

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.2824, -38.3374,  
32.9393)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(76.2824, -38.3374,  
32.9393) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(76.2719,  
-38.3794, 33.0031)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93DB76
RGB	147, 219, 118
RGB Percent	58%, 86%, 46%
CMY	0.4235, 0.1412, 0.5372
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.46, 0.14
HSL	103°, 58%, 66%
HSV	103°, 46%, 86%
XYZ	40.6341, 58.1740, 26.2266
YIQ	185.9580, -10.4910, -46.6750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

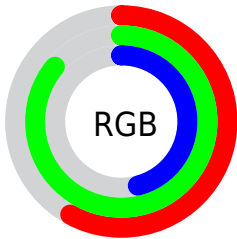
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	118, 219, 190
Decimal	9689974
CIELab	80.84, -40.73, 42.52
CIElCh	81, 58.881, 133.770
Yxy	58.1765, 0.3250, 0.4653
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287880054 (0xFF93DB76)
YUV	185.9580, -33.5033, -34.1662
Hunter-Lab	76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031

# Details

The HunterLab color **76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **53.8704, 39.9319, -39.8697**, and the grayscale version is **70.1961, -3.7455, 3.8139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4537, -33.4547, 32.2383**, and **53.7354, -32.5035, 26.6834** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.0787, -43.7316, 36.7389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.6542, -32.2616, 28.3705**.

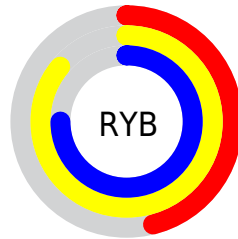
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (86%)

Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (75%)

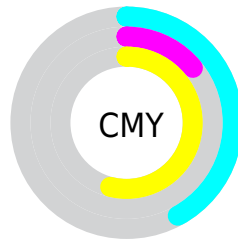


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (14%)


Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.2719, -38.3794,  
33.0031


 76.2719, -38.3794,  
33.0031


204.4122,  
-60.9228, 56.7868

 64.7693, -35.5714,  
29.9900


 101.0841,  
-43.7365, 38.7156

 53.9097, -32.6449,  
26.8397


 114.3355,  
-46.3134, 41.4487

 43.7358, -29.5690,  
23.5205


 128.1202,  
-48.8380, 44.1173

 34.2971, -26.2971,  
19.9910

142.4182,  
-51.3187, 46.7315

 25.6563, -22.7588,  
16.2391

157.2118,  
-53.7624, 49.2993

 17.8952, -18.8398,  
12.5266

172.4848,

 11.1278, -17.1325,

-56.1747, 51.8274

7.7895

188.2227,  
-58.5601, 54.3217

■ 3.0437, -5.3265,  
2.1306

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.2719, -38.3794,  
33.0031

■ 76.2719, -38.3794,  
33.0031

■ 75.0787, -43.7316,  
36.7389

■ 77.6542, -32.2616,  
28.3705

■ 74.0676, -48.2868,  
39.5802


■ 79.2204, -25.4148,  
22.8561


■ 73.2356, -52.0376,  
41.5574


■ 80.9702, -17.8918,  
16.4938

■ 72.5751, -54.9973,  
42.7321


■ 82.8998, -9.7507,  
9.3293

 72.0742, -57.2082,  
43.2095

 85.0043, -1.0529,  
1.4166

 71.9153, -57.9054,  
43.3001

 87.2779, 8.1394,  
-7.1855

 88.9637, 14.1036,  
-7.9856

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.2735, -16.6764, 39.3972



76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031



76.2735, -49.8548, 17.3238

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.2735, -38.3809, 33.0037



76.2735, -18.7842, -64.7158



76.2735, 56.7361, 15.5401

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031



53.8704, 39.9319, -39.8697

# Split Complementary

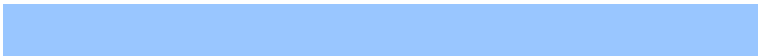
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.2735, 55.9506, -11.8905



76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031



76.2735, 9.4041, -65.7559

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.2735, -38.3809, 33.0037



76.2735, -39.7281, -41.3927



76.2735, 37.6270, -43.8606



76.2735, 39.6372, 32.1126



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031



76.2735, -51.3880, 0.6462



76.2735, 37.6270, -43.8606



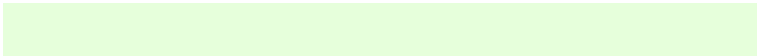
76.2735, 58.6239, 7.4985

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.2735, -38.3809, 33.0037



96.6431, -19.3807, 17.9695



72.5512, -2.4253, 30.6559



44.4894, -9.9111, 9.1322

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.2735, -38.3809, 33.0037



89.2873, -51.5750, 43.3951



75.0720, -42.4340, 26.4652



38.4530, -5.8513, 5.5127



55.4197, -44.4032, 33.3720



14.2587, -10.6601, 8.5995



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.8704, 39.9319, -39.8697



58.1648, 58.0955, -59.5801



56.6857, 45.5871, -20.6631



36.1626, 2.0253, -1.7041



26.9986, 57.4682, -69.6246



7.1780, 15.0296, -16.5787



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

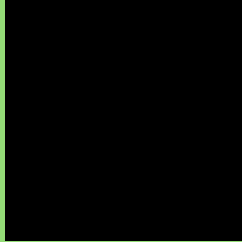
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.2719,

-38.3794, 33.0031.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031

### Protanopia

75.9420, -8.2322, 34.9097

### Deuteranopia

75.7912, 5.3966, 31.6188



## Tritanopia

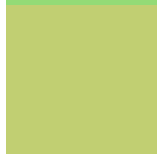
76.1622, -13.0894, -8.1969

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031



## Protanomaly

75.6161, -20.5714, 33.7518



## Deuteranomaly

75.1291, -12.3677, 31.5471



## Tritanomaly

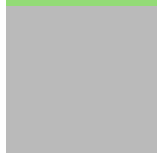
75.7367, -23.7663, 10.3208

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031



## Achromatopsia

70.0729, -3.7389, 3.8072



## Achromatomaly

71.9250, -17.5641, 16.2174

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 219, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 219, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 219, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 219, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 219, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 219, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 219, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 219, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 219, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 219,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.2719, -38.3794, 33.0031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 219, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
219, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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