

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.6309, 1.2455,  
-0.4861)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(76.6309, 1.2455, -0.4861)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(76.4861, 1.4242,  
-0.6171)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D0C6D3
RGB	208, 198, 211
RGB Percent	82%, 78%, 83%
CMY	0.1843, 0.2235, 0.1725
CMYK	0.01, 0.06, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	286°, 13%, 80%
HSV	286°, 6%, 83%
XYZ	57.9644, 58.5012, 69.8648
YIQ	202.4720, 1.7870, 6.1630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

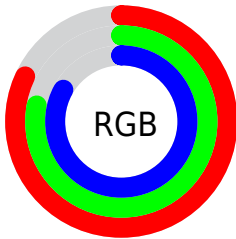
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	208, 198, 211
Decimal	13682387
CIE Lab	81.02, 5.83, -5.23
CIE LCh	81, 7.836, 318.119
Yxy	58.5037, 0.3111, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291872467 (0xFFD0C6D3)
YUV	202.4720, 4.2043, 4.8481
Hunter-Lab	76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171

# Details

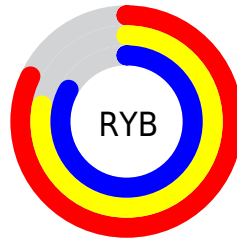
The HunterLab color  $76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $79.4259, -9.5985, 8.8901$ , and the grayscale version is  $77.0368, -4.1105, 4.1856$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $54.0841, 2.3373, -1.6014$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $69.8748, 10.8780, -9.0463$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $83.3955, -7.8424, 7.4355$ .

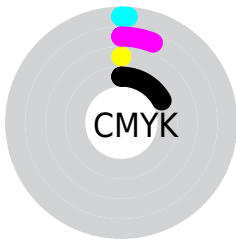
# Distribution



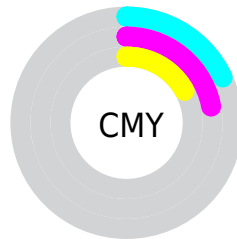
- Red (82%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 76.4861, 1.4242,  
-0.6171

■ 76.4861, 1.4242,  
-0.6171

204.7096, -3.3379,  
4.6058

■ 64.9721, 1.7542,  
-1.0057

101.3193, 0.6229,  
0.2940

■ 54.1006, 2.0354,  
-1.3477

114.5806, 0.1614,  
0.8084

■ 43.9138, 2.2606,  
-1.6371

128.3748, -0.3378,  
1.3593

■ 34.4613, 2.4229,  
-1.8681

142.6819, -0.8728,  
1.9451

■ 25.8054, 2.5128,  
-2.0331

157.4843, -1.4418,  
2.5639

■ 18.0274, 2.5164,  
-2.1214

172.7659, -2.0432,

■ 11.2407, 2.4119,

3.2145

-2.1178

188.5122, -2.6756,  
3.8955

■ 3.3572, 7.3936,  
-6.2765

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.4861, 1.4242,  
-0.6171

■ 76.4861, 1.4242,  
-0.6171

■ 69.8748, 10.8780,  
-9.0463

■ 83.3955, -7.8424,  
7.4355

■ 63.6050, 20.5109,  
-17.8958

■ 90.5593, -16.9257,  
15.1570

■ 57.7388, 30.2625,  
-27.1764

■ 95.8382, -22.7572,  
20.5302

■ 52.3511, 39.9932,  
-36.8389

■ 96.2459, -21.2676,  
20.9689

47.5314, 49.4329,  
-46.7209

96.6634, -19.7488,  
21.4168

43.3806, 58.1284,  
-56.4821

97.0908, -18.2013,  
21.8736

39.9985, 65.4318,  
-65.5605

97.5279, -16.6258,  
22.3392

37.4584, 70.6064,  
-73.2297

97.9749, -15.0226,  
22.8136

35.7626, 73.1312,  
-78.8560

98.4315, -13.3925,  
23.2966

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.4877, -1.8033, -2.7301



76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171



76.4877, 3.1853, 2.7209

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.4877, 1.4224, -0.6158



76.4877, -2.5776, 10.6479



76.4877, -10.8960, 1.9736

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171



79.4259, -9.5985, 8.8901

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.4877, -11.0941, 5.5784



76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171



76.4877, -6.3409, 10.4697

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.4877, 1.4224, -0.6158



76.4877, 0.8460, 9.1522



76.4877, -9.4414, 8.6529



76.4877, -8.8947, -1.1857



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171



76.4877, 3.2716, 5.1371



76.4877, -9.4414, 8.6529



76.4877, -11.1742, 3.1768

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.4877, 1.4224, -0.6158



98.2683, -3.0158, 3.4182



76.4855, -3.2904, -0.7010



45.5029, -1.4485, 1.6278

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.4877, 1.4224, -0.6158



94.0012, 2.8264, -1.7000



76.6621, 1.7912, 1.3496



35.0307, 1.2517, -0.8074



27.4610, 57.3634, -62.3752



6.7527, 13.9143, -13.8545



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.4570, 0.6821, 4.2711



93.9587, 1.7743, 5.2813



79.2684, -9.9534, 7.1219



35.0141, 0.8335, 1.9744



29.1604, 50.4368, 14.9758

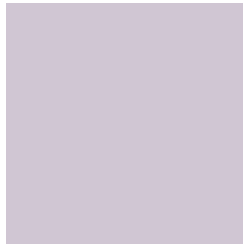


6.9854, 12.2581, 2.2236



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

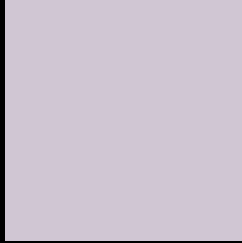
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

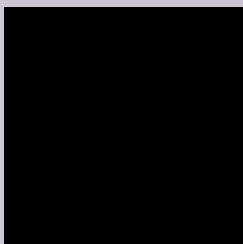
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

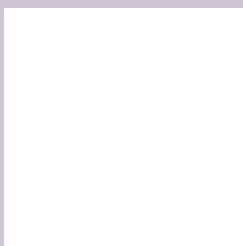
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171.



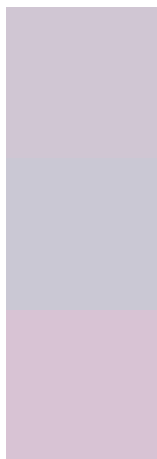
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171.

-0.6171.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171

### Protanopia

76.5628, -1.3385, -1.0810

### Deuteranopia

76.4085, 5.7932, -1.1485



## Tritanopia

76.5520, 1.7806, -1.5536

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171

## Protanomaly

76.4445, -0.1936, -1.2084

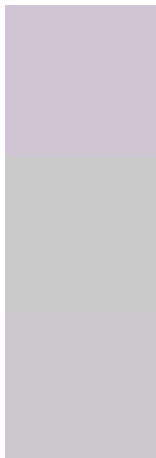
## Deuteranomaly

76.4064, 4.2738, -1.1777

## Tritanomaly

76.5190, 1.6019, -1.0841

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171

## Achromatopsia

76.8517, -4.1006, 4.1755

## Achromatomaly

76.8235, -2.4473, 2.7199

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 198, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 198, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 198, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 198, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 198, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 198, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 198, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 198, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 198, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 198,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.4861, 1.4242, -0.6171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 198, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
198, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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