

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.2421, 11.0147,  
7.3275)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(76.2421, 11.0147,  
7.3275) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(76.0774, 10.9968,  
7.2945)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8BEC2
RGB	232, 190, 194
RGB Percent	91%, 75%, 76%
CMY	0.0902, 0.2549, 0.2392
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.16, 0.09
HSL	354°, 48%, 83%
HSV	354°, 18%, 91%
XYZ	61.4297, 57.8777, 58.9727
YIQ	203.0140, 23.7480, 10.1480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

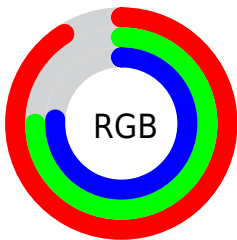
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 190, 194
Decimal	15253186
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	80.67, 15.61, 3.65
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	81, 16.032, 13.152
Y <sub>xy</sub>	57.8803, 0.3446, 0.3246
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293443266 (0xFFE8BEC2)
YUV	203.0140, -4.4439, 25.4207
Hunter-Lab	76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945

# Details

The HunterLab color **76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **86.1761, -18.0401, 2.2839**, and the grayscale version is **77.2975, -4.1244, 4.1997**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.9916, -1.4318, 4.4541**, and **53.8655, 10.3982, 6.0641** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.0938, 20.1565, 8.9989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.5188, 2.1452, 5.8649**.

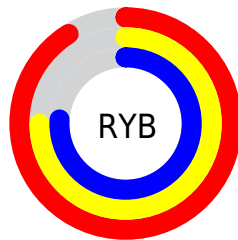
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (75%)

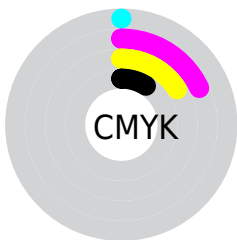
Blue (76%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (76%)

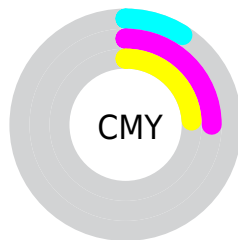


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (25%)


Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 76.0774, 10.9968,  
7.2945

 76.0774, 10.9968,  
7.2945

204.1421, 9.6498,  
15.5424

 64.5852, 10.8691,  
6.4949


 100.8705, 11.0499,  
8.9694

 53.7366, 10.6697,  
5.7183


114.1130, 10.9911,  
9.8414

 43.5743, 10.3869,  
4.9658

127.8890, 10.8801,  
10.7365

 34.1482, 10.0088,  
4.2367

142.1788, 10.7206,  
11.6541

 25.5212, 9.5196,  
3.5297

156.9643, 10.5153,  
12.5940

 17.7754, 8.8974,  
2.8413

172.2296, 10.2670,

 11.0256, 8.1130,

13.5555

2.1632

187.9600, 9.9778,  
14.5385

■ 2.7280, 24.7911,  
1.9096

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.0774, 10.9968,  
7.2945

■ 76.0774, 10.9968,  
7.2945

■ 69.0938, 20.1565,  
8.9989

■ 83.5188, 2.1452,  
5.8649

■ 62.6503, 29.5751,  
11.0036

■ 91.3433, -6.3908,  
4.6704

■ 56.8559, 39.0887,  
13.3179

■ 97.9265, -12.6259,  
2.8401

■ 51.8360, 48.3677,  
15.9047

■ 47.7243, 56.8641,  
18.6509

■ 44.6369, 63.8440,  
21.3489

■ 42.6304, 68.5936,  
23.7214

■ 41.6250, 70.8735,  
25.4928

■ 41.4899, 71.1931,  
25.7221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.0791, 10.7268, -0.0820



76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945



76.0791, 7.1134, 13.2104

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0791, 10.9943, 7.2958



76.0791, -13.9871, 13.7719



76.0791, -8.3335, -10.7097

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945



86.1761, -18.0401, 2.2839

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.0791, -14.6302, -6.2034



76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945



76.0791, -17.8036, 8.1354

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0791, 10.9943, 7.2958



76.0791, -7.4237, 16.6895



76.0791, -18.0342, 0.8454



76.0791, -0.6439, -10.9923



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945



76.0791, 2.7826, 15.7317



76.0791, -18.0342, 0.8454



76.0791, -10.6757, -9.6196

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0791, 10.9943, 7.2958



95.6098, -0.5705, 6.0937



76.8876, 16.1448, -11.2108



43.9517, 0.0491, 2.8645

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0791, 10.9943, 7.2958



81.5058, 16.2911, 8.8439



80.8730, 1.5828, 14.1446



37.9344, 1.5266, 2.7790



30.9268, 53.0937, 18.9710



8.4525, 14.6009, 4.4865



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.0791, 10.9943, 7.2958



81.5058, 16.2911, 8.8439



80.9186, -8.9122, -6.2328



37.9344, 1.5266, 2.7790



30.9268, 53.0937, 18.9710



8.4525, 14.6009, 4.4865



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

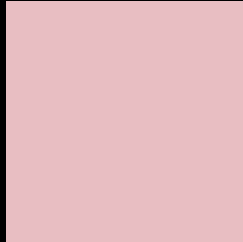
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

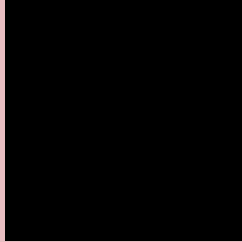
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.0774, 10.9968,

7.2945.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945

### Protanopia

76.0314, -2.4421, 4.6721

### Deuteranopia

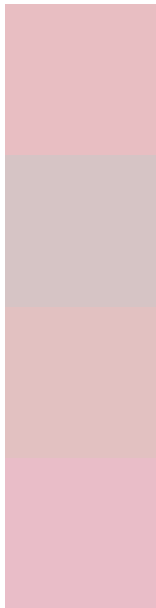
76.1337, 5.1926, 7.7140



## Tritanopia

76.1778, 13.3295, 3.1993

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945

## Protanomaly

76.0311, 2.0561, 5.6937

## Deuteranomaly

76.2620, 7.1180, 7.8929

## Tritanomaly

76.0848, 12.8408, 4.5262

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945

## Achromatopsia

77.2788, -4.1234, 4.1987

## Achromatomaly

76.7166, 1.5136, 5.0680

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 190, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 190, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 190, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 190, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 190, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 190, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 190, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 190, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 190, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 190,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.0774, 10.9968, 7.2945 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 190, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
190, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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