

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.2235, -29.8335,  
27.3327)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(76.2235, -29.8335,  
27.3327) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(76.0590,  
-29.8024, 27.3047)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4D68B
RGB	164, 214, 139
RGB Percent	64%, 84%, 55%
CMY	0.3569, 0.1608, 0.4549
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.35, 0.16
HSL	100°, 48%, 69%
HSV	100°, 35%, 84%
XYZ	44.0166, 57.8497, 33.2723
YIQ	190.5000, -5.7250, -33.9250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

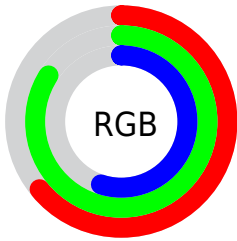
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	139, 214, 189
Decimal	10802827
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	80.66, -29.78, 31.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	81, 43.667, 133.000
Yxy	57.8522, 0.3257, 0.4281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288992907 (0xFFA4D68B)
YUV	190.5000, -25.3895, -23.2405
Hunter-Lab	76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047

# Details

The HunterLab color  $76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $58.4301, 27.1511, -28.0781$ , and the grayscale version is  $72.0757, -3.8458, 3.9160$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.1766, -26.0855, 26.7617$ , and  $53.7405, -25.2401, 22.4868$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $74.7347, -35.6713, 31.9275$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $77.5528, -23.2818, 21.8128$ .

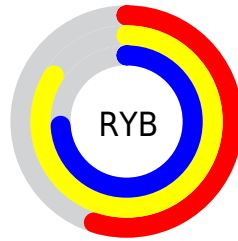
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (84%)

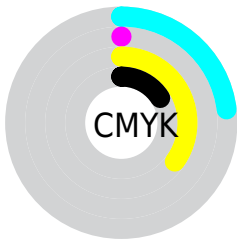
Blue (55%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (74%)

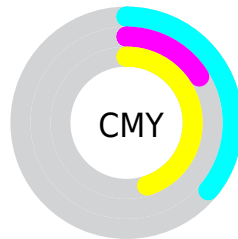


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (16%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 76.0590, -29.8024,  
27.3047


 76.0590, -29.8024,  
27.3047


204.1164,  
-47.9514, 46.5756


 64.5677, -27.6170,  
24.9376


 100.8502,  
-34.0225, 31.8387

 53.7201, -25.3586,  
22.4785

 114.0918,  
-36.0744, 34.0296

 43.5589, -23.0071,  
19.9028


 127.8671,  
-38.0979, 36.1822

 34.1341, -20.5310,  
17.1749

142.1560,  
-40.0987, 38.3037

 25.5083, -17.8819,  
14.2454

156.9408,  
-42.0810, 40.3995

 17.7640, -14.9801,  
11.5764

172.2053,

 11.0159, -12.8883,

-44.0486, 42.4743

7.7111

187.9350,  
-46.0046, 44.5319

■ 2.6960, -4.7180,  
1.8872

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.0590, -29.8024,  
27.3047

■ 76.0590, -29.8024,  
27.3047

■ 74.7347, -35.6713,  
31.9275

■ 77.5528, -23.2818,  
21.8128

■ 73.5753, -40.8476,  
35.6648

■ 79.2094, -16.1488,  
15.4790

■ 72.5810, -45.3088,  
38.5224

■ 81.0272, -8.4550,  
8.3448

■ 71.7480, -49.0454,  
40.5287

■ 83.0021, -0.2533,  
0.4592

■ 71.0699, -52.0668,  
41.7414

■ 85.1290, 8.4028,  
-8.1239

■ 70.5373, -54.4059,  
42.2563

■ 86.9292, 14.9817,  
-10.6995

■ 70.3189, -55.3571,  
42.3611

■ 87.5074, 16.8566,  
-9.8840

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.0606, -12.9763, 32.9646



76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047



76.0606, -39.1060, 14.5831

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0606, -29.8041, 27.3054



76.0606, -15.5661, -42.7939



76.0606, 39.6486, 12.3211

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047



58.4301, 27.1511, -28.0781

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.0606, 38.7596, -8.0319



76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047



76.0606, 5.2817, -43.8887

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0606, -29.8041, 27.3054



76.0606, -31.5213, -27.1683



76.0606, 25.6352, -29.8447



76.0606, 27.9459, 26.0403



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047



76.0606, -40.4896, 2.0925



76.0606, 25.6352, -29.8447



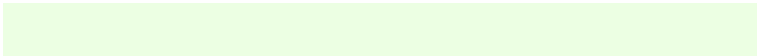
76.0606, 40.8470, 6.1325

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0606, -29.8041, 27.3054



97.4410, -16.0766, 15.5638



72.4968, -2.3036, 24.6548



44.9424, -8.0250, 7.7413

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

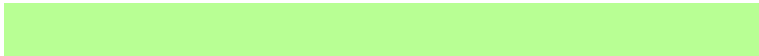


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0606, -29.8041, 27.3054



91.5399, -41.6991, 37.5568



74.7231, -34.4424, 22.0397



37.5433, -5.5633, 5.4112



54.7151, -42.8401, 32.9652



13.6026, -9.8317, 8.2097



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.4301, 27.1511, -28.0781



65.9361, 41.4356, -43.7168



60.8305, 33.1290, -16.0991



35.2360, 1.8231, -1.7078



25.5062, 55.1850, -72.7028



6.6089, 13.9960, -16.4897



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

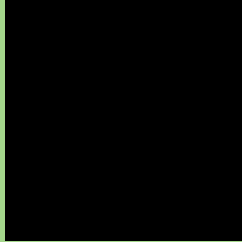
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.0590,

-29.8024, 27.3047.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047

### Protanopia

75.5905, -7.1855, 29.0476

### Deuteranopia

75.6834, 5.7389, 26.0659



## Tritanopia

75.9606, -9.2261, -6.2052

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047

## Protanomaly

75.3693, -15.8667, 28.1329

## Deuteranomaly

75.1675, -8.3337, 25.9863

## Tritanomaly

75.9236, -17.7283, 7.9819

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047

## Achromatopsia

72.1800, -3.8513, 3.9217

## Achromatomaly

73.2456, -13.8211, 13.2983

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 214, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 214, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 214, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 214, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 214, 139) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 214, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 214, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 214, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 214, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 214,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.0590, -29.8024, 27.3047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 214, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
214, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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