

Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.5774, 83.1535,
-85.4865)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(76.5774, 83.1535,
-85.4865) contains.

HunterLab(69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(69.1563, 56.9773,
-37.4990)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8EFF
RGB	255, 142, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 56%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4431, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 78%
HSV	300°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	68.9629, 47.8259, 100.2042
YIQ	188.6690, 31.0750, 59.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

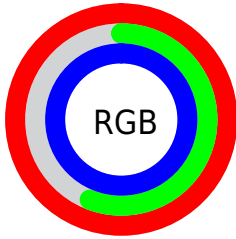
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 142, 255
Decimal	16748287
CIE _{Lab}	74.72, 58.28, -38.13
CIE _{LCh}	75, 69.643, 326.803
Y _{xy}	47.8277, 0.3178, 0.2204
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294938367 (0xFFFF8EFF)
Y _{UV}	188.6690, 32.7012, 58.1723
Hunter-Lab	69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990

Details

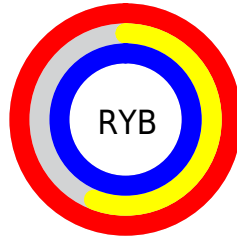
The HunterLab color $69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF99FF$. A complement of this color would be $89.0081, -51.8842, 36.8898$, and the grayscale version is $71.0550, -3.7913, 3.8606$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $82.9868, 25.7388, -16.0058$, and $47.5703, 53.2102, -36.3442$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.0997, 70.4863, -46.7769$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75.0354, 42.8255, -27.7691$.

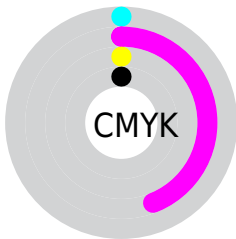
Distribution



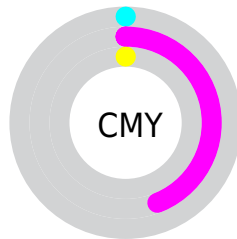
- Red (100%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 69.1563, 56.9773,
-37.4990


 69.1563, 56.9773,
-37.4990


194.4502, 69.3362,
-41.3737

 58.0435, 55.1365,
-36.8521


 93.2458, 60.3411,
-38.6841

 47.5982, 53.1959,
-36.1958


 106.1600, 61.8775,
-39.2117

 37.8677, 51.1624,
-35.5651

119.6209, 63.3224,
-39.6915

 28.9090, 49.0673,
-35.0362

133.6069, 64.6806,
-40.1228

 20.7952, 46.9977,
-34.7784

148.0992, 65.9568,
-40.5057

 13.6258, 45.2068,
-35.2235

163.0806, 67.1555,

 7.2257, 47.7199,

-40.8411

-39.9206

178.5356, 68.2807,
-41.1301

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 69.1563, 56.9773,
-37.4990

■ 69.1563, 56.9773,
-37.4990

■ 64.0997, 70.4863,
-46.7769

■ 75.0354, 42.8255,
-27.7691

■ 59.9693, 82.6687,
-55.1360

■ 81.6226, 28.5282,
-17.9274

■ 56.8497, 92.7019,
-62.0153

■ 88.8175, 14.3776,
-8.1746

■ 54.7704, 99.8550,
-66.9173


■ 96.5323, 0.5265,
1.3841

■ 53.6729, 103.7981,

100.0000, -5.3358,

-69.6186

5.4332

 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.1576, 26.9067, -73.4250



69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990



69.1576, 70.6929, 0.3546

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.1576, 56.9742, -37.4968



69.1576, -0.1620, 40.7604



69.1576, -51.2272, -28.8881

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990



89.0081, -51.8842, 36.8898

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.1576, -55.8177, 7.0090



69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990



69.1576, -29.7536, 38.6424

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.1576, 56.9742, -37.4968



69.1576, 34.0886, 37.3842



69.1576, -48.7244, 29.1041



69.1576, -34.7813, -67.0437

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990



69.1576, 67.1374, 18.8804



69.1576, -48.7244, 29.1041



69.1576, -54.0589, -15.7896

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.1576, 56.9742, -37.4968



89.8014, 12.5421, -6.9085



56.8498, 22.5908, -63.2425



40.7825, 7.2332, -4.1829

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.1576, 56.9742, -37.4968



64.7124, 68.7733, -45.6010



66.8642, 46.2732, -5.6328



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

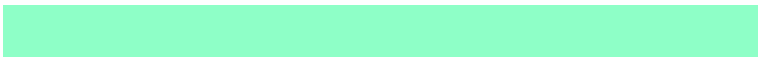
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.1576, 56.9742, -37.4968



64.7124, 68.7733, -45.6010



90.2063, -44.7381, 19.4858



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

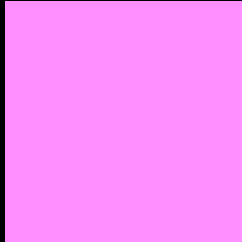
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

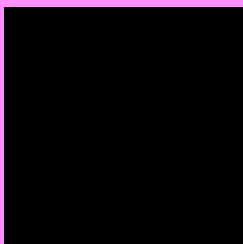
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990.

-37.4990.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990

Protanopia

69.4644, 5.5738, -37.8495

Deuteranopia

69.5271, 5.1469, -32.7987



Tritanopia

69.2238, 28.2720, 9.2886

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990



Protanomaly

68.1612, 23.1130, -39.8892



Deuteranomaly

68.2702, 23.0757, -36.7898

Tritanomaly

68.9657, 38.2332, -5.4074

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990



Achromatopsia

71.3359, -3.8063, 3.8758



Achromatomaly

69.6098, 17.1761, -10.4242

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 142, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 142, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 142, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 142, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 142, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 142, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 142, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 142, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 142, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 142,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 69.1563, 56.9773, -37.4990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 142, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
142, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor