

Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.3385, -64.4307,
-63.8247)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(76.3385, -64.4307,
-63.8247) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(83.3908,
-40.5984, -16.5909)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00F0FF
RGB	0, 240, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 94%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.0588, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.06, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	184°, 100%, 50%
HSV	184°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	49.2101, 69.5403, 105.4368
YIQ	169.9500, -147.8550, -46.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

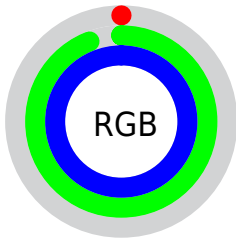
Format	Color
RYB	0, 124, 255
Decimal	61695
CIELab	86.77, -41.49, -20.67
CIELCh	87, 46.353, 206.488
Yxy	69.5427, 0.2195, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278251775 (0xFF00F0FF)
YUV	169.9500, 41.9297, -149.0461
Hunter-Lab	83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909

Details

The HunterLab color **83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.4800, 77.6981, 29.9982**, and the grayscale version is **63.2675, -3.3758, 3.4374**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.9186, -38.5264, -6.3466**, and **61.5989, -29.1913, -13.9777** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.3903, -40.5979, -16.5915**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.0495, -40.7509, -15.6605**.

Distribution



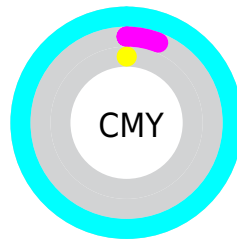
- Red (0%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83.3908, -40.5984,
-16.5909


 83.3908, -40.5984,
-16.5909

214.2295,
-63.2114, -15.7856


 71.5219, -37.8050,
-16.4243


 108.8836,
-45.9458, -16.7463


 60.2752, -34.9061,
-16.1985


 122.4541,
-48.5263, -16.7455

 49.6890, -31.8748,
-15.9084

 136.5457,
-51.0582, -16.6954

 39.8073, -28.6729,
-15.5526

 151.1399,
-53.5490, -16.5985

 30.6845, -25.2444,
-15.1335

166.2198,
-56.0050, -16.4571

 22.3900, -21.5024,
-14.6645

181.7705,

 15.0165, -17.3396,

-58.4313, -16.2733

-14.1920

197.7779,
-60.8322, -16.0489

■ 8.6586, -15.1525,
-14.0058

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 83.3908, -40.5984,
-16.5909

■ 83.3908, -40.5984,
-16.5909

■ 83.3903, -40.5979,
-16.5915

■ 84.0495, -40.7509,
-15.6605

■ 84.8700, -40.2682,
-14.5012

■ 85.8983, -38.9827,
-13.0539

■ 87.1569, -36.8205,
-11.2975

■ 88.6604, -33.7462,
-9.2258

■ 90.4178, -29.7552,
-6.8434

■ 92.4329, -24.8687,
-4.1637

■ 94.7058, -19.1274,
-1.2062

■ 97.2331, -12.5870,
2.0050

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3923, -44.3155, 7.0859



83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909



83.3923, -27.5858, -38.9291

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3923, -40.5987, -16.5888



83.3923, 35.9015, -22.3181



83.3923, -1.7162, 36.6568

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909



46.4800, 77.6981, 29.9982

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3923, 21.5109, 32.6410



83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909



83.3923, 44.6673, 1.9097

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.3923, -40.5987, -16.5888



83.3923, 16.2940, -42.8197



83.3923, 39.1363, 21.2700



83.3923, -23.3531, 34.1909

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909



83.3923, -14.5794, -47.8757



83.3923, 39.1363, 21.2700



83.3923, 6.1786, 36.0563

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3923, -40.5987, -16.5888



92.4264, -24.8848, -4.1722



84.5867, -72.4108, 50.5915



42.3532, -12.5150, -2.4691

0.0000, NaN, NaN



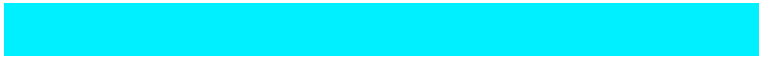
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3923, -40.5987, -16.5888



83.3903, -40.5979, -16.5915



44.0848, 20.6679, -99.7119



45.0417, -5.6741, 0.9994



60.3447, -29.4267, -11.9017



18.9711, -9.3553, -3.5168

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.4911, 101.8698, -58.9907



52.4892, 101.8748, -58.9910



63.3243, 31.9845, 39.5780



42.7561, 3.4293, -1.3187



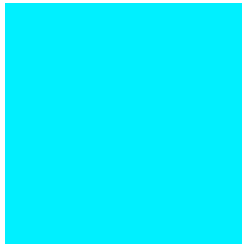
37.9527, 73.6774, -42.7794



11.8654, 23.0692, -13.6461

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

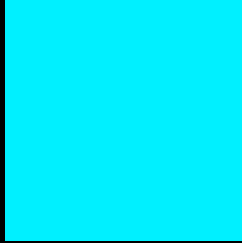
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909.



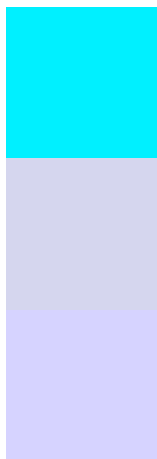
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.3908,

-40.5984, -16.5909.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909

Protanopia

82.7117, -0.3262, -7.0225

Deuteranopia

82.5256, 4.9890, -17.0312



Tritanopia

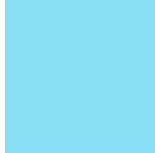
83.2863, -35.6014, -16.6521

Trichromacy



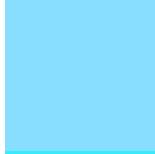
Original Color

83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909



Protanomaly

80.3376, -23.1199, -14.0660



Deuteranomaly

80.4343, -20.2027, -20.5280



Tritanomaly

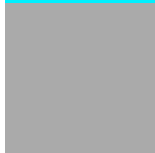
83.0795, -38.1958, -16.9927

Monochromacy



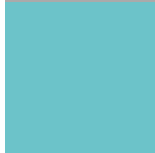
Original Color

83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909



Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447



Achromatomaly

68.1435, -24.3161, -6.5149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 240, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 240, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 240, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 240, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 240, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 240, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 240, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 240, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 240, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 240,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.3908, -40.5984, -16.5909 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 240, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 240,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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