

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.6571, -48.9650,  
38.2117)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(76.6571, -48.9650,  
38.2117) contains.

<b>HunterLab(76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(76.4919,  
-48.8793, 38.0700)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76E15E
RGB	118, 225, 94
RGB Percent	46%, 88%, 37%
CMY	0.5373, 0.1176, 0.6314
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.58, 0.12
HSL	109°, 69%, 63%
HSV	109°, 58%, 88%
XYZ	36.4168, 58.5101, 19.9639
YIQ	178.0730, -21.7210, -63.4250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

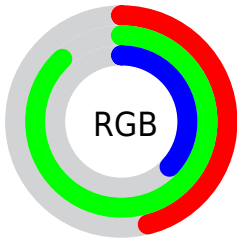
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	94, 225, 201
Decimal	7790942
CIELab	81.02, -55.04, 53.66
CIELCh	81, 76.869, 135.730
Yxy	58.5126, 0.3170, 0.5093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285981022 (0xFF76E15E)
YUV	178.0730, -41.4480, -52.6840
Hunter-Lab	76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700

# Details

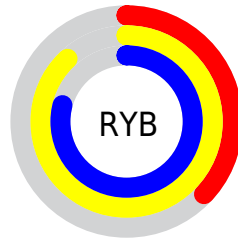
The HunterLab color **76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **50.8539, 57.3181, -50.7154**, and the grayscale version is **66.9291, -3.5712, 3.6364**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.1072, -43.3792, 37.1478**, and **54.1878, -41.5134, 30.5633** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.4997, -53.4098, 40.8393**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7120, -43.3758, 34.4026**.

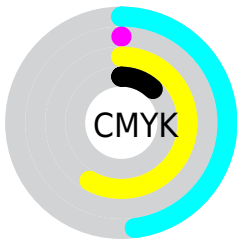
# Distribution



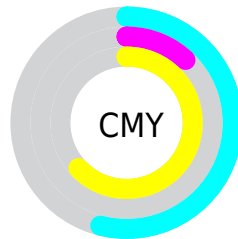
- Red (46%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 76.4919, -48.8793,  
38.0700

 76.4919, -48.8793,  
38.0700


204.7177,  
-77.3330, 66.7491


 64.9776, -45.2284,  
34.3650


 101.3257,  
-55.7721, 45.0547


 54.1057, -41.3961,  
30.4812


 114.5872,  
-59.0566, 48.3758

 43.9186, -37.3370,  
26.3853


 128.3816,  
-62.2555, 51.6047

 34.4657, -32.9850,  
22.0407

 142.6891,  
-65.3815, 54.7544

 25.8094, -28.2419,  
18.0666

157.4917,  
-68.4445, 57.8355

 18.0310, -22.9547,  
12.6217

172.7735,

 11.2438, -19.6766,

-71.4530, 60.8567

7.8706

188.5200,  
-74.4139, 63.8258

■ 3.3652, -5.8891,  
2.3556

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.4919, -48.8793,  
38.0700

■ 76.4919, -48.8793,  
38.0700

■ 75.4997, -53.4098,  
40.8393

■ 77.7120, -43.3758,  
34.4026

■ 74.7226, -56.9614,  
42.7406


■ 79.1591, -36.9246,  
29.8346


■ 74.1498, -59.5663,  
43.8428


■ 80.8355, -29.5776,  
24.3898

■ 73.7617, -61.3048,  
44.2860


■ 82.7388, -21.4019,  
18.1107

 73.7080, -61.5454,  
44.3411

 84.8645, -12.4745,  
11.0536

 87.2061, -2.8779,  
3.2834

 89.7557, 7.3048,  
-5.1304

 90.7374, 10.8157,  
-5.7176

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.4935, -22.5365, 44.9802



76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700



76.4935, -61.8196, 19.1146

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.4935, -48.8806, 38.0705



76.4935, -20.9376, -95.5556



76.4935, 77.7032, 20.4162

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700



50.8539, 57.3181, -50.7154

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.4935, 78.3580, -14.5882



76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700



76.4935, 16.2990, -94.6191

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.4935, -48.8806, 38.0705



76.4935, -47.9040, -62.3824



76.4935, 54.1988, -60.2279



76.4935, 52.5514, 38.6298



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700



76.4935, -63.0622, -2.9502



76.4935, 54.1988, -60.2279



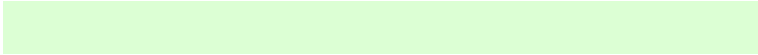
76.4935, 80.9366, 10.6540

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.4935, -48.8806, 38.0705



95.6074, -23.5698, 20.0167



76.5402, -8.1117, 38.8179



44.0147, -11.8290, 9.9817

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.4935, -48.8806, 38.0705



86.7828, -62.5756, 47.6458



76.1549, -49.0066, 28.0824



39.3159, -6.3220, 5.5564



55.9838, -46.5794, 33.6815



14.8599, -11.7519, 8.9509



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.8539, 57.3181, -50.7154



52.9486, 78.8869, -71.9308



52.3975, 57.0296, -17.7296



37.1511, 2.4240, -1.6226



30.0611, 61.9011, -61.3531



8.1227, 16.5835, -15.4728



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700.



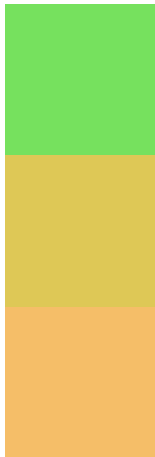
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700.

-48.8793, 38.0700.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700

### Protanopia

75.8354, -9.2367, 39.6844

### Deuteranopia

75.6564, 5.7847, 36.4568



## Tritanopia

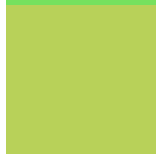
76.2360, -19.1533, -10.4425

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700



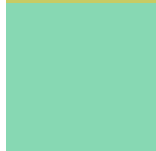
## Protanomaly

75.1748, -26.1990, 38.4096



## Deuteranomaly

74.6820, -17.8569, 36.1344



## Tritanomaly

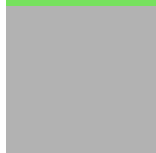
75.8402, -32.2572, 12.8266

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700



## Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252



## Achromatomaly

69.4296, -22.5412, 18.8151

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 225, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 225, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 225, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 225, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 225, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 225, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 225, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 225, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 225, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 225,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.4919, -48.8793, 38.0700 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 225, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
225, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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