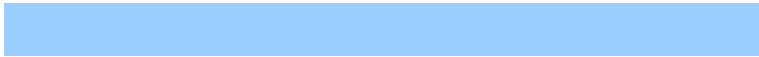
76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387



76.2477, 5.7474, -25.0391

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.2477, -8.7491, -26.7364



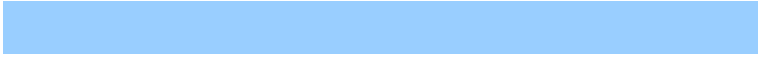
76.2477, 23.7808, 12.7138



76.2477, -24.2511, 19.2015

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387



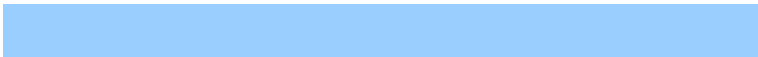
81.1182, 7.9208, 28.0944

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.2477, -13.4192, 25.0141



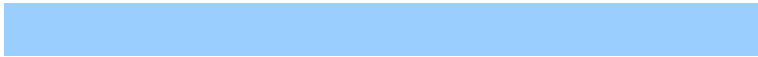
76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387



76.2477, 14.5358, 21.7803

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.2477, -8.7491, -26.7364



76.2477, 25.2645, -0.4918



76.2477, 0.7197, 25.8610



76.2477, -29.5510, 8.5179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387



76.2477, 14.6853, -18.9144



76.2477, 0.7197, 25.8610



76.2477, -21.1757, 21.6990

Sweetspot

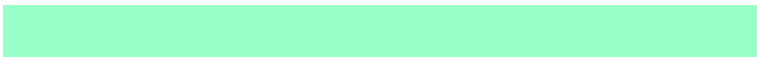
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.2477, -8.7491, -26.7364



92.5357, -7.3037, -3.7255



90.8246, -42.2152, 19.3141



42.4427, -3.4583, -2.1956

0.0000, NaN, NaN



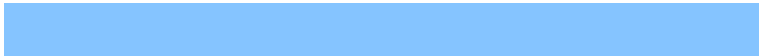
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.2477, -8.7491, -26.7364



71.9340, -8.1517, -33.7957



61.5676, 17.3427, -52.8667



43.5194, -3.2163, -0.8280



35.7324, 7.0514, -59.8843



12.0915, 0.4768, -16.1426

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.6422, 41.5827, -6.0733



64.7460, 50.8961, -7.1468



96.4002, -17.4661, 40.5589



42.5966, 2.5755, 0.9465



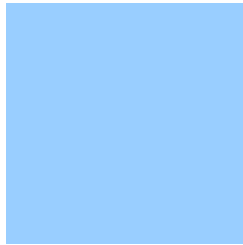
34.6654, 61.9851, 2.0939



10.9185, 19.7104, -0.7905

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

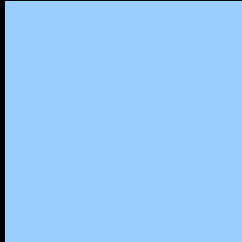
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

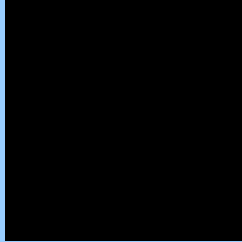
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

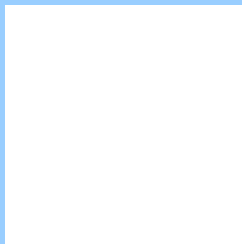
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387.

-26.7387.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387

Protanopia

76.1046, 2.9285, -22.8747

Deuteranopia

76.2231, 5.3651, -26.5282



Tritanopia

76.3551, -18.7159, -10.2725

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387

Protanomaly

76.0607, -1.7355, -24.3054

Deuteranomaly

76.0761, 0.2226, -26.8511

Tritanomaly

76.2650, -14.9690, -16.1526

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387

Achromatopsia

74.2975, -3.9643, 4.0367

Achromatomaly

74.8476, -6.9687, -6.0020

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 206, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 206, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 206, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 206, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 206, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 206, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 206, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 206, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 206, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 206,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.2463, -8.7483, -26.7387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 206, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
206, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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