

Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.6499, -1.9911,
7.1299)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(76.6499, -1.9911, 7.1299)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(76.6838, -1.9829,
7.2986)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | D1C8C3 |
| RGB | 209, 200, 195 |
| RGB Percent | 82%, 78%, 76% |
| CMY | 0.1804, 0.2157, 0.2353 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.04, 0.07, 0.18 |
| HSL | 21°, 13%, 79% |
| HSV | 21°, 7%, 82% |
| XYZ | 56.7992, 58.8041, 59.9865 |
| YIQ | 202.1210, 6.9690, 0.3530 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

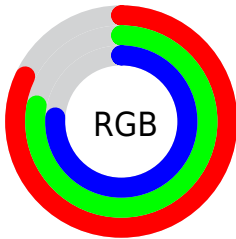
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 209, 203, 195 |
| Decimal | 13748419 |
| CIELab | 81.19, 2.25, 3.60 |
| CIELCh | 81, 4.250, 57.979 |
| Yxy | 58.8066, 0.3235, 0.3349 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291938499 (0xFFD1C8C3) |
| YUV | 202.1210, -3.5107, 6.0329 |
| Hunter-Lab | 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 |

Details

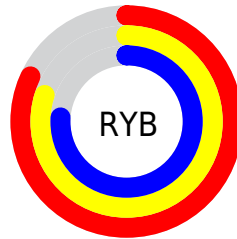
The HunterLab color $76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $77.0652, -6.0656, 0.9721$, and the grayscale version is $76.9173, -4.1041, 4.1791$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99.9041, -5.8614, 6.8020$, and $54.2673, -0.8809, 5.8922$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $72.0943, 1.6543, 11.4782$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81.4347, -5.3375, 2.8353$.

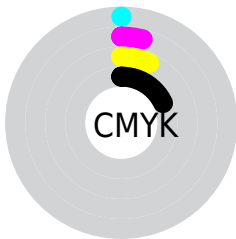
Distribution



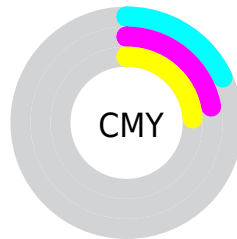
- Red (82%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.6838, -1.9829,
7.2986

■ 76.6838, -1.9829,
7.2986

204.9841, -8.0263,
15.5410

■ 65.1594, -1.4796,
6.4999

101.5365, -3.1073,
8.9718

■ 54.2768, -1.0151,
5.7243

114.8068, -3.7201,
9.8432

■ 44.0781, -0.5949,
4.9730

128.6097, -4.3651,
10.7376

■ 34.6129, -0.2233,
4.2455

142.9253, -5.0407,
11.6547

■ 25.9431, 0.0936,
3.5404

157.7359, -5.7457,
12.5940

■ 18.1496, 0.3477,
2.8545

173.0253, -6.4790,

■ 11.3452, 0.5260,

13.5550

2.1802

188.7792, -7.2395,
14.5375

■ 3.6223, 2.5174,
2.5356

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.6838, -1.9829,
7.2986

■ 76.6838, -1.9829,
7.2986

■ 72.0943, 1.6543,
11.4782

■ 81.4347, -5.3375,
2.8353

■ 67.6791, 5.6073,
15.3239

■ 86.3268, -8.4312,
-1.8769

■ 63.4605, 9.8981,
18.7810

■ 91.2525, -11.8251,
-5.4477

■ 59.4621, 14.5436,
21.7838

■ 95.6481, -18.6469,
-0.0337

■ 55.7111, 19.5464,
24.2575

■ 96.0705, -19.2879,
0.4733

■ 52.2372, 24.8862,
26.1221

■ 49.0727, 30.5076,
27.3017

■ 46.2499, 36.3062,
27.7422

■ 43.7969, 42.1119,
27.4564

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.6855, -0.5674, 5.9205



76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986



76.6855, -3.9562, 7.8442

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.6855, -1.9849, 7.2998



76.6855, -8.0133, 4.3069



76.6855, -2.2292, 0.7725

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986



77.0652, -6.0656, 0.9721

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.6855, -4.2354, 0.3134



76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986



76.6855, -7.5617, 2.3858

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.6855, -1.9849, 7.2998



76.6855, -7.4244, 6.1448



76.6855, -6.1842, 0.9112



76.6855, -0.7095, 2.1499

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



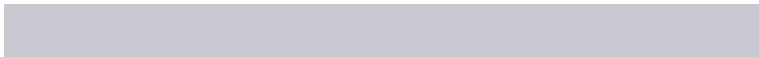
76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986



76.6855, -5.3143, 7.6714



76.6855, -6.1842, 0.9112



76.6855, -2.8697, 0.5041

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.6855, -1.9849, 7.2998



98.7941, -4.4914, 6.5692



75.4658, 2.0988, 1.6065



45.7342, -2.0974, 3.0133

0.0000, NaN, NaN



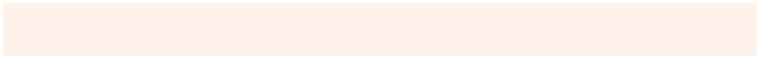
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.6855, -1.9849, 7.2998



95.2232, -1.8730, 9.8937



78.7868, -5.4876, 9.5979



35.3410, -0.4817, 3.9651



34.0667, 33.8400, 21.5842



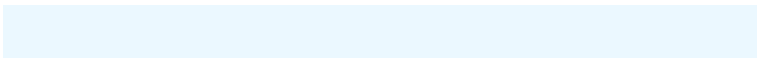
8.9290, 5.7940, 5.6035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.0652, -6.0656, 0.9721



95.7967, -8.0378, 0.3346



74.9563, -2.5686, -1.5720



35.5901, -3.1599, -0.1876



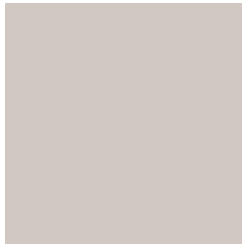
36.8712, -4.1352, -37.1592



9.5246, -2.2189, -7.1150

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

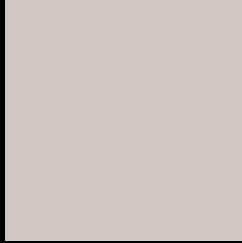
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

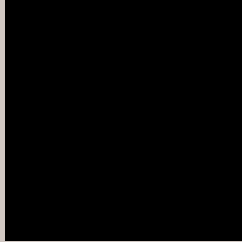
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

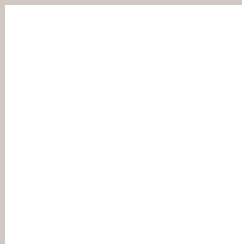
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986.

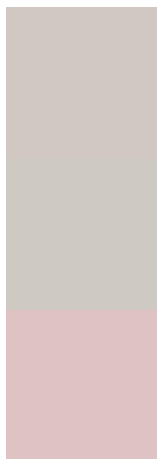


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.6838, -1.9829,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986

Protanopia

76.7977, -3.1454, 7.4076

Deuteranopia

76.6183, 5.4928, 6.8948



Tritanopia

76.6379, 3.6005, -1.4142

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986

Protanomaly

76.8917, -2.8197, 7.5200

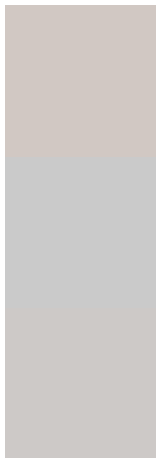
Deuteranomaly

76.6964, 2.7310, 6.9357

Tritanomaly

76.6115, 1.5289, 2.0442

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986

Achromatopsia

76.8517, -4.1006, 4.1755

Achromatomaly

76.7307, -3.1387, 5.4748

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 200, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 200, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 200, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 200, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 200, 195) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 200, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 200, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 200, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 200, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 200,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.6838, -1.9829, 7.2986 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 200, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
200, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor