

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(76.7284, 25.8313,  
-0.1981)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(76.7284, 25.8313,  
-0.1981) contains.

<b>HunterLab(76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(76.7495, 25.5988,  
-0.3770)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCB6D4
RGB	252, 182, 212
RGB Percent	99%, 71%, 83%
CMY	0.0118, 0.2863, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.16, 0.01
HSL	334°, 92%, 85%
HSV	334°, 28%, 99%
XYZ	68.7566, 58.9049, 70.0333
YIQ	206.3500, 32.0900, 24.1700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

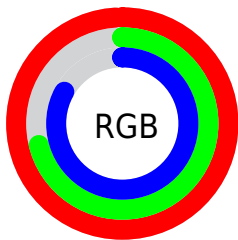
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	252, 182, 212
Decimal	16561876
CIE Lab	81.24, 29.71, -4.99
CIE LCh	81, 30.122, 350.472
Yxy	58.9076, 0.3478, 0.2980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294751956 (0xFFFCB6D4)
YUV	206.3500, 2.7855, 40.0351
Hunter-Lab	76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770

# Details

The HunterLab color  $76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $92.1094, -30.7910, 11.7320$ , and the grayscale version is  $78.6928, -4.1989, 4.2755$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $94.6726, 3.7575, -0.8467$ , and  $54.1683, 24.0109, -1.1158$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $69.8590, 36.9743, -1.4443$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84.2225, 14.3001, 1.2923$ .

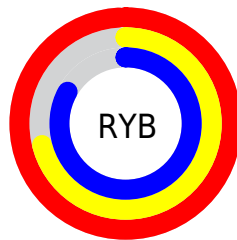
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (71%)

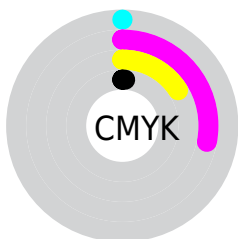
Blue (83%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (83%)

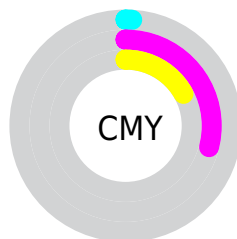


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76.7495, 25.5988,  
-0.3770

76.7495, 25.5988,  
-0.3770

205.0754, 28.8973,  
4.9336

65.2217, 24.8672,  
-0.7772

101.6087, 26.7960,  
0.5563

54.3354, 24.0409,  
-1.1315

114.8821, 27.2813,  
1.0809

44.1328, 23.1063,  
-1.4340

128.6879, 27.6979,  
1.6418

34.6634, 22.0511,  
-1.6790

143.0063, 28.0506,  
2.2372

25.9889, 20.8618,  
-1.8589

157.8195, 28.3434,  
2.8653

18.1903, 19.5288,  
-1.9634


173.1116, 28.5801,

11.3800, 18.0663,


3.5249


-1.9774


188.8680, 28.7638,  
4.2147


 3.7062, 34.7322,  
-5.3747


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 76.7495, 25.5988,  
-0.3770


 76.7495, 25.5988,  
-0.3770


 69.8590, 36.9743,  
-1.4443


 84.2225, 14.3001,  
1.2923

 63.6543, 48.1959,  
-1.7623

 92.1830, 3.2015,  
3.4332

 58.2619, 58.8384,  
-1.1667

 99.7174, -6.3201,  
5.0829

 53.8121, 68.2631,  
0.4785

■ 50.4161, 75.6738,  
3.2147

■ 48.1263, 80.3468,  
6.9128

■ 46.8714, 82.0592,  
11.2240

■ 46.6670, 82.2383,  
12.1741

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.7513, 18.7771, -14.8369



76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770



76.7513, 24.0120, 12.9437

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.7513, 25.5960, -0.3755



76.7513, -13.6736, 25.2222



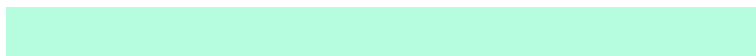
76.7513, -21.1623, -19.4074

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770



92.1094, -30.7910, 11.7320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.7513, -28.6692, -5.7620



76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770



76.7513, -24.5752, 19.3054

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.7513, 25.5960, -0.3755



76.7513, 0.6030, 26.1244



76.7513, -29.8702, 8.4681



76.7513, -8.6912, -27.1021



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770



76.7513, 18.4459, 19.5692



76.7513, -29.8702, 8.4681



76.7513, -24.3095, -15.2566

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.7513, 25.5960, -0.3755



93.2414, 3.5003, 3.4253



74.8093, 22.5634, -26.4986



42.5633, 2.3963, 1.4220

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.7513, 25.5960, -0.3755



74.0472, 31.9926, -1.0336



77.1201, 18.4734, 13.8179



41.6518, 2.3349, 1.3933



33.7232, 59.5075, 8.1824



10.3637, 18.4775, 1.0424



# Inverse Universe

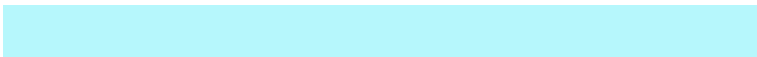
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.7513, 25.5960, -0.3755



74.0472, 31.9926, -1.0336



91.4880, -23.0861, -3.7139



41.6518, 2.3349, 1.3933



33.7232, 59.5075, 8.1824

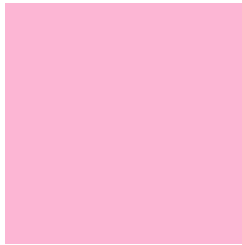


10.3637, 18.4775, 1.0424



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770.

-0.3770.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770

### Protanopia

77.0047, -0.5567, -6.8577

### Deuteranopia

76.8041, 5.4149, 0.8550



## Tritanopia

76.6043, 21.4988, 6.2290

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770



## Protanomaly

76.5874, 8.4308, -5.0773



## Deuteranomaly

76.6406, 12.3691, 0.2729



## Tritanomaly

76.6081, 23.2058, 3.8843

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770



## Achromatopsia

78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684



## Achromatomaly

77.5723, 6.4159, 2.3016

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 182, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 182, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 182, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 182, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 182, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 182, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 182, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 182, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 182, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 182,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 76.7495, 25.5988, -0.3770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 182, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
182, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor